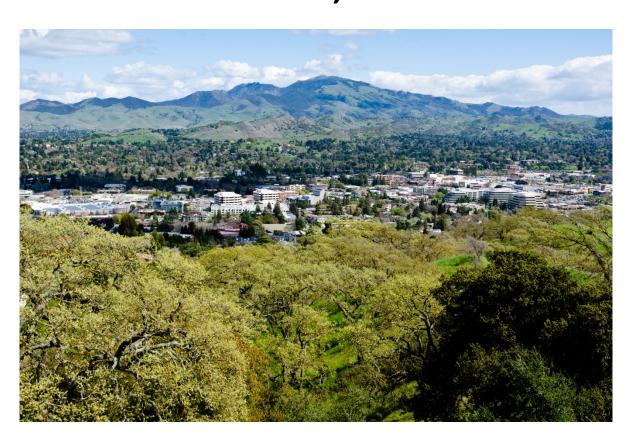
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



City of Walnut Creek, California



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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

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December 7, 2015

Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of Walnut Creek:

We are pleased to present the City of Walnut Creek (City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This CAFR provides citizens, businesses, property owners, investors and all interested parties with an overview of the City's finances. The information in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and includes an unmodified opinion on the report by the City's independent certified public accountants. Although we rely on the standards and expertise of these



external authorities, the responsibility for the accuracy and fairness of this report ultimately rests with the City.

For readers interested in a more detailed review of the City's financial statements, a section in the CAFR called the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) has also been included. The MD&A reports on the financial highlights of the City and provides additional analysis on the variances and trends reported as part of the financial statements. The MD&A also discloses significant items affecting the financial condition of the City and is designed to be read in conjunction with this Letter of Transmittal.

CITY PROFILE

The City of Walnut Creek was incorporated in 1914 and is located in Contra Costa County, a growing region in the eastern portion of the San Francisco Bay Area. The City has a permanent staff of 358.5 City employees and serves approximately 67,700 residents in a land area of 19.45 square miles. The City continues to show strength as a major employer, a successful retail and entertainment hub, and a safe community with attractive residential neighborhoods.

The City operates utilizing the Council-Manager form of government. Five at-large Council Members are elected to staggered four-year terms to govern the City. The City Treasurer is also elected to a four-year term. The Mayor and Mayor Pro Tem are elected by the Council each year from their membership and serve one-year terms. The City Council is responsible for adopting City ordinances, resolutions, the annual budget, appointing commissions and committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney among other key duties. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the Council's policies, ordinances and directives, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the directors of the City's departments. City areas of responsibility are:

- Administrative Services includes Finance, Budget, Accounting, and Information Technology;
- Arts, Recreation and Community Services includes Aquatics, Recreation Classes and Senior Services, Facility Rentals, Sports and Camps, the Lesher Center, Center Repertory Company, the Bedford Gallery, Public Art and Boundary Oak Golf Course;
- **Community and Economic Development** includes Building, Code Enforcement, Planning, Housing, Transportation Planning, and Economic Development;
- **General Government** includes City Council, City Treasurer, City Manager's Office, Community Outreach, and Emergency Preparedness), City Clerk's Office, City Attorney's Office; Risk Management; and Parking Garage Management;
- **Human Resources** includes the human resource function, including establishment of policies and procedures and employee relations;

- **Public Safety** includes all Police functions, comprising of Training, Communications, Patrol, Investigations, Community Policing, Animal Control, School Service Officers and Parking and Traffic Enforcement:
- **Public Works** includes Engineering, Maintenance (encompasses buildings, parks, streets, and vehicles), Transportation Operations and Planning, Open Space Management, and the Clean Water Program.

The City also oversees enterprise funds associated with Boundary Oak Golf Course and the Downtown Parking and Enhancement Fund, both of which have been incorporated into the CAFR. The City does not provide fire services, water or sewer utilities; these services are provided by separate special districts. Library services are provided by Contra Costa County.

The City of Walnut Creek is located at the intersection of Highways 680 and 24, approximately 25 miles east of San Francisco. The City has a range of housing types available to meet the needs of workers employed by various businesses and agencies throughout the region. Walnut Creek's large retail base serves local residents as well as those in surrounding communities. The largest employment sectors include: **medical services** including John Muir Medical Center, Kaiser Permanente Medical Center, and Children's Hospital Specialty Care; **retailers** such as Neiman-Marcus, Nordstrom, Macy's, Apple, Tiffany and Company, Safeway, and Target; **auto sales and maintenance** such as Honda, Toyota, Mercedes-Benz, Ford, Volkswagen, Cadillac, Chrysler / Jeep, Porsche, Maserati, Subaru, Nissan, Volvo and Jaguar / Land Rover, Tesla; and **restaurants** including Cheesecake Factory, Scotts Seafood Grill, P.F. Chang's, and Ruth's Chris Steak House.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Walnut Creek has experienced continued growth in its major tax revenues and has augmented that growth with increases in revenues from direct services. Tax revenues have rebounded in the aggregate and continue to exceed pre-recession levels on a non-inflation adjusted basis. Unemployment continues to improve and has declined from 4% in August 2014 to 3.4% in August 2015. This remains below the California State average of 6.1%.

For fiscal year 2014-15, the City generated a surplus of \$8.6 million (revenues exceeded expenditures, after transfers) in the General Fund explained as follows:

- \$1.3 million is set aside to pay for approved capital projects expenditures that will occur beyond the end of the 2014-2015 fiscal year, and
- o a combination of increased revenues including sales tax, property tax, and departmental revenues netted against increases in expenditures;

Two unique transactions occurred during the year.

- \$2.5 million coming from the sales of a public parking lot, resulting in the development of this gateway corner into a multi-tenant restaurant and retail and retail facility, and
- \$1 million coming from a development agreement between the City and the Macerich, the owners of Broadway Plaza, our major retail mall;

This increase in fund balance will be used to address encumbrances, required additions to reserve balances, including funds set aside by the Council for one-time projects. The remainder of the balance will be available for future allocation by the City Council for one time purposes in accordance with City policy.

The development of Broadway Plaza, a \$250 million redevelopment project, will add 300,000 sq. ft. of retail space to the downtown area. Despite disruption from construction activities, the downtown corridor has performed very well experiencing increases in sales tax. These gains were led by increases in auto sales and revenues from dining establishments.

The City continues to maintain a balanced budget for fiscal year 2015-16 and maintain adequate reserves for the General Fund through a combination of measures, including the following:

- Continued focus on cost recovery from Department operations, tied to various related fees;
- Control over expenditures and direct focus of resources in areas with the highest demand for services; and
- Continued strong economic activity that is improving sales and property taxes and generating increased Department revenues in the short term.

Revenues have stabilized and increased from prior pre-recession levels. This was led by increases in department revenues from fees for direct services and continued improvements in both pre-recession sales and property taxes. Meanwhile, expenditure pressures to maintain existing services are continuing. This pressure exists for primarily three reasons. First, increases in employee benefit costs are expected to rise for the existing retirement and health care systems provided as part of overall compensation strategies to attract and retain high performing individuals top serve our community. Second, management notes that a large portion of department revenues is due to high levels of economic activity, which are unpredictable in the future. Third, and more financially significant, is the lack of sufficient funding for infrastructure (e.g. storm drains, parks, streets, sidewalks, open space, facility replacement), identified in the City's 10 year Capital Improvement Program. The City has delayed or deferred many of these projects due to lack of adequate funding.

In summary, while the City has seen significant improvement and stabilization of revenue sources, challenges continue for the City to achieve balanced budgets while addressing capital infrastructure needs. Critical decisions regarding allocation of resources will be required for the foreseeable future.

GENERAL FUND LONG-TERM FINANCIAL FORECAST

Each year, City staff updates the General Fund Long Term Financial Forecast (LTFF) for the General Fund, which covers a total of five 2-year budget cycles for review and adoption by the City Council. With the volatility of economic drivers (e.g. employment), revenues and continually increasing costs, the LTFF helps to plan for the future by providing an understanding of available funding, evaluating financial risk, and identifying future commitments and resource demands.

The latest LTFF was approved by the City Council in June 2015. It reflects the Council's commitment to a proactive approach to maintain the City's fiscal sustainability. Revenue projections in the latest LTFF adopted by the Council are conservative and based on past performance, economic cycles, new development projects under construction, and guidance from consultants hired by the City. The LTFF is constructed to measure available, ongoing resources that are projected to be used to pay for ongoing services and capital budgeting requirements. Being a service organization, staffing costs represent approximately 63% of the City budget. Expenditure projections reflect cost increases for salaries and health benefits, take into consideration changes to California Public Employees Retirement (CalPERS) assumptions, and include additional allotments to capital programs. Based on these conservative assumptions, the LTFF shows projected revenues will be sufficient to meet operating needs but insufficient to meet both operating needs and infrastructure funding needs.

Past annual operating budgets have reflected the City's prudent reserve policies. The City Council adopted in June 2011, modified in June 2012 and most recently in June 2014 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. With this action, the Council established new classifications of Fund Balances and revised some of the existing fund balance policies. The current Fund Balance Policies include the following:

Committed Fund Balance	Funding Policy
Catastrophic Emergency	To be used in the event of actual or threatened existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the City caused by such conditions as fire, flood, storm, epidemic, riot, earthquake, nuclear disaster, tornado, or terrorism. Minimum set at 10% of annual General Fund budgeted operating expenditures.
Compensated Absences	To fund payouts of accumulated leave due to separation from City employment. Policy is to set an amount equal to the projected one-year liability based on the

	previous year's experience.
Dental Claims	To fund dental self-insurance program claims. Policy is to set an amount equal to six months of budgeted dental expenses.
Fiscal Emergency	To cover declines of more than 5% of property tax, sales tax or departmental revenue or increases of more than 10% in PERS, medical costs, utility (electricity, gas and water), or fuel expenses. Policy is to set aside 5% of the annual General Fund revenue budgets referenced above and 5% of the annual General Fund expenditure budgets for PERS and medical costs.
Legal Claims	To fund claims awarded against the City. Policy is to fund the higher of the City's five-year claim history or \$3 million.
PERS Liability	Set aside funds for PERS costs either to pay down future liabilities or smooth large increases anticipated for the next budget cycle.
Radio Communication	Set aside funds for the City's upcoming purchase of radios for police and public services staff and investment in infrastructure needed to facilitate emergency response and communication on a regional basis. Most of these funds were used in fiscal year 2012-13 to fulfill the City's capital obligations as part of a two county joint powers authority who completed the acquisition and installing of an interoperable radio communication system
Workers' Compensation	To pay workers' compensation awards. Policy is to fund the higher of: a) twice the annual expenses paid out over the previous five years or b) \$2 million.

The City Council adopted a *Use of One-Time Revenues and General Fund Surpluses* policy in June 2012. The purpose of this Policy is to establish a formal process by which one-time revenues and General Fund budget surpluses are to be allocated and used for funding one-time needs in support of overall City goals and priorities. Implementation of this policy included surpluses from the fiscal years 2012 and 2013 totaling \$2.7 million being directed toward one time technology and infrastructure projects. Under this policy, surpluses from fiscal year 2015 will similarly be treated as one-time in nature.

The City also has eight internal service funds established to provide funding necessary for replacement equipment and repairs to our facilities in the future.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND PROJECTS ACCOMPLISHED DURING 2014-15

Walnut Creek is an active and vibrant community, with a municipal government that is proactive and prepared to respond to changing community needs. Many projects have been accomplished through collaboration among the City and other agencies, private groups, and individuals. Through these creative partnerships, the City is able to provide its citizens with services and amenities beyond those available in other communities.

As part of the budget preparation process, the City Council sets goals for a two-year period and evaluates the progress made on the goals established on an ongoing basis. The following section highlights some of the most significant accomplishments in fiscal year 2014-15:

- The Arts Recreation and Community Services (ARCS) Department completed several large projects including implementation of a new hourly rate system for sports field rentals, negotiation of a new, multi-year contract with the City's tennis concessionaire, restructuring of Civic Arts Education, replacement of the seating in the Lesher Center's Hofmann Theatre, and selection of and implementation planning for a new Lesher Center ticketing system. The ARCS Department also collaborated with Public Works Engineering to initiate the reconstruction of Larkey Swim Center and to oversee the completion of the first two major Boundary Oak Golf Course Clubhouse improvement projects.
- The Economic Development Division of the Community and Economic Development Department (CED) along with the Transportation Planning Division worked with the Shadelands Business Park PBID Board and CCTA to bring a free express shuttle (fare box recovery paid for out of the BID assessments) to and from the Shadelands Business Park to the Pleasant Hill BART station. The Transportation Planning Division also worked with CCTA to make the Route 7 bus (from the Walnut Creek BART station to the downtown Creekside multi-family residential neighborhood) free utilizing Measure J funds for fare box recovery. Ridership on both bus routes have increased significantly.

- The Building and Planning Divisions in CED plan checked, issued permits and provided building inspections for a multitude of new development projects including 26 new tenants in Broadway Plaza (14 of which will be open before the end of the year), 4 tenants in the 1500 Mt. Diablo retail and restaurant project, 2 of which will be open before the end of the year), approximately 1400 multi-family residential units in the downtown area in 9 different development projects, 4 of which are completed and are either fully or significantly leased up. In addition building permits have been issued and construction is underway on a long vacant and underutilized 25 acre site at the eastern gateway entrance into the City (northwest corner of Ygnacio Valley Road and Oak Grove Road) with a 192,000 sf of retail (including a 55,000 sf Safeway, and two other junior retail anchors), restaurants and a health club, a 75,000 sf senior housing project and 2.9 acres of gathering areas and dedicated open space.
- The Housing Division, in concert with the Planning Division of CED oversaw the successful construction
 and completion of two affordable housing projects an 11 unit for sale townhome project developed by
 Habitat for Humanity located in close proximity to the Walnut Creek BART station and a 43 unit apartment
 project for low-income families and adults with developmental disabilities developed by Satellite Housing
 in the northwest area of the City.
- The Human Resources Department completed contract negotiations securing three year employment contracts with the Police Officer Association, Police Management Association and the Civilian Police Unit. The Department created and launched a comprehensive employee engagement program (CARE) and continued implementation of the Affordable Care Act provisions and California's new sick leave law AB 1522.
- The Police Department implemented a Crime Reduction Model (CRM) to utilize crime statistics and other information to help direct policing efforts to the areas of greatest needs. This model is based on identifying crime patterns in geographic areas and focusing on specific individuals that repeatedly commit crimes in our City. The newly formed Special Enforcement Team (SET), comprised of three officers and a sergeant, uses this information to help arrest criminals, address quality of life issues and solve ongoing neighborhood problems. SET Officers also partnered with various stakeholders in the community and formed a collaborative approach to not just lower crime, but to prevent problems from reoccurring.
- The Police Department joined the Contra Costa County Anti-Violence Support Effort (CASE). CASE was formed as a multi-agency task force to impact violent crime involving the possession, sale and use of firearms in Contra Costa County. The task force is managed by the State of California Department of Justice and the Contra Costa County Sheriff's Office. The Department joined the task force in July of 2014 and assigned one detective to the task force. The CASE Task Force focuses on the following three goals: 1) Reduce the occurrence of firearm related crimes, 2) Identify and apprehend persons prohibited from possessing firearms, and 3) Assist participating law enforcement agencies as well as other county law enforcement agencies with specific firearms/violent crime related investigations within their jurisdiction.
- The Police Department also formed the Regional Traffic Team to work with law enforcement partners in the region to address crime concerns, pool resources and share information. This team is comprised of officers from the City of Walnut Creek, Martinez, San Ramon and the City of Pleasant Hill. The four agencies work together to reduce traffic violations and investigate complex traffic accidents involving serious injuries and fatalities.
- The Public Works Department completed several significant capital and maintenance projects during
 fiscal year 2014-15: Geary Road Improvement in collaboration with the City of Pleasant Hill, Buena Vista
 School improvements, reconstruction of All Abilities Playground in Heather Farm Park, completed phase I
 and II of Boundary Oak Club House improvements, Gateway Monument Signs, Traffic Signal
 improvements at Bancroft/Pomar
- The Public Works Department implemented a comprehensive Drought Plan to meet the state mandate of 25% reduction of potable water and 40% reduction in outdoor irrigation. The Department also executed a Regional Renewable Energy Procurement agreement with other agencies which will provide funding to construct solar panels at Heather Farm Park and Boundary Oak Gold Course.
- Progress was made on several high priority City Council initiatives, including developing a draft West Downtown Specific Plan, Pedestrian Master Plan, approval of the City's Housing Element, and investments in sustaining our downtown area through a variety of program and project enhancements.

The City is embarking on replacing its central finance, budget, payroll and human resource system (ERP).
 The ERP replacement was funded by the Council as part of an allocation of one-time resources during the 2014-2016 budget process. The ERP replacement process is expected to continue through FY 2016 and into FY 2017.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

Note 1 in the Basic Financial Statements provides a detailed explanation of the City's significant accounting policies. In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding safeguarding of assets against loss, accuracy and reliability of accounting data, and adherence to prescribed policies. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control measure should not exceed benefits likely to be derived from it and that the evaluation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

The City adopts a budget biennially to be effective July 1 for the ensuing two-year period and includes annual

budgets for each of the two years. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and sources of financing. To assist in the development of the 2014-2016 Biennial Budget and to improve the City's fiscal health, the Council reviewed City services and confirmed programs that the City should continue to provide. The final step in the Council's Fiscal Sustainability Strategic Priority was for community engagement and outreach. Starting in January 2014, City staff presented a series of outreach meetings or "roadshows" to a total of thirteen community groups culminating with a report to Council in April 2014.



Capital projects are budgeted by the City over the term of the individual projects. The Capital Projects budget is derived from the City's 10-year Capital Improvement Program and is adopted on a basis substantially consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Expenditures are controlled at the fund level for all budgeted departments within the City. At this level, expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. Any significant amendments to the total level of appropriations for a fund or transfers between funds must be approved by the City Council.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a *certificate of Achievement of Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the City of Walnut Creek for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. A copy of this Award is included in this report. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A certificate of achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the certificate of achievement program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report could not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division. Special thanks are extended to Gita Mehirdel, Roselyn Taormina, Linda Wong, Anna Barnett, and Geoffrey Thomas for their assistance in preparing this report. This report is representative of Walnut Creek staff's ongoing commitment to provide excellent services to Walnut Creek citizens, businesses and visitors.

Credit and thank you also goes to the City Council and City Treasurer for their continued stewardship and commitment to ensuring the long-term fiscal health of Walnut Creek.

Respectfully submitted,

Ken Nordhoff

City Manager

Jeff Mohlenkamp

Administrative Services Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

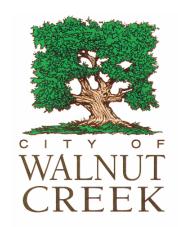
Presented to

City of Walnut Creek California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO



OUR MISSION

The City of Walnut Creek, working in partnership with the community, is committed to enhancing our quality of life by promoting:

- A positive environment where people live, work and play;
- A vibrant local economy to enhance and sustain long-term fiscal stability;
- A progressive workplace where dedicated employees make a difference.

OUR VISION

A balanced community meeting tomorrow's needs while protecting the quality and character we value today.

OUR VALUES

We accomplish our mission and realize our vision by living these values:

Respect • Integrity • Excellence • Teamwork • Creativity

WALNUT CREEK

City of Walnut Creek Organizational Chart

Citizens of Walnut Creek

City Council

City Treasurer

Oversight Board to the Successor Agency to the RDA

City Commissions

City Manager

City Attorney

City Departments

Administrative Services (Includes Finance, Business Licenses and Information Technology)

Arts, Recreation and Community Services (Includes Aquatics, Bedford Gallery, Civic Arts, Lesher Theater, Classes, Camps & Preschool, Social Services and Sports/Teens)

Community and Economic Development (Includes Building, Economic Development, Housing, Planning and Transportation Planning)

General Government

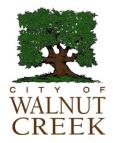
(Includes Public Information, Community Outreach, City Clerk, Garages and Risk Management)

Human Resources (Includes Personnel, Benefits and Recruitment)

Police

(Includes Services and Investigation Bureaus, Patrol and Operations Management)

Public Works (Includes Engineering, Maintenance Services, Parks and Open Space)



PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

June 30, 2015



Bob Simmons Mayor

Loella Haskew Mayor Pro Tem





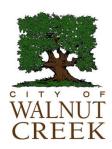
Justin Wedel Council Member

Cindy Silva Council Member





Rich Carlston Council Member



ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL

June 30, 2015



Ken Nordhoff City Manager



Steve Mattas City Attorney



Jeff Mohlenkamp Administrative Services Director



Kevin Safine Arts, Recreation and Community Services Director



Sandra Meyer Community and Economic Development Director



Fran Robustelli Human Resources Director

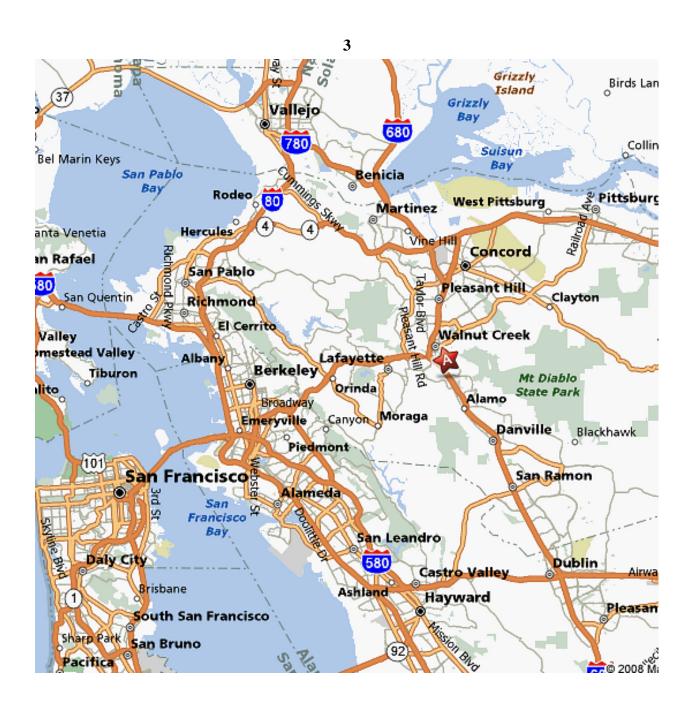


Thomas Chaplin Chief of Police



Heather Ballenger Public Works Director

Regional Map of Walnut Creek and Nearby Cities



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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Walnut Creek, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Walnut Creek, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Boundary Oak – Onsite Contract Operations Enterprise Fund (a major fund), which represents the following percentages of assets, net position, and revenues as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Opinion Units	Assets	Fund Balance	Revenues	
Business-Type Activities	3.7%	-0.1%	53.2%	
Boundary Oak - Onsite Contract Operations Fund	100%	100%	100%	
(Major Enterprise Fund)				

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Boundary Oak – Onsite Contract Operations Enterprise Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, effective July 1, 2014. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the City's 2014 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated December 5, 2014. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2015, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Varrinik, Trine, Day & Co. LLP Sacramento, California

December 7, 2015

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The management staff of the City of Walnut Creek (City), offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of City financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. It has been designed in accordance with standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Please read this overview in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements, which are comprised of three components:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements These statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and about the overall financial condition of the City. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position statements includes all assets, deferred outflow and liabilities, deferred inflows of the City using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.
- Fund Financial Statements These statements provide additional information about the City's
 major funds, how services were financed in the short term and fund balances available for
 financing future projects.
- **Notes to the Financial Statements** The notes provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information, including budgetary comparison information on the City's General Fund, which is intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of the year ended June 30, 2015 include the following:

Government-wide:

- The City's total net position was \$271.1 million at June 30, 2015, of which \$255.1 million was in Governmental Activities and \$16.0 million was in Business-type Activities. Of the total net position, \$242.5 million relates to the City's net investment in capital assets and is not available for future appropriation (see tables 1 and 4 for additional information)
- As described in the Note 17 to the financial statements, "Change in Accounting Principle/Restatement", the City has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 68 resulted in a restatement of the City's opening net position as of July 1, 2014 in the amount of \$85.5 million.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, Continued

- Total City revenues were \$116.6 million, of which \$49.0 million was derived from Governmental Activities, \$9.7 million was derived from Business-type Activities and \$57.9 million from General Revenues (see tables 2 and 5 for additional information).
- Total City expenses were \$96.5 million, of which Governmental Activities incurred \$86.5 million and Business-type Activities incurred \$10.0 million (see tables 2 and 5 for additional information)

Fund Level:

Governmental fund balances totaled \$85.3 million, the Enterprise funds had a \$15.9 million net position surplus, and there was a cumulative net position surplus of \$10.2 million in the Internal Service Funds, of which \$5.7 million relates to the City's Internal Service Funds net investment in capital assets.

- Proprietary Fund operating revenues were \$11.8 million in the Enterprise Funds and \$3.8 million in the Internal Service Funds.
- Proprietary Fund operating expenses were \$9.9 million in the Enterprise funds and \$1.9 million in the Internal Service Funds.
- Net non-operating revenues were approximately \$163,000 in the Enterprise Funds and net non-operating expenses were \$196,000 in the Internal Service Funds.



General Fund:

- General Fund revenues were \$82.6 million and expenditures were \$72.3 million.
- One time proceeds from sale of an asset was \$2.5 million, which is included in other financing sources
- Net transfers out of the General Fund were \$4.2 million.
- The fund balance of the General Fund was \$44.3 million at June 30, 2015, all of which has been classified in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54.

Housing Successor Agency Fund:

- Fund revenues were \$290,000 and expenditures were \$23,000.
- There were no transfers into or out of the Fund.
- The fund balance of the Fund was approximately \$626,000 at June 30, 2015; the total amount is classified as restricted for future low and moderate income housing programs and projects.

Housing Fund:

- Fund revenues were \$4.3 million and expenditures were \$3.2 million.
- Net transfers into the Fund were \$288,000.
- The fund balance of the Fund was \$5.8 million at June 30, 2015; the total amount is classified as restricted for affordable housing projects.

CDBG Fund:

- Fund revenues were \$148,000 and expenditures were \$203,000.
- There were no transfers into or out of the Fund.
- The fund balance of the Fund was \$55,000 at June 30, 2015 (Note 9).



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, Continued

Capital Investment Program Fund:

- Fund revenues were \$4.2 million and expenditures were \$10.5 million.
- Net transfers into the Fund were \$5.1 million.
- The fund balance of the Fund was \$2.2 million at June 30, 2015; the total amount is classified as restricted for capital projects.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

These *government-wide financial statements* provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole, and are comprised of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information about the financial position of the City on the full accrual basis, similar to that used in the private sector. It shows the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are among indicators used to assess whether the financial condition of the City is improving or deteriorating. It is also important to consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax values and sales tax outlets, and the condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e. parks and streets), to accurately assess the overall health of the City.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information about the City's revenues and all its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, and explains in detail the change in net position for the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include General Government, Public Safety (police), Community and Economic Development, Public Works and Arts, Recreation and community services. The business type activities of the City include the Golf Course and Downtown Parking and Enhancement.

In fiscal year 2015, the City adopted two new statements of financial accounting standard issued by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB):

- Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27
- Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68

Statement No. 68 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting, but not funding or budgetary standards, for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions provided to the employees of state



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and Required Supplementary Information requirements about pensions also are addressed. For defined benefit pensions plans, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute those present values to periods of employee service.

The adoption of Statement No. 68 had no impact on the City's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the amount of the actuarially determined contributions. The calculation of pension contributions is unaffected by the change. However, the adoption has resulted in the restatement of the City's July 1, 2014 beginning net position to reflect the reporting of the net pension liability and deferred outflows (inflows) of resources for its pension plan and the recognition of pension expense in accordance with the provision of the Statement. The prior year's net position as of July 1, 2014 was decreased by \$85.5 million to \$235.1 million from \$320.6 million, reflecting the cumulative retrospective effect of adoption. The components of this decrease include recording a net pension liability of \$91.9 million, deferred outflows of \$6.9 million, and deferred inflows adjustment of \$567,000 (Note 17).

Statement No. 71 amends Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability (December 31, 2013).

The following analysis focuses on net position and how it has changed, within the City's Governmental Activities (Tables 1, 2 and 3) and Business-Type Activities (Tables 4 and 5) as presented in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position.

Governmental Activities

As noted earlier, net position is representing the difference between total assets and total liabilities, of the City's governmental activities and may over time serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 255.1 at June 30, 2015. The table on the next page summarizes the City's net position.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Governmental Activities, Continued

Table 1
Governmental Statement of Net Position (In Millions)

	2015	2014		
Cash and investments	\$ 92.8	\$	79.7	
Other assets	31.8		27.1	
Capital assets	234.3		233.2	
Total assets	 358.9		340.0	
Deferred outflows of resources	 7.4			
Current liabilities	13.6		12.6	
Non-current liabilities	79.6		6.8	
Total liabilities	 93.2		19.4	
Deferred inflows of resources	 18.0	-		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	234.0		232.9	
Restricted	40.9		40.7	
Unrestricted	 (19.8)		47.0	
Total net position	\$ 255.1	\$	320.6	

Of the City's total net position, \$234.0 million, or 92%, reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment). The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The City's total liabilities of \$93.2 million represent outstanding obligations for operations, capital projects, deposits held for development projects and long-term debt. Also, the City of Walnut Creek implemented GASB Statement No. 68 this year. In accordance with GASB 68, the City recorded a net pension liability in the amount of \$73.4 million in fiscal year 2014-15, resulting a decrease in total net position. A restatement to record the effects of the new reporting guidance decreased beginning net position by \$85.5 million (Note 17). Per GASB 68 requirements, the City also reported deferred outflows of resource and deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$7.4 million and \$18 million respectively (Note 11). The deferred outflows (inflow) of resources represent amounts that will increase (decrease) pension expense in subsequent periods.

A portion (16%) of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

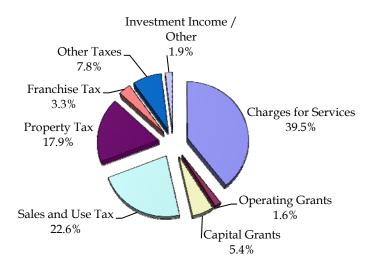
The charts on the next page summarize general City revenues available for funding all City programs and major expenditure program categories, as well as program revenues used to fund specific expenditure programs. For fiscal year 2014-15, total revenues from all sources relating to governmental activities excluding



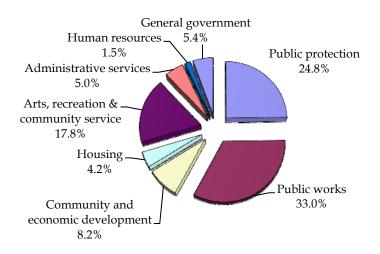
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

transfers were \$104.5 million and total expenditures for all City programs relating to governmental activities were \$86.5 million.

Sources of Revenues (excluding transfers to Business type activities) FY2014-15



Sources of Expenses (by Governmental activity) FY2014-15





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Table 2
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities
(In Millions)

Revenues		2015	2014	
Program revenues				
Charges for service	\$	42.6	\$	36.8
Operating contributions and grants Capital grants		1.7 4.7		0.9 1.8
Total program revenues		49.0		39.6
General revenues				
Taxes:				
Sales and use		23.7		22.4
Property		18.8		17.3
Franchise		3.4		3.3
Other taxes		8.2		8.2
Other		0.8		0.9
Investment income		0.6		0.6
Total general revenues		55.5		52.8
Total revenues		104.5		92.4
Expenses				
Public protection		21.6		22.9
Public Works		28.3		27.4
Community and economic development		6.9		6.3
Housing		3.7		2.2
Arts, recreation & community service		15.6		14.2
Administrative services		4.3		4.8
Human Resources		1.3		1.2
General government		4.8		4.7
Total expenses		86.5		83.5
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		18.0		8.9
Transfer of capital assets		-		(1.2)
Gain from sale of asset		2.4		-
Transfers		(0.4)		0.5
Change in net position - Governmental Activities		20.0	•	8.2
Net Position - Beginning of year, as restated		235.1		312.4
	_			_



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Governmental Activities, Continued

Table 2, presented on the prior page, shows that governmental expenses, which totaled \$86.5 million, were offset in part by program revenues for governmental activities of \$49.0 million. These program revenues included \$42.6 million in charges for services, \$1.7 million in operating grants and contributions, and \$4.7 million in capital grants and contributions. Charges for services include traffic safety fines, plan check fees, building inspection fees, other charges related to new construction, and fees charged for recreational, arts and cultural programs. Operating grants and contributions include amounts contributed by developers that are either restricted to grant requirements, or have been designated for



one-time expenses, while capital grants and contributions are required to go toward capital investments. General revenues, as shown in Table 2 on the previous page, are available to pay for expenses not fully covered by program generated revenues.

Table 3 presents the program revenues and net expense of each of the City's largest programs. Net expense is defined as total program cost less the revenues generated or contributions received by those specific activities.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue From Services
(In Millions)

	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue			
		2015		2014	2015		2014	
Public protection		2.8	\$	2.2	\$	(18.8)	\$	(20.7)
Public Works		14.9		11.9		(13.4)		(15.6)
Community and economic developme		9.3		6.8		2.3		0.6
Housing		8.8		5.9		5.0		3.7
Arts, recreation & community service		10.3		10.3		(5.3)		(3.9)
Administrative service		2.1		2.0		(2.3)		(3.9)
Human Resources		-		-		(1.3)		
General government		0.9		0.6		(3.9)		(4.1)
Totals	\$	49.0	\$	39.7	\$	(37.7)	\$	(43.9)

Business-type Activities

The net position of the City's business-type activities was \$16.0 million at June 30, 2015. Assets included a total of \$8.7 million in cash and investments, \$198,000 in receivables, \$11.9 million in capital assets and \$135,000 in other assets. Liabilities include \$3.3 million in long-term debt and \$1.2 million in current liabilities. Total revenues and transfers for business-type activities totaled \$11.8 million for fiscal year 2014-15 while expenses totaled \$10.0 million.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Business-type Activities, Continued

Table 4
Business -Type Statement of Net Position
(In Millions)

	2	2015	2014		
Cash and investments	\$	8.7	\$	3.7	
Other assets		0.3		0.4	
Capital assets		11.9		11.2	
Total assets		20.9		15.3	
Long-term debt outstanding		3.6		0.1	
Other liabilities		1.3		1.7	
Total liabilities		4.9		1.8	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		8.5		10.9	
Restricted		-		-	
Unrestricted		7.5		2.6	
Total net position	\$	16.0	\$	13.5	

Table 5 Change in Net Position - Business-type Activities (In Millions)

Revenues	2	015	2	014
Program revenues				
Charges for service	\$	9.7	\$	7.4
Total program revenues		9.7		7.4
General revenues				
Investment income and other		2.4		2.2
Total revenues		12.1		9.6
Expenses				
Golf Course and Clubhouse		4.6		5.2
Downtown Parking and Enhancement Fund		5.4		3.8
Total expenses		10.0		9.0
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		2.1		0.6
Transfer of capital assets		-		1.2
Transfers		0.4		(0.5)
Change in net position - Business-Type Activities		2.5		1.3
Net Position - Beginning of year		13.5		12.2
Net Position - end of year	\$	16.0	\$	13.5



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

These statements provide more detailed information about the City's major funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.



Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's or government agency's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City has twenty-four governmental funds, of which five are considered major funds for presentation purposes. Each major fund is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The City's five major funds are - the General Fund, the Housing Successor Agency Fund, the Housing Fund, the Community Development Block Grant Fund and the Capital Investment Program Fund. The City has classified these funds as major funds. Data from the other nineteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts a biennial appropriated budget for its General Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided in the Required Supplementary Information section for these funds that demonstrates compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains two types of proprietary funds, Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its operation of Boundary Oak Golf Course (City administration and onsite contract operations) and Downtown Parking and Enhancement, all of which are classified as major funds in the City's Statement of Net Position. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions and to build up reserves for future replacement of capital assets. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, computer systems, other furniture and equipment, improvements to City buildings and major roadway reconstruction.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Proprietary funds, Continued

Because these services solely benefit the governmental function, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. All eight internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplemental Information section of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The City is the agent for certain agencies and assessment districts, holding amounts collected which await payment as directed. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Agency Funds Statement of Assets and Liabilities. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City is acting as a trustee for these funds and cannot use these assets to finance its own operations. The City's fiduciary funds include a private-purpose trust fund to account for the activities of the City of Walnut Creek Successor Agency.

Summary Analysis of Governmental Funds

At June 30, 2015, the City's governmental fund balances were \$85.3 million, which is an increase of \$8.9 million, or 11.6%, above the prior fiscal year. The following describe the specifics related to this variance:

- An increase of \$8.6 million in the General Fund, explained as follows:
 - o \$1.3 million is set aside to pay for approved capital projects expenditures that will occur beyond the end of the 2014-2015 fiscal year, and
 - o a combination of increased revenues including sales tax, property tax, and departmental revenues netted against expenditures which came in below budget
- An increase of \$267,000 in the Housing Successor Agency Fund is attributed to the loan repayments made by the borrower;
- An increase of \$1.4 million in the Housing Fund is attributed to the receipt of additional commercial linkage fees and in-lieu housing fees;
- A decrease of \$1.2 million in the Capital Investment Program Fund funds is due to decrease of inflows representing receivables that failed to meet the 60 days period of availability test.
- An decrease of \$0.1 million in the City's non-major governmental funds, primarily due to increase
 in amounts transferred to the Capital Investment Program Fund from the Gas Tax Fund offset by
 increase in traffic impact mitigation fees and in-lieu park fees as well as new Measure J Cooperative
 Agreement 28C revenues.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Summary Analysis of Governmental Funds, Continued

Table 6
Statement of Revenues and Expenses - Governmental Funds
(In Millions)

Revenues	2015		2014	
Taxes:			' <u>-</u>	
Sales and use	\$	23.7	\$	22.4
Property		18.8		17.3
Business license		2.2		2.2
Franchise		3.4		3.3
Transient occupancy		2.0		1.8
Other taxes		2.3		2.2
Intergovernmental		7.9		4.7
Investment and rental income		1.4		1.5
Charges for services		23.7		20.9
Licenses, permits and fees		2.3		2.0
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		10.8		9.0
Other revenue		1.5		3.5
Total revenues	\$	100.0	\$	90.8
Expenditures				
Public protection	\$	23.6	\$	23.4
Public works		21.6		20.4
Community and economic development		7.3		6.4
Housing		3.7		2.2
Arts, recreation & community service		15.6		14.2
Administrative services		4.3		5.9
Human Resources		1.3		-
General government		5.4		4.0
Capital outlay		8.7		3.6
Debt service		_		-
Transfers (net)		(2.9)		(0.6)
Total expenditures	\$	88.6	\$	79.5



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Detailed Analysis of Major Governmental Funds by Fund

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. For the year ending June 30, 2015, the total fund balance was \$44.3 million, most of which is non-spendable or has been committed or assigned to cover contingencies, claims, encumbrances, advances to other funds and other City projects.

Revenues were \$7.6 million more in fiscal year 2014-15 compared to last fiscal year, a change of 10%. Expenditures increased \$4.9 million in fiscal year 2014-15 compared to last



fiscal year, a change of 7%. Significant changes in revenues and expenditures that affected the General Fund balances are discussed below:

General Fund Revenues

Sales and Use Taxes increased by \$767,000 million (4%) compared to the prior year resulting from improvement in the local economy, especially with regard to new car sales.

Property and All Other Taxes increased \$2.2 million (7%) from the prior year primarily due to increases in secured property taxes (\$1.2 million), transient occupancy tax and other revenues.

Intergovernmental revenues increased \$629,000 from fiscal year 2013-14 is primarily due to one-time \$585,000 mandated state cost reimbursements received for prior years.

Investment and rental income revenues decreased \$126,000 (11%) prior fiscal year due to the significantly less recognized gain on the market value of investments for current fiscal year. These losses will not have an impact since the City intends to hold the investments until maturity.

Charges for Services increased \$2.4 million (15%) from fiscal year 2013-14 mainly due to the increase in volume of development and construction projects for planning, engineering, and building review and processing.

Licenses, permits and fee revenues increased \$266,000 (13%) compared to the prior fiscal year due to the increase of the number of building, plumbing and electrical permits. The increase in revenue will coincide with an increase in contractual expenditures to help with the increased workload.

Fines, forfeitures, and penalties and other revenue increased \$1.9 million (22%) from the prior fiscal year due to increase in inter-departmental transfer charges for services, vehicle impact fees, and one-time revenue of \$1.0 million.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Detailed Analysis of Major Governmental Funds by Fund, Continued

General Fund Expenditures

Public protection expenditures increased \$248,000 (1%) from the prior year due to increased salary and benefits costs to meet authorized staffing levels.

Public works expenditures increased \$1.5 million (9%) compared to the prior year primarily due to increasing contractual services (\$134,000) such as custodial and other professional services, increases in product costs for building maintenance (\$213,000); and salary and benefit increases to meet authorized staffing levels

Community and economic development expenditures increased \$902,000 (16%) from fiscal year 2013-14. This increase is attributable to outside professional services costs and salary and benefit costs due to the extraordinary high volume of building permits and inspections in the fiscal year. A corresponding increase in revenues was also realized.

Arts, recreation and community services expenditures were \$1.3 million (10%) more than the prior year primarily due to the increases in salary and benefits, increase in utility and contractual costs pertaining to custodial services, and due to restructuring of the department. Additional fee revenues for arts and recreation programs offset these expenditure changes.

Administrative services expenditures increased \$565,000 (15%) compared to prior year primarily due to the increases in professional services (\$548,000), and IT equipment maintenance costs.

Human resources expenditures increased \$293,000 is due to increase in salary and benefits to meet authorized staffing levels in the department in fiscal year 2015. As a result of reorganization, human resources operations were moved to new Human Resources Department previously a division within the Administrative Services Department.

General government expenditures increased \$1.2 million (36%) primarily due to Risk Management program expenditures moved to General Government Department previously listed under Administrative Services Department, in FY 2013-14 and an increase of \$95,000 in liability insurance costs.

Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue

The Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue Fund was created by the City of Walnut Creek Housing Successor Agency to retain housing assets and perform housing functions of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek, which was eliminated effective February 1, 2012 by the State. As of June 30, 2015, its fund balance of \$626,000 is restricted for future housing projects and programs. The fund balance increased by \$267,000 primarily due to loan repayments received from two borrowers.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Detailed Analysis of Major Governmental Funds by Fund, Continued

Housing Special Revenue

The Housing Special Revenue Fund accounts for in lieu fees derived of local development projects. As of June 30, 2015, its fund balance of \$5.8 million is restricted for affordable housing projects. During the fiscal year, the fund balance increased by \$1.4 million due to the receipt of additional in lieu fees.

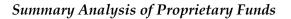
CDBG Special Revenue

The CDBG Special Revenue Fund accounts for the grants received to carry out a wide range of community development activities directed towards developing viable urban communities by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment and expanding economic opportunities for low and moderate income households. As of June 30, 2015, the CDBG fund has \$3.2 million in deferred inflow of resources – unavailable revenues for notes and loans.

Capital Investment Program

The Capital Investment Program Fund accounts for funds used for capital improvements and significant maintenance projects. As of June 30, 2015, its fund balance was \$2.2 million. This fund balance is typically restricted or assigned for use on current projects. The fund balance decreased by \$1.2 million in fiscal year 2014-15 due to delay in receipt of grant revenues. Some of the more significant capital and maintenance projects that were completed during fiscal year 2014-15 are listed below:

- Gateway Monument Signs
- Heather Farm Park Community Center exterior painting
- Penniman House exterior painting
- Shadelands Community Center Re-Roof
- All-Abilities Playground at Heather Farm Park
- Playground Equipment Replacement Various Parks
- Traffic Signal Improvements at Bancroft/Pomar and others
- 2014 Residential Overlay (Homestead Ave, Rudgear Road)
- 2014 Pavement Slurry (95 streets)
- Tennis Court Resurfacing at Larkey and Rudgear Parks
- Boundary Oak Golf Course Clubhouse Improvements Projects 1 & 2, Interior and Exterior Upgrades



As of June 30, 2015, the Enterprise Funds had a net position balance of \$16.0 million, representing a \$2.5 million (18%) increase, which is primarily related to the increase of parking meter rates and higher citation revenues due to increased staffing and additional enforcement hours.





FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Summary Analysis of Proprietary Funds, Continued

The net position balance of the Internal Service Funds is \$10.2 million, up \$3.6 million (55%) from the previous fiscal year, due to transfer in of one-time funds for the replacement of information technology equipment (\$2.2 million) and annual payment of \$1.4 million in the PERS Safety Side Fund Liability Internal Service Fund.

Table 7
Change in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds
(In Millions)

	Total Enterprise Funds			Total Internal Service Funds				
		2015		2014		2015		2014
Operating revenues	\$	11.8	\$	8.4	\$	3.7	\$	3.7
Operating expenses		9.9		8.9		1.9		1.8
Operating income (loss)		1.9		(0.5)		1.8		1.9
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		0.2		0.9		(0.2)		(0.3)
Net income (loss) before contributions					·	_		
and operating transfers		2.1		0.4		1.6		1.6
Capital contributions		0.0		1.4		0.1		0.2
Transfers in (out)		0.4		(0.5)		1.9		1.2
Change in net position	\$	2.5	\$	1.3	\$	3.6	\$	3.0

Boundary Oak City Administration and Contract Operations Enterprise Funds

These funds account for the administration and operation of the City's Boundary Oak Golf Course and Clubhouse. Of the total net position, \$0.1 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Downtown Parking and Enhancement Enterprise Fund

This fund accounts for the administration and operation of the downtown trolley, parking lot certifications, parking meters and enforcement, as well as, parking garages. The net position of this fund increased \$1.9 million at the end of fiscal year 2014-15, primarily attributable to the increase of parking meter rates and higher citation revenues due to increased staffing and additional enforcement hours. Of the total net position, \$8.3 million was a net investment in capital assets.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS OF THE CITY'S GENERAL FUND

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City's budget with adjustments for various revenue and expenditure changes. After taking into account these adjustments, General Fund actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$3.4 million (4%), which is primarily attributable to higher sales and property tax revenue than anticipated.

During fiscal year 2014-2015, the City conducted an unusually high level of recruitments, primarily tied to separations from retirements. 51 new hire appointments occurred, and while these positions were vacant, the



BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS OF THE CITY'S GENERAL FUND, Continued

City benefited from salary and benefit cost savings across numerous Departments. General Fund actual expenditures were \$4.3 million (6%) under the final budget, with significant savings in Community and Economic Development (\$1.0 million), Public Works (\$936,000), Arts, Recreation and Community Services (\$665,000), and Administrative Services (\$867,000). The savings in all of these departments are primarily related to salaries and benefits due to vacancy and reorganization of various departments' staffing structures to ensure we continue providing high quality services to our community.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

GASB 34 requires the City to record all of its capital assets, including infrastructure in the Statement of Net Position. Infrastructure includes roads, bridges, signals and similar assets used by the entire population. The City has recorded its capital assets at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. In addition, donated fixed assets have been valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

At June 30, 2015 the cost of infrastructure and other capital assets recorded on the City's financial statements is shown in Table 8 below:

Table 8
Capital Assets
(In Millions)

,	,	2015	2014
Governmental activities			
Land	\$	48.4	\$ 48.4
Construction in progress		12.3	5.6
Building and improvements		129.5	129.5
Machinery and equipment		8.2	7.5
Vehicles		8.7	7.9
Infrastructure		202.6	200.5
Less accumulated depreciation		(175.4)	 (166.2)
Totals	\$	234.3	\$ 233.2
Business-type activities			
Land	\$	1.3	\$ 1.3
Construction in progress		1.1	-
Buildings		15.6	15.6
Improvements		2.5	2.5
Machinery and equipment		3.8	3.5
Vehicles		0.5	0.5
Less accumulated depreciation		(12.9)	 (12.2)
Totals	\$	11.9	\$ 11.2

At June 30, 2015, the City had \$234.3 million, net of depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets used in governmental activities and \$11.9 million, also net of depreciation, invested in Business-type activities assets, as shown in Table 8 above. The increase in total capital assets in governmental activities is due to



CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG TERM DEBT, Continued

reconstruction of Geary Road (\$4.8 million) and Roadway Maintenance Project (\$3.9 million), and the increase in business-type activities is attributable to construction in progress (\$1.1 million).

The City depreciates all its capital assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of a capital asset over the years of its useful life so that an allocable portion of the cost of the asset is borne by all users. Additional information on capital assets may be found in Notes 1 and 6.

Long Term Debt

At June 30, 2015 the City's debt was comprised of the following:

Table 9 Outstanding Debt (In Millions)

	2	015	2	014
Governmental activities	•			
PG&E Energy Efficiency Loans	\$	0.3	\$	0.3
Total governmental activities debt		0.3		0.3
Business-type activities				
Capital Lease Obligation		3.3		0.3
Total business-type activities debt		3.3		0.3
Total debt	\$	3.6	\$	0.6

The City has made all required debt service payments on the issues listed above. As related to the governmental activities, the capital lease obligation represents a lease agreement for financing equipment at the parking garages. The PG&E Energy Efficiency loans were secured to finance an LED streetlight conversion project that was completed in fiscal year 2011-12 and LED conversion projects at City parking lots, garages, and public service yards, which were finished in fiscal year 2012-13. In the business-type activities, the capital lease obligations represent lease agreements for the financing of equipment at the golf course.

During fiscal year 2014-15, the City entered into a site and facility lease agreement with Pinnacle Lease Financing in the amount of \$3.2 million to finance improvements at the Boundary Oak Golf Course Clubhouse. Additional information on outstanding debt may be found in Note 7 to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Six years after the official end of the Great Recession, most of the City's tax based revenues are close to or exceeding their pre-recession peak. As the City looks ahead to fiscal year 2015-2016, management is encouraged by indicators that the local economy will remain vibrant. However, relatively strong growth in our regional economy is tempered by persistent uncertainty at the national and international level, along with an anticipated economic slowdown occurring over the next few years.



ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND MAJOR INITIATIVES, Continued

Walnut Creek, like many cities, relies heavily upon sales taxes and property taxes to finance general governmental activities with these two revenues accounting for 27% and 22% of general fund revenues respectively. In fiscal year 2014-15 the City experienced gains in these revenues with sales taxes increasing 4% and property taxes increasing 7%. The increase in these revenues is sensitive to consumer confidence, reflecting the strength of the local market. It is anticipated that the economy will grow during the upcoming year. Starting in FY 2012 and continuing through FY 2015, department revenues have grown significantly. This is due to increase in the fees charged for services (as set by City policy) and an increase in volume of services delivered due to economic activity (more construction activity and demand for City programs).

The nation has largely recovered, fueled by a resurgent housing market and consistent job growth. Overall, the national economy improved considerably, but there are many longer-term issues the nation must address, including funding changes to the national healthcare system, long-term underemployment and unemployment, infrastructure investment and resolving underfunded federal entitlements.

City Revenues and Expenses

While revenues have stabilized and increased from prior levels, expenditure pressures to maintain existing services are continuing. This pressure exists for primarily two reasons. First, increases in employee benefit costs are expected to rise for the existing retirement and health care systems provided as part of overall compensation strategies to attract and retain high performing individuals top serve our community. Second, and more financially significant, is the lack of sufficient funding for infrastructure (e.g. storm drains, parks, streets, sidewalks, open space), identified in the City's 10 year Capital Improvement Program. The City has historically only funded a portion of the identified projects. As a result, the backlog of infrastructure projects and needed investment has grown.

The City is able to achieve a balanced budget for fiscal year 2015-16 and maintain adequate reserves for the General Fund through a combination of measures, including the following:

- Growth in revenues, driven by economic growth resulting in increases in sales and property taxes;
- Using temporary and contract staff to assist fluid service needs;
- Targeted restructuring in staff positions and operating expenses;
- Service changes that yield savings and/or increased revenues; and
- Continued review of adjustments to fees for services to ensure charges more closely reflect the cost
 of providing services.

For the budget for fiscal years 2014-2016, City Council established Strategic Priorities goals including the following:

- Fiscal Sustainability
- A Strong Local Economy
- Community Health and Well-Being
- Inclusive Governance



City Revenues and Expenses, Continued

Major Capital Projects funded for fiscal years 2014-16 include work on the following projects:

- Boundary Oak Clubhouse Renovation
- Building Interior Maintenance
- Facility Site Maintenance
- Larkey Pool Renovation
- Storm Drain Repairs
- Trails and Pathways Maintenance
- Newell Avenue Improvements
- Crosswalk and Pedestrian Improvements
- LED Streetlight Conversion
- Walnut Boulevard One-Way Feasibility Study
- Ygnacio Valley Road at San Carlos Split Phasing Improvements

The primary funding sources for these projects includes, Gas Tax, Measure J, impact fees received from new development, and one-time grants, with limited General Fund contributions.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to the to the following address: City of Walnut Creek, Finance Division, 1666 North Main Street, Walnut Creek, California 94596.

A copy of this financial report is also located at the City's website at http://www.walnut-creek.org, by selecting "Budget" in the "Quick Links" section and then selecting "Other Financial Reports".



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Walnut Creek Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

	G	overnmental	Bu	isiness-Type	 То	tals	
		Activities		Activities	2015		2014
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	92,764,286	\$	8,688,089	\$ 101,452,375	\$	83,426,148
Receivables:		4 505 400		407.000	4 000 500		2 007 527
Accounts		1,705,693		197,889	1,903,582		3,007,527
Taxes		3,018,045		-	3,018,045		2,758,010
Due from other governments		4,439,701		7.664	4,439,701		2,364,461
Interest		136,839		7,664	 144,503		120,001
Total current assets		102,064,564		8,893,642	 110,958,206		91,676,147
Noncurrent assets:							
Notes and loans receivable (Note 3)		21,553,657			21,553,657		18,173,730
Inventory of materials and supplies		38,497		112,234	150,731		142,686
Internal balances		402,355		(402,355)	-		-
Prepaid items		251,337		14,978	266,315		224,411
Internal balances, long-term		274,544		-	274,544		274,544
Capital assets (Note 6):							
Nondepreciable		60,749,507		2,473,460	63,222,967		55,364,778
Depreciable		348,990,786		22,348,097	371,338,883		367,507,653
Accumulated depreciation		(175,412,672)		(12,961,607)	 (188,374,279)		(178,471,611)
Total capital assets		234,327,621		11,859,950	 246,187,571		244,400,820
Total noncurrent assets		256,848,011		11,584,807	268,432,818		263,216,191
Total assets		358,912,575		20,478,449	379,391,024		354,892,338
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outlows related to pensions		7,360,659		<u>-</u>	 7,360,659		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,360,659		-	7,360,659		-
LIABILITIES Common linkilities							
Current liabilities:		4 222 847		(47.240	4 071 104		2 (0) 527
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		4,223,846		647,348	4,871,194		3,696,537
Accrued payroll		1,127,344		38,236	1,165,580		1,049,029
Refundable deposits		1,027,963		266,951	1,294,914		1,078,678
Unearned revenue (Note 4)		5,816,148		-	5,816,148		6,200,160
Claims payable due in one year (Note 10)		1,186,095		125,963	1,186,095		1,337,016
Compensated absences due in one year (Note 8) Long-term debt due in one year (Note 7)		192,274 53,793		73,041	318,237 126,834		188,652 279,136
, , ,							
Total current liabilities		13,627,463		1,151,539	 14,779,002		13,829,208
Noncurrent liabilities:		2 710 740			0.510.560		2 200 524
Claims payable due in more than one year (Note 10)		2,719,760		-	2,719,760		3,280,734
Compensated absences due in more than		2 241 007			2 241 007		2 257 812
one year (Note 8)		3,241,087		-	3,241,087		3,357,813
Net pension liability (Note 11)		73,369,867		2 245 255	73,369,867		210.097
Long-term debt due in more than one year (Note 7)		255,052		3,345,355	 3,600,407		310,087
Total noncurrent liabilities		79,585,766		3,345,355	 82,931,121		6,948,634
Total liabilities		93,213,229		4,496,894	 97,710,123		20,777,842
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to pensions		17,997,484		-	17,997,484		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		17,997,484			 17,997,484		-
Toma deserted announce of resources		21,771,722			 		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		234,018,776		8,441,554	242,460,330		243,811,597
Restricted for:							
Capital projects		27,089,663		-	27,089,663		28,647,305
Community development		13,840,638			 13,840,638		12,030,883
m - 1		40,930,301			 40,930,301		40,678,188
Total restricted net position							
Unrestricted net position		(19,886,556)		7,540,001	(12,346,555)		49,624,711



City of Walnut Creek Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

						Program	Reven	ues	
					C	Operating		Capital	
			C	harges for	G	Frants and	C	Frants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		 Total
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
Public protection	\$	21,630,742	\$	1,762,226	\$	693,183	\$	368,253	\$ 2,823,662
Public works		28,340,373		10,645,252		30,774		4,221,642	14,897,668
Community development		6,902,178		8,458,675		776,000		-	9,234,675
Housing		3,700,789		8,696,509		-		-	8,696,509
Arts, recreation and community services		15,578,912		10,227,308		20,000		65,252	10,312,560
Administrative services		4,278,695		1,957,975		135,213		-	2,093,188
Human Resources		1,270,976		1,219					1,219
General government		4,794,183		854,610				-	 854,610
Total governmental activities		86,496,848		42,603,774		1,655,170		4,655,147	48,914,091
Business-type activities:									
Golf Course and Clubhouse		4,635,799		5,195,484		-		-	5,195,484
Downtown Parking and Enhancement Fund		5,348,651		4,499,655					 4,499,655
Total business-type activities		9,984,450		9,695,139		_		_	 9,695,139
Total primary government	\$	96,481,298	\$	52,298,913	\$	1,655,170	\$	4,655,147	\$ 58,609,230

General revenues:

Taxes:

Sales and use

Property

Franchise

Other taxes

Total taxes

Investment income

Other

Gain from sale of land

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year, as restated (Note 17)

Net position - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental	Business-Type	Tota	als
Activities	Activities	2015	2014
\$ (18,807,080)	\$ -	\$ (18,807,080)	\$ (20,683,246)
(13,442,705)	-	(13,442,705)	(15,565,136)
2,332,497	-	2,332,497	580,257
4,995,720	-	4,995,720	3,705,558
(5,266,352)	-	(5,266,352)	(3,931,246)
(2,185,507)	-	(2,185,507)	(3,948,738)
(1,269,757)	-	(1,269,757)	-
(3,939,573)		(3,939,573)	(4,112,278)
(37,582,757)	-	(37,582,757)	(43,954,829)
-	559,685	559,685	(407,392)
-	(848,996)	(848,996)	(1,198,073)
	(289,311)	(289,311)	(1,605,465)
(37,582,757)	(289,311)	(37,872,068)	(45,560,294)
23,743,363	-	23,743,363	22,417,088
18,843,569	-	18,843,569	17,322,166
3,425,481	-	3,425,481	3,344,495
8,203,061		8,203,061	8,232,453
54,215,474	-	54,215,474	51,316,202
586,567	260,403	846,970	1,519,961
761,831	2,119,183	2,881,014	2,172,663
2,401,420	-	2,401,420	-
(375,592)	375,592		52,468
57,589,700	2,755,178	60,344,878	55,061,294
20,006,943	2,465,867	22,472,810	9,501,000
235,055,578	13,515,688	248,571,266	324,613,496
\$ 255,062,521	\$ 15,981,555	\$ 271,044,076	\$ 334,114,496

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GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal year 2014-15

General Fund accounts for resources used to provide for general City operations

Special Revenue Fund:

Housing Successor Agency Fund was created by the City of Walnut Creek Housing Successor Agency to retain housing assets and perform housing functions of the former Redevelopment Agency for the low and moderate income housing program

Housing - accounts for in lieu fees and other restricted funds to be used for affordable housing projects

Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) - used to account for grant receipts and related expenditures restricted for the primary purpose of developing viable communities

Capital Project Funds:

Capital Investment Program Fund accounts for resources used for making capital improvements and funding large maintenance projects



City of Walnut Creek Balance Sheet Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

					Spe	ecial Revenue			Ca	oital Project
				Housing						Capital
		General	S	Successor					Ir	vestment
		Fund		Agency		Housing		CDBG		Program
ASSETS			-							
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	40,102,343	\$	625,912	\$	5,803,375	\$		\$	4,965,290
Accounts receivable	Ψ	1,425,801	Ψ	023,912	ψ	14,835	Ψ	-	Ψ	4,900,290
Taxes receivable		3,018,045		-		14,000		-		-
Interest receivable		65,394		-		8,923		-		323
Prepaid items		174,899		-		0,923		-		323
Due from other governments		174,099		-		-		-		3,445,204
		3,478,713		-		-		-		3,443,204
Due from other funds (Note 5)		3,476,713		7,544,060		0.772.206		2 102 275		-
Notes and loans receivable (Note 3)		29 407		7,344,060		9,773,296		3,183,375		-
Inventory of materials and supplies		38,497		-		-		-		-
Interfund loan (Note 5)		402,355		-		-		-		-
Advance to other funds (Note 5)		5,616,585								
Total assets	\$	54,322,632	\$	8,169,972	\$	15,600,429	\$	3,183,375	\$	8,410,817
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	SAN	D FUND RAI	ANC	FS						
·	J 1114	D TOND BIN	<i>1</i> 111C	LO						
Liabilities:	Ф	2 105 002	Ф	250	Ф	F2 0F2	Ф	17.000	Ф	1 514 200
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	2,185,992	\$	250	\$	52,953	\$	17,802	\$	1,514,309
Accrued payroll		1,079,239		-		659		3,542		15,510
Due to other funds (Note 5)		4 007 040		-		-		33,509		3,445,204
Refundable deposits		1,027,963		-		-		-		
Unearned revenues (Note 4)		5,692,788								123,360
Total liabilities		9,985,982		250		53,612		54,853		5,098,383
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenues - grants		_		_		_		_		1,069,987
Unavailable revenues- notes and loans				7,544,060		9,773,296		3,183,375		1,000,007
Total deferred inflows of resources				7,544,060		9,773,296		3,183,375		1,069,987
Fund Balances (Note 9):										
Nonspendable		6,232,336		-		_				-
Restricted		-		625,662		5,773,521		-		2,242,447
Committed		17,045,609		_		_				_
Assigned		6,975,907		_		_				-
Unassigned		14,082,798						(54,853)		
Total fund balances		44,336,650		625,662		5,773,521		(54,853)		2,242,447
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balances	\$	54,322,632	\$	8,169,972	\$	15,600,429	\$	3,183,375	\$	8,410,817

	Non-major overnmental		Total Goverr	nmeni	tal Funds		
00	Funds		2015	2014			
	Turius		2015		2014		
\$	29,772,241	\$	81,269,161	\$	70,058,028		
	263,056		1,703,692		2,759,877		
	-		3,018,045		2,758,010		
	45,950		120,590		101,940		
	67,420		242,319		179,512		
	994,497		4,439,701		2,364,461		
	-		3,478,713		1,822,122		
	1,052,926		21,553,657		18,173,730		
	-		38,497		29,016		
	-		402,355		442,756		
	1,500,000		7,116,585		8,493,229		
\$	33,696,090	\$	123,383,315	\$	107,182,681		
¢	271 246	¢	4 042 FE2	¢	2.940.275		
\$	271,246	\$	4,042,552	\$	2,840,275		
	28,394		1,127,344		1,028,351		
	-		3,478,713		1,822,122		
	-		1,027,963		790,733		
			5,816,148		6,112,846		
	299,640		15,492,720		12,594,327		
			1 060 007				
	1.052.024		1,069,987		10 170 700		
	1,052,926		21,553,657		18,173,730		
	1,052,926		22,623,644		18,173,730		
			6,232,336		9,144,513		
	32,343,524		40,985,154		37,597,846		
	32,343,324		17,045,609		14,886,540		
	-		6,975,907		6,973,078		
	_						
	<u>-</u>		14,027,945		7,812,647		
	32,343,524		85,266,951		76,414,624		
	22,010,021		33,233,331		. 0,111,021		
\$	33,696,090	\$	123,383,315	\$	107,182,681		

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City of Walnut Creek

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 85,266,951
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Capital assets of governmental activities were adjusted as follows:	
Nondepreciable	60,749,507
Depreciable, net	167,851,232
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (Note 11)	7,360,659
Revenues which are unavailable on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet because they are not currently available are recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities and accordingly increase	
the net position on the Statement of Net Position.	22,623,644
Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of facility, vehicle and equipment replacement to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	10,225,940
Long-term debts are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Long-term liabilities - due within one year:	
Claims and judgments payable	(1,186,095)
Compensated absences payable	(192,274)
Long-term debt	(53,793)
Long-term liabilities - due in more than one year:	
Claims and judgments payable	(2,719,760)
Compensated absences payable	(3,241,087)
Net pension liability	(73,369,867)
Long-term debt	(255,052)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (Note 11)	 (17,997,484)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 255,062,521



City of Walnut Creek

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Major Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

			Spe	cial Revenue			
		Housing					
	General	uccessor		II.	· CDRC		
P	 Fund	 Agency		Housing		CDBG	
REVENUES:							
Taxes:							
Sales and use	\$ 22,260,634	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Property	18,491,518	-		-		-	
Business license	2,223,848	-		-		-	
Franchise	3,425,481	-		-		-	
Transient occupancy tax	1,941,665	-		-		-	
Other	743,599	-		-		-	
Intergovernmental	692,903	-		-		70,111	
Investment and rental income	1,021,718	48,894		42,743		3,572	
Charges for services	18,677,168	-		4,246,595		-	
Licenses, permits and fees	2,251,823	-		-		-	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	10,828,777	-		-		-	
Other revenue	 	 241,286		29,255		74,130	
Total revenues	 82,559,134	 290,180		4,318,593		147,813	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public protection	23,250,156	-		-		-	
Public works	17,353,746	-		-		-	
Community and economic development	6,487,100	-		140,891		137,983	
Housing	-	23,395		3,062,711		64,683	
Arts, recreation and community services	14,648,772	-		-		-	
Administrative services	4,259,920	-		-		-	
Human Resources	1,270,976	-		-		-	
General government	4,949,928	-		-		-	
Capital outlay:							
Public ways and facilities and equipment	49,404	-		-		-	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement (Note 7)	 39,498	-		-			
Total expenditures	72,309,500	23,395		3,203,602		202,666	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,249,634	 266,785		1,114,991		(54,853)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (Note 5):							
Capital lease	49,404	_		_		_	
Proceeds from sale of asset	2,467,400	_		_		_	
Transfers in	1,063,925	_		288,000		_	
Transfers (out)	(5,230,149)	_				_	
	 	 		288 000			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,649,420)	 		288,000			
Net change in fund balances	8,600,214	266,785		1,402,991		(54,853)	
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	35,736,436	 358,877		4,370,530		-	
End of year	\$ 44,336,650	\$ 625,662	\$	5,773,521	\$	(54,853)	

Capital Project Capital Investment	Non-major Governmental	Total Govern:	mental Funds
Program	Funds	2015	2014
\$ -	\$ 1,482,729	\$ 23,743,363	\$ 22,417,088
Ψ -	352,051	18,843,569	17,322,166
_	-	2,223,848	2,194,783
_	_	3,425,481	3,344,495
_	_	1,941,665	1,768,079
_	1,584,586	2,328,185	2,187,727
4,221,642	2,862,169	7,846,825	4,674,747
1,382	311,038	1,429,347	1,461,938
-	711,913	23,635,676	20,917,433
_	-	2,251,823	1,986,301
_	_	10,828,777	9,002,040
_	1,184,819	1,529,490	3,494,579
4 222 024			
4,223,024	8,489,305	100,028,049	90,771,376
-	383,727	23,633,883	23,367,172
1,945,863	2,282,406	21,582,015	20,433,205
-	514,893	7,280,867	6,352,470
-	550,000	3,700,789	2,182,676
-	914,707	15,563,479	14,187,383
-	-	4,259,920	5,946,055
-	-	1,270,976	-
-	505,348	5,455,276	4,001,723
8,569,056	-	8,618,460	3,590,852
		39,498	38,245
10,514,919	5,151,081	91,405,163	80,099,781
(6,291,895)	3,338,224	8,622,886	10,671,595
		49,404	
-	-	2,467,400	-
5,056,708	1,279,674	7,688,307	11,593,429
5,030,700	(4,745,521)	(9,975,670)	(12,234,517)
			, , ,
5,056,708	(3,465,847)	229,441	(641,088)
(1,235,187)	(127,623)	8,852,327	10,030,507
3,477,634	32,471,147	76,414,624	66,384,117
\$ 2,242,447	\$ 32,343,524	\$ 85,266,951	\$ 76,414,624
-			

City of Walnut Creek

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 8,852,327
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were different because:	
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Statement of Activities, but it does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	
governmental rands.	(8,363,875)
Governmental funds report acquisition of capital assets as expenditures in various functions and in capital outlay. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets additions recorded in the appearance of the cost of	
in the current period less transfers to business type activities of \$1,235,208.	9,195,522
Revenues which are unavailable on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet because they are not currently available are recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities. This amount represents revenues that were unavailable on the governmental funds statements in prior years and recognized	
this year, however those revenues which were recognized on the government-wide statements in prior years and therefore should not be recognized as revenue in the current year.	4,449,914
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Long-term debt repayments	39,498
Expenses to accrue for long-term compensated absences and claims liability is reported in the Statement of Activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, these expenses are not reported in governmental funds.	
	696,917
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is measured as the change in net pension liability and the amortization of deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions. This amount represent the net change in pension	
related amounts.	1,536,538
Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of information technology and equipment replacement, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	3,600,102
governmental activities.	 3,000,102
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 20,006,943

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

Enterprise Funds:

The *Golf Course - City Administration Fund* accounts for City oversight of and support services to the Boundary Oak Golf Course and Clubhouse operations, capital improvements made to the golf course and clubhouse and any related debt service. In prior periods, City oversight and support services to the Boundary Oak Clubhouse was accounted for in a separate enterprise fund.

The *Boundary Oak - Onsite Contract Operations* accounts for golf and clubhouse operations which are run by a third party operator.

The Downtown Parking and Enhancement Fund accounts for receipts from parking meter revenues to be used for funding parking structure improvements and for enhancement of the downtown area.

Internal Service Funds:

The *Internal Service Funds* account for activities that provide goods or services to other City funds, departments, or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. The combined total of all internal service funds are shown on the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements.



City of Walnut Creek Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

		Business-	type A	ctivities - Enterpr	ise Fu	ınds					
	Go	olf Course -	Вот	undary Oak -	Ι	Downtown					
		City		Onsite	Р	arking and		Total Enterp	otal Enterprise Funds		
	Ad	ministration	Cont	ract Operations	Er	hancement		2015	2014		
ASSETS											
Current assets:											
Cash and investments	\$	1,471,348	\$	372,242	\$	3,827,208	\$	5,670,798	\$ 3,695,568		
Restricted cash		3,017,291				-		3,017,291			
Total cash and investments (Note 2)		4,488,639		372,242		3,827,208		8,688,089	3,695,568		
Accounts receivable		-		-		197,889		197,889	204,412		
Interest receivable		2,595		-		5,069		7,664	4,533		
Inventory of materials & supplies		-		112,234		-		112,234	113,670		
Prepaid items				14,268		710		14,978	26,863		
Total current assets		4,491,234		498,744		4,030,876		9,020,854	4,045,046		
Noncurrent assets:											
Capital assets (Note 6):											
Nondepreciable		2,473,460		-		-		2,473,460	1,337,396		
Depreciable		4,715,864		964,047		16,668,186		22,348,097	22,140,689		
Accumulated depreciation		(3,931,000)		(700,143)		(8,330,464)		(12,961,607)	(12,234,954)		
Total capital assets		3,258,324		263,904		8,337,722		11,859,950	11,243,131		
Total noncurrent assets		3,258,324		263,904		8,337,722		11,859,950	11,243,131		
Total assets		7,749,558		762,648		12,368,598	_	20,880,804	15,288,177		
LIABILITIES											
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		12,938		314,156		320,254		647,348	564,834		
Accrued payroll		2,419		8,343		27,474		38,236	20,678		
Interfund loan (Note 5)		402,355		-		-		402,355	442,756		
Compensated Absences- due in one year (Note 10)				-		125,963		125,963	407		
Long term debt - due in one year (Note 7)		18,753		54,288		-		73,041	240,891		
Total current liabilities		436,465		376,787		473,691		1,286,943	1,269,566		
Noncurrent liabilities:											
Refundable deposits		-		266,951		-		266,951	287,945		
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-	87,314		
Advances from other funds (Note 5)		-		-		-		-	-		
Compensated Absences- due in more											
than one year (Note 10)		-		-		-		-	78,271		
Long term debt - due in more											
than one year (Note 7)		3,211,247		134,108				3,345,355	49,393		
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,211,247		401,059		-		3,612,306	502,923		
Total liabilities		3,647,712		777,846		473,691		4,899,249	1,772,489		
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets		28,324		75,508		8,337,722		8,441,554	10,952,847		
Unrestricted net position (deficit)		4,073,522		(90,706)		3,557,185		7,540,001	2,562,841		
Total net position (deficit)	\$	4,101,846	\$	(15,198)	\$	11,894,907	\$	15,981,555	\$ 13,515,688		

Governmental		
Activities		
Internal	Total Internal S	Service Funds
Service Funds	2015	2014
\$ 11,495,125	\$ 11,495,125	\$ 9,672,552
-		
11,495,125	11,495,125	9,672,552
2,001	2,001	43,238
16,249	16,249	13,528
9,018	9,018	18,036
11,522,393	11,522,393	9,747,354
-	-	-
13,338,393	13,338,393	12,187,968
(7,611,511)	(7,611,511)	(6,799,371)
5,726,882	5,726,882	5,388,597
5,726,882	5,726,882	5,388,597
17,249,275	17,249,275	15,135,951
181,294	181,294	291,428
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
181,294	181,294	291,428
101,271	101,251	271,120
_	_	_
-	-	-
6,842,041	6,842,041	8,218,685
-	-	-
6,842,041	6,842,041	8,218,685
7,023,335	7,023,335	8,510,113
5 706 000	5 704 000	E 200 E07
5,726,882 4,499,058	5,726,882 4,499,058	5,388,597 1,237,241
\$ 10,225,940	\$ 10,225,940	\$ 6,625,838



City of Walnut Creek Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

		Business-t	ype Activi	ities - Enterpris	se Fun	ds			
	Golf	Course -	Boune	dary Oak -	D	owntown			
		City	(Onsite	Pa	orking and	 Total Enter	prise l	Funds
	Admi	nistration	Contrac	et Operations	En	hancement	 2015		2014
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Charges for services	\$	50,000	\$	5,145,484	\$	4,499,655	\$ 9,695,139	\$	7,379,145
Fines, forfeitures and penalities		-		-		2,032,418	2,032,418		592,610
Other revenue		2,306		12,226		25,980	40,512		460,127
Total operating revenues		52,306		5,157,710		6,558,053	 11,768,069		8,431,882
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Supplies and services		230,336		4,174,679		4,513,867	8,918,882		7,866,303
Repairs and maintenance		1,479		-		162,294	163,773		197,870
Depreciation		66,692		73,791		663,843	 804,326		861,977
Total operating expenses		298,507		4,248,470		5,340,004	9,886,981		8,926,150
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(246,201)		909,240		1,218,049	 1,881,088		(494,268)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):									
Investment and rental income		14,158		-		246,245	260,403		929,627
Interest and related expenses		(81,833)		(6,989)		(8,647)	(97,469)		(56,551)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets						-	 		(1,909)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(67,675)		(6,989)		237,598	 162,934		871,167
Net income (loss) before contributions									
and operating transfers		(313,876)		902,251		1,455,647	 2,044,022		376,899
Capital contributions		-		-		46,253	46,253		1,415,665
Transfers in (Note 5)		805,000		50,000		500,000	1,355,000		940,000
Transfers (out) (Note 5)		(70,726)		(805,000)		(103,682)	(979,408)		(1,417,893)
Change in net position		420,398		147,251		1,898,218	2,465,867		1,314,671
NET POSITION:									
Total net position - Beginning		3,681,448		(162,449)		9,996,689	 13,515,688		12,201,017
Total net position - Ending	\$	4,101,846	\$	(15,198)	\$	11,894,907	\$ 15,981,555	\$	13,515,688

Go	overnmental							
	Activities							
	Internal	Total Internal Service Funds						
Se	rvice Funds		2015		2014			
\$	3,765,492	\$	3,765,492	\$	3,675,929			
	-		-		-			
	-		-		-			
	3,765,492		3,765,492		3,675,929			
	338,774		338,774		108,408			
	454,715		454,715		644,725			
	1,141,562		1,141,562		1,032,051			
	1,935,051		1,935,051		1,785,184			
	1,830,441		1,830,441		1,890,745			
	-		-		-			
	(212,183)		(212,183)		(304,348)			
	15,845		15,845		(20,515)			
	(196,338)		(196,338)		(324,863)			
	1,634,103		1,634,103		1,565,882			
	54,228		54,228		240,615			
	2,150,000		2,150,000		1,234,995			
	(238,229)		(238,229)		(63,546)			
	3,600,102		3,600,102		2,977,946			
	6,625,838		6,625,838		3,647,892			
\$	10,225,940	\$	10,225,940	\$	6,625,838			



City of Walnut Creek Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

	Business-t	ype Activities - Enterpris	se Funds		_	
	Golf Course -	Boundary Oak -	Downtown			
	City	Onsite	Parking and		prise Funds	
	Administration	Contract Operations	Enhancement	2015	2014	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from customers	\$ 52,306	\$ 5,180,296	\$ 6,541,989	\$ 11,774,591	\$ 8,466,395	
Payments to suppliers	(266,463)	(4,095,366)	(4,624,991)	(8,986,820)	(7,926,852)	
Payments to employees	208	8,343	56,292	64,843	6,814	
Internal activity			-			
Receipts from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	
Payments to other funds Other receipts	-	(108,308)	-	(108,308)	28,314	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(213,949)	984,965	1,973,290	2,744,306	574,671	
	(213,949)	904,900	1,973,290	2,744,300	374,071	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers in	805,000	50,000	500,000	1,355,000	940,000	
Transfers out	(70,726)	(805,000)	(103,682)	(979,408)	(1,417,893)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	734,274	(755,000)	396,318	375,592	(477,893)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND			·			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Capital Contribution	-	-	46,253	46,253	1,415,665	
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,170,990)	(193,958)	(56,196)	(1,421,144)	(1,599,344)	
Interest paid on debt	(81,833)	(6,989)	(8,647)	(97,469)	(56,551)	
Principal paid on long-term debt	(40,401)	(59,967)	(210,906)	(311,274)	(1,031,959)	
Proceeds from capital lease	3,230,000	168,985		3,398,985	442,756	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	1,936,776	(91,929)	(229,496)	1,615,351	(829,433)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Investment income received	14,354	-	242,918	257,272	929,521	
Net cash provided by investing activities	14,354		242,918	257,272	929,521	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,471,455	138,036	2,383,030	4,992,521	196,866	
CASH AND INVESTMENTS:						
Beginning of the year	2,017,184	234,206	1,444,178	3,695,568	3,498,702	
End of the year	\$ 4,488,639	\$ 372,242	\$ 3,827,208	\$ 8,688,089	\$ 3,695,568	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ (246,201)	\$ 909,240	\$ 1,218,049	\$ 1,881,088	\$ (494,268)	
Depreciation	66,692	73,791	663,843	804,326	861,977	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		20 504	(1/ 0/4)	(F00	24 512	
Accounts receivable Inventory / prepaid items	-	22,586 14,031	(16,064) (710)	6,522 13,321	34,513 (15,772)	
Advance from other funds	-	-	(, 10)	-	(15,772)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(34,648)	65,282	51,880	82,514	157,683	
Salaries and wages payable	208	8,343	56,292	64,843	2,224	
Deposits payable	-	(20,994)	-	(20,994)	18,020	
Unearned revenue		(87,314)		(87,314)	10,294	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (213,949)	\$ 984,965	\$ 1,973,290	\$ 2,744,306	\$ 574,671	

A	vernmental Activities Internal	Total Internal	Service	Funds		
Service Funds		 2015	2014			
			-			
\$	3,806,729	\$ 3,806,729	\$	3,634,663		
	(894,605)	(894,605)		(520,782)		
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		
	-	-		-		
		 -		-		
	2,912,124	 2,912,124		3,113,881		
	2,150,000	2,150,000		1,234,995		
	(238,229)	 (238,229)		(63,546)		
	1,911,771	 1,911,771		1,171,449		
	54,228	54,228		240,615		
	(1,464,002)	(1,464,002)		(1,354,958)		
	(287,654)	(287,654)		(331,503)		
	(1,376,644)	(1,376,644)		(1,252,796)		
	(3,074,072)	 (3,074,072)		(2,698,642)		
	72,750	72,750		13,627		
	72,750	 72,750		13,627		
	1,822,573	1,822,573		1,600,315		
	9,672,552	9,672,552		8,072,237		
\$	11,495,125	\$ 11,495,125	\$	9,672,552		
\$	1,830,441	\$ 1,830,441	\$	1,890,745		
	1,141,562	1,141,562		1,032,051		
	41,237	41,237		(41,266)		
	1,385,662	1,385,662		(10,622,654)		
	(1,376,644) (110,134)	(1,376,644) (110,134)		10,604,618 250,387		
	(110,134)	(110,134)		230,387		
	-	-		-		
	-	 <u> </u>		-		
\$	2,912,124	\$ 2,912,124	\$	3,113,881		

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FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for various community groups and functions. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements, but are presented in the separate fiduciary fund financial statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds account for monies received from the Contra Costa County Auditor Controller for repayment of the enforceable obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek. These funds are restricted for the sole purpose of payment of items on an approved Recognized Payment Obligation Schedule (ROPS).



City of Walnut Creek Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2015

ASSETS	ate-purpose ust Funds	Ag	gency Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 376,486	\$	14,440,666	
Cash and investments held with fiscal agent	1,646,742			
Receivables:				
Accounts receivable	-		469,380	
Interest receivable	178		22,064	
Total Receivables	178		491,444	
Total assets	 2,023,406	\$	14,932,110	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	396,754	
Accrued Payroll	340		-	
Due to other governments	-		8,567,408	
Due to bondholders	-		1,716,762	
Advance deposits	-		4,251,186	
Bonds payable (Note 15)	 425,000			
Total liabilities	 425,340		14,932,110	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Long-term debt (Note 15)	1,710,000		-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,710,000		-	
Total liabilities	 2,135,340	\$	14,932,110	
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for other governments	\$ (386,478)			



City of Walnut Creek Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	ate Purpose rust Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Property taxes	\$ 651,529
Investment earnings	 1,274
Total additions	 652,803
DEDUCTIONS:	
Community and economic development	29,976
Interest, fiscal charges and issuance costs	 115,348
Total deductions:	 145,324
Change in net position	507,479
Net Position	
Total net position - Beginning	 (893,957)
Total net position - Ending	\$ (386,478)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Walnut Creek, California have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Walnut Creek, California (City) was incorporated in 1914. The City operates under an elected Council and appointed City Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, community development, arts, recreation and community services, planning services, public works, general administrative services and capital improvements.

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year-end.

Blended Component Unit

Walnut Creek Public Facilities Financing Authority (Authority)

The Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority duly organized and existing under and pursuant to that certain Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement, by and between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek. It was created by the City of Walnut Creek City Council (City Council) in 1992. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors for the Authority.

The Authority operations for the current fiscal year have been included in the accompanying basic financial statements as part of the City's business-type activities for the Golf Course-City Administration fund.

B. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Statements</u> – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its blended component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Interfund transfers and amounts owed between funds within the primary government have been eliminated from the statements. Amounts representing interfund services and uses remain in the statements. These statements distinguish between *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Presentation, Continued

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental*, *proprietary*, *and fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

<u>Government-wide</u>, <u>Proprietary</u>, <u>and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes, interest revenue, rental revenue and certain charges for services. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and financing from capital leases are reported as other financing sources.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, Continued

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – This fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City which are not accounted for in another fund.

The Housing Successor Agency Fund – This fund was established to account for the housing activities related to the restricted assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek.

The Capital Investment Program Fund – This fund accounts for resources used for making capital improvements and funding large maintenance projects.

The Housing Fund - This fund accounts for in lieu fees and other restricted funds to be used for affordable housing projects

Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) - This fund accounts for grant receipts and related expenditures restricted for the primary purpose of developing viable communities.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund.

A column representing internal service funds is also presented in these statements. However, internal service balances and activities have been combined with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The City reported all of its Enterprise Funds as major funds in the accompanying financial statements, as noted on the next page.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

The *Golf Course - City Administration Fund* accounts for the City administration of the Boundary Oak Golf Course and Clubhouse and capital improvements made to the golf course and clubhouse, including any related debt service.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, Continued

The *Boundary Oak - Onsite Contract Operations Fund* accounts for golf course and clubhouse operations run by a third party operator for the Boundary Oak Golf Course.

The *Downtown Parking and Enhancement Fund* accounts for receipts from parking meter revenues to be used for funding parking structure improvements and for enhancement of the downtown area.

Additionally, this fund category includes the City's internal service funds, which are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis and to accumulate funds for the future replacement of capital items.

Internal Service Fund Financial Statements

The Vehicle Replacement Fund accumulates funds for the replacement of vehicles and other fleet equipment on a regular basis.

The Police Radio Fund accounts accumulate funds for the replacement of radio equipment on a regular basis. Funds are budgeted in operating budgets annually based upon expected useful life.

The Equipment Replacement LCA Fund has accumulated funds for the replacement of theater equipment. Funds are budgeted in the Arts Recreation and Community Services Department operating budgets as they become available and are transferred to this fund.

The Equipment Replacement IT Fund accumulates funds for the replacement of personal computers, technology infrastructure and major software applications based upon their expected replacement cost and useful life.

The Equipment Replacement, ASD Fund has accumulated available funds for the replacement of finance equipment based upon their expected replacement cost and useful life.

The Equipment Replacement-General Fund accumulates funds for the replacement of worn and obsolete equipment other than vehicles based upon their expected useful life and replacement cost.

The Facilities Replacement Fund accumulates funds as they become available for the costs associated with the maintenance of all City facilities.

Major Roadway Reconstruction Fund accumulates funds for the reconstruction of arterial roads as they deteriorate. City Council created this fund to provide for its matching funds in qualifying for grants funding major reconstruction projects on the City's arterial streets.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, Continued

The PERS Safety Side Fund Liability Fund accounts for the repayment of an internal loan made for the early retirement of a portion of the public safety pension liability.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements for *Trust* type funds include a Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position. The City's Fiduciary funds represent Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The City's Agency funds are included in these financial statements and are used to account for assets held by the City as agent for individuals, governmental entities, and non-public organizations. These funds include the following:

The Assessment Districts Group I account for the redemption of special assessment bonds issued for the purposes of acquisition and improvement in various Local Improvement Districts.

The CCC Solid Waste Authority accounts for the assets held in the capacity of Financial Administrator for the Central Contra Costa Solid Waste Authority.

The Trust and Agency accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for various organizations and activities.

The Lesher Endowment accounts for assets held by the City as an agent to be used exclusively for improvements to the City's Lesher Theater.

Fiduciary fund financial statements for the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency *Private-Purpose Trust fund* type include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The funds include the following:

Redevelopment Agency Obligation Retirement Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future.

RDA Successor Agency Debt Service Fund accounts for accumulation of resources to be used for payment of debt service on former Redevelopment Agency Merged Project Area Tax Allocation Bonds.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments, Continued

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which has invested a portion of the pooled funds in Structured Notes and Asset-backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk, with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-backed Securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for Deposits and Investment Risks are specified in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - o Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified, including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers each fund's share in the cash and investments pool to be cash and cash equivalents, including cash with fiscal agents.

1. Restricted Assets

Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the City hold investment funds arising from the proceeds of long-term debt issuances. The funds may be used for specific capital outlays or for the payment of certain bonds, certificate of participation or tax allocation bonds, and have been invested only as permitted by specific State statutes or applicable City ordinance, resolution or bond indenture.

2. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Currently, the General Fund liquidates compensated absences.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

E. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's pension plan with California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and addition to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of CalPERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied based on a fiscal year (July 1 – June 30). Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10. The County of Contra Costa bills and collects the property taxes and special assessments for the City. Under the County's *Teeter Plan*, the County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining the interest and penalties. The property taxes are remitted to the City in installments during the year.

G. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

<u>Arbitrage</u>

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bonds proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the U.S. Treasury at least every five years. The City has evaluated each bond issued subject to the arbitrage rebate requirements and has determined that no arbitrage liability exists at June 30, 2015. The City has complied with all significant bond covenants relating to reserve and sinking fund requirements.

Bond Issuance Costs

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Interest expenditures for governmental funds are recognized when payment is due.

For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using a straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

G. Long-Term Debt (continued)

discount. Issuance costs are reported as an expense when incurred. Interest on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred.

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting infrastructure capital assets at \$25,000 and for all other capital assets at \$5,000 and with useful lives exceeding one year. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	10 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	7 years
Infrastructure	20 - 100 years

The City has included all infrastructures in the current basic financial statements. The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include: roadways, storm drains, and traffic signals. Each major infrastructure network can be divided into subsystems. For example the roadway network can be subdivided into pavement, curb, and gutters. The storm drain network can be subdivided into structures and pipe. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

Interest accrued during capital assets construction, if any, is capitalized for the business-type activities and proprietary funds as part of the asset cost.

J. Public Facilities Financing

Interest costs incurred from the date of borrowing to the completion of the improvement project(s) are capitalized, net of interest earnings, on all proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure until then. The City reports deferred outflows related to pensions which are the result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from receivables that will not be collected within the City's period of availability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred inflows related to pensions as a result of the implementation of GASB 68.

L. Net Position and Fund Balance

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows over all its liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net Position is divided into three captions as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This amount represents the portion that is not restricted in use.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

M. Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

Fund Balances

The Government Fund Balances consist of Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned amounts as described below:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, long term portions of receivables, inventories, prepaid items, and also items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan fund.

<u>Restricted</u> - Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources that includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by Resolution 11-30, adopted on June 7, 2011 by the City Council, as amended by Resolution 12-36 on June 9, 2012, and remain binding unless removed by a subsequent formal action through City Council Resolution or Ordinance. The City Council is also the highest level of decision making for all of its component units. Commitments may be changed or removed only by the same formal action (City Resolution or City Ordinance) taken by the City Council to impose the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> - Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. The City Council Resolution 11-30 establishing the classifications of fund balance in accordance with GASB 54, adopted on June 7, 2011, delegates to the City Manager the authority to carry thru Council direction related to those components of Fund Balance that are reported as "Assigned" in the City 's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Unassigned – This category is for all balances that have no restrictions placed upon them.

The order in which resources will be expended is as follows: Restricted Fund Balance, followed by Committed Fund balance, Assigned Fund Balance, and lastly Unassigned Fund Balance.

N. One-Time Funds

In order to establish a formal process by which one-time revenues and General Fund budget surpluses are to be allocated and used for funding one-time needs in support of overall City goals and priorities, Policy and procedure No. 302 was adopted on June 19, 2012 by formal action of the City Council at its regular meeting via Resolution No. 12-37. As part of the six-month and eighteen-month budget updates (and at additional intervals as determined by the City Manager), Finance Division staff report any One-Time Revenues to the City Council. At that time, the City Council may authorize specific allocations of One-Time Revenues for purposes of funding One-Time Expenses. Depending upon the source and nature of these funds, they may be restricted to some purposes, or unrestricted and available to further City and community goals. Balance of assigned funds allocated for one time uses but not expended as of June 30, 2015 is \$1,158,059.



1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

O. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost (on the first-in, first-out basis). Inventories of the General Fund consist of expendable fuel and oil supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as expenditure in the General Fund at the time the individual inventory items are consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The amount of inventory and prepaid expense reported in the General Fund are offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources, even though they are a component of net current assets.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds, which the City invests to enhance interest earnings. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds quarterly, based on average cash and investment balances in these funds.

A. Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,645,611. Bank balances before reconciling items were \$3,795,330 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

According to California law, the fair value of pledged securities with banking institutions must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on a quarterly basis to the various funds based on average daily cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.



2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

B. Investments

Under provisions of the City's investment policy and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City may invest in the types of investments listed in the table below. The table also identifies certain provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk.

Investment Type	Maximum Maturity *	Maximum %/\$ of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment in One Issuer*
U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Debt	5 years	5% or \$5 million	\$2 million
Non Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	20%	\$2 million
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	\$2 million
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	\$2 million
Commercial Paper (Corporations)	270 days	15%	\$2 million
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	\$5 million
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$150 million	None
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	N/A	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%

^{*} Based upon State Law or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive

This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by a fiscal agent. These types of investments are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City.

The Policy, in addition to State statutes, establishes that funds on deposit in banks must be federally insured or collateralized and that investments shall be laddered and based on cash flow forecasts. The City's investments comply with the established policy.

The City's portfolio value fluctuates in an inverse relationship to any change in interest rate. Accordingly, if interest rates rise, the portfolio value will decline. If interest rates fall, the portfolio value will rise.

C. Summary of Cash and Investments

The City's investments are stated at market value or amortized costs. Therefore, fund balance reflects the portfolio's change in value. These portfolio value changes are unrealized unless sold. The City's policy is to buy and hold investments until their maturity dates.



2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

The following is a summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2015:

	Government	-Wide Statement of Net Positi	ion
	Governmental	Business-Type	Fiduciary Fund Financial
	Activities	Activities Tota	al Statements Total
Cash and investments	\$ 92,764,286	\$ 8,688,089 \$ 101,45	52,375 \$ 14,817,152 \$ 116,269,527
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$ 1,646,742 \$ 1,646,742

Deposits and investments were categorized as follows at June 30, 2015:

	Credit Quality			
	Ratings	Fair Valu		
City Treasury Deposits:				
Deposits	Not Rated	\$	3,645,611	
Petty cash	Not Rated		20,400	
Total City treasury deposits			3,666,011	
City Treasury Investments:				
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies				
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	AA+		11,973,400	
Federal Farm Credit Bureau (FFCB)	AA+		4,006,790	
Federal National Mortgage Assoc (FNMA)	AA+		9,989,890	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp (FHLMC)	AA+		18,012,090	
Certificate of Deposits	Not Rated		3,437,943	
Medium Term Corporate Notes	A / A+ / AA- / AA		12,419,368	
U.S. Treasury Money Market	AAA		3,727,657	
Local Agency Investment Funds	Not Rated		48,964,392	
Total City treasury investments		1	112,531,530	
Total cash and investments		\$ 1	116,197,541	
Investments With Fiscal Agent:				
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies				
U.S. Treasury Money Market	AAA	\$	1,646,742	
Total investments				
with fiscal agent		\$	1,646,742	



2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

D. Fair Value of Investments

GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, requires that the City's investments be carried at fair market value instead of cost. Accordingly, the City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year-end and the effects of these adjustments are included in income for that fiscal year. Changes in value in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 amounted to an unrealized gain of \$38,531.

E. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that the City's investment portfolio mature in less than five years. Specific maturities of investments depend on liquidity needs. As of June 30, 2015, the City's pooled cash and investments had the following maturities.

					Inve	estment Ma	turit	ies (in years)		
Investment Type]	Fair Value	alue 1 year or le		1-2 years		2-3 years		3	3-4 years
Local Agency Investment Funds	\$	48,964,392	\$	48,964,392	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury Money Market		3,727,657		3,727,657		-		-		-
Medium Term Corporate Notes		12,419,368		2,859,614		-		9,559,754		-
Securities of U.S. Government:										
Federal Home Loan Bank		11,973,400		-		-		5,981,490		5,991,910
Federal Farm Credit Bureau		4,006,790		-		1,006,260		3,000,530		-
Federal Home Loan Mortage Company		18,012,090		-		2,002,080		15,014,460		995,550
Federal National Mortage Association		9,989,890		-		-		9,989,890		-
Certificate of Deposits		3,437,943		1,741,329		747,395		949,219		_
Total	\$	112,531,530	\$	57,292,992	\$	3,755,735	\$	44,495,343	\$	6,987,460
					_		_		_	

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is a risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All securities, with the exception of the money market funds and LAIF, are held by a third-party custodian, Union Bank of California (UBC). UBC is a registered member of the Federal Reserve Bank. The City's investment policy is that no more than \$2 million can be invested in any one institution for Commercial Paper, negotiable certificates of deposit or Medium Term Corporate Notes. The City's custodial agreement policy prohibits counterparties holding securities not in the City's name.

For treasury deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposits are held in the name of the City at the City's third party custodian. Therefore, the City is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk. This is risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The City's investment policy is that no more than \$2 million can be invested in any one institution for Commercial Paper, negotiable certificates of deposit or



2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

E. Risk Disclosures, Continued

Medium Term Corporate Notes. Bonds and notes must be rated "A" or better by Moody's or Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Accordingly, the notes to the financial statements should disclose if the government has 5 percent or more of its total investments in a single issuer. More than 5% of the City's investments are in the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. These investments are 36% of the City's total investments.

F. Investments in Local Agency Investment Funds

The City's investments with the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), a State of California investment pool, at June 30, 2015, included a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF is part of the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). The PMIA began in 1955 and oversight is provided by the Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) and an in-house Investment Committee. The PMIB members are the State Treasurer, Director of Finance, and State Controller.

These investments included the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u> - are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u> - the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2015, the City had \$48,964,392 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.08% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. The City valued its investments in LAIF as of June 30, 2015, by multiplying its account balance with LAIF by a fair value factor determined by LAIF. This fair value factor was determined by dividing all LAIF participants' total aggregate fair value by total aggregate amortized cost, resulting in a factor of 1.000375979.

G. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if the Successor Agency fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance, bond indentures or State statute. The table on the following page identifies the certain provisions of these debt agreements:



2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

G. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements, Continued

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Allowed	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	3 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	360 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual funds	None	None	None
Investment Contracts	None	None	None
California Local Agency Investment Fund	None	None	None

3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

Summary of Notes and Loans Receivable

At June 30, 2015, the City's notes and loans receivable and related unavailable revenue consisted of the following:

				Non-Major	Total Loans
	Housing			Governmental	and Notes
	Successor	Housing	CDBG	Funds	Receivables
Home Rehabilitation Loans	\$ 897,696	\$ -	\$ 311,743	\$ 102,926	\$ 1,312,365
First-Time Homebuyers	1,559,232	632,840	128,465	550,000	2,870,537
The Oaks Apartments	368,000	-	-	-	368,000
Sierra Drive Apartments	49,503	-	402,000	-	451,503
Acalanes Court Apartments	1,180,732	-	79,771	-	1,260,503
Acalanes Court Apartments (#2)	-	130,000	-	-	130,000
Casa Montego II, Incorporated	500,000	1,105,156	-	-	1,605,156
Ivy Hill Apartments	551,392	1,073,608	-	-	1,625,000
MP Tice Oak Associates	-	85,420	200,415	-	285,835
Villa Vasconcellos Apartments	685,101	1,124,974	598,672	-	2,408,747
Third Avenue Apartments	1,382,404	1,582,595	1,128,500	-	4,093,499
Pleasant Creek Homes	370,000	-	-	-	370,000
Riviera Family Apartments	-	4,038,703	325,000	-	4,363,703
Equity Loans to City Employees (Note 13)	-	-	-	400,000	400,000
Senior Outreach Services	-	-	8,809	-	8,809
	\$ 7,544,060	\$9,773,296	\$3,183,375	\$ 1,052,926	\$21,553,657

The City engages in programs to encourage construction of and improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. Since the City does not expect to collect these loans within the City's period of availability, they have been offset by entries to unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements.



3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Home Rehabilitation Loans

The City administers a housing rehabilitation loan program using Community Development Block Grant funds, Housing Successor funds and City funds. Under these Programs, individuals with incomes below a certain level are eligible to receive low interest 20 year loans, secured by deeds of trust, for construction work on their homes. The loan repayments may be amortized over the life of the loans, deferred or a combination of both. At June 30, 2015, these loans totaled \$1,312,365 and the program included 31 participants.

First-Time Homebuyer Loans

The First-Time Homebuyer Program, using Community Development Block Grant funds, Housing Successor Agency funds and City funds, was established during 1995 to provide financing for applicants with moderate income or less who are unable to qualify for a home purchase without down payment assistance. Under this program, individuals with income below a certain level are eligible to receive deferred loans which are secured by second deeds of trust, bear interest (in the form of equity earnings from the appreciation of the property equal to the percentage of the purchase price) and are due and payable at the time the homes are sold, refinanced or transferred. At June 30, 2015, First-Time Homebuyer Loans totaling \$2,870,537 had been extended and the program included 61 participants.

The Oaks Apartments

At June 30, 2015, the Housing Successor Agency held a note receivable from Ecumenical Association for Housing in the amount of \$368,000. The note was entered into on July 14, 1995 to facilitate the building of a 36-unit apartment complex to provide housing for individuals with incomes 60% or more below the Bay Area median income level. Repayment of principal commenced on December 31, 2001, and will continue provided the project generates surplus cash. The note accrues interest at a rate of 5% beginning July 14, 2002; repayment commenced on December 31, 2001, and will continue provided that the project generates surplus cash. Any remaining unpaid principal and interest is due in full August 1, 2022. The project did not generate surplus cash for fiscal year 2014-15.

Sierra Drive Apartments

At June 30, 2015, the City held two note receivables from the Affordable Housing Association totaling \$402,000. The first promissory note in the amount of \$327,000 (of which the Housing Successor Agency held a similar note in the amount of \$49,503 for a combined amount of \$376,503) was entered into on December 8, 1995 (amended and restated in their entirety on July 11, 2013) to facilitate the renovation of a 28-unit apartment complex called Sierra Drive Apartments. As a condition of the notes, 14 units were encumbered with 55 year covenants that require the units to be rented to individuals with low and moderate incomes. The outstanding principal balance of the Loan bears interest at a simple rate of 3% per annum. Repayments are to be made annually, by December 1st, of the outstanding principal and accrued interest on the loan, equal to 10% of the Lenders' Share of Residual Receipts for the prior year.



3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Any remaining unpaid principal and interest is due in full November 30, 2050. The project did not generate surplus cash as for fiscal year 2014-15. The City held a second note receivable in the amount of \$75,000 with Satellite Affordable Housing Associates for roof improvements at Sierra Garden Apartments. The note was originally entered into on July 11, 2013. However the loan was not made until the current fiscal year. The outstanding principal balance of the Loan bears interest at a simple rate of 3% per annum. On November 30, 2050, (the "Maturity Date"), the principal balance remaining unpaid, plus accrued interest, shall be paid in full.

Acalanes Court Apartments

At June 30, 2015, the City held a note receivable from Trinity Avenue Apts., L.P. with an outstanding loan balance of \$79,771 and the Housing Successor Agency held a similar note receivable with an outstanding loan amount of \$1,180,732 for a combined amount of \$1,260,503. The City entered into a loan agreement with Satellite Housing for \$80,000 on March 17, 2003 to perform predevelopment work for a family rental housing project (the "Project Site") located at the northeasterly corner Trinity and Oakland Boulevard. Subsequently, a promissory note similar to that of the Housing Successor Agency was executed to replace the agreement. The Housing Successor Agency promissory note was entered into on February 20, 2004 for \$1,112,080 (amended and restated for an additional \$150,000 on February 17, 2005) for a total of \$1,262,080 to facilitate the building of a 17-unit rental apartment complex, at the Project Site, of which eight units are required by the Housing Successor Agency to be provided for income eligible households, whose gross household income does not exceed 60% of the area median income and of which the remaining nine units are required by the County to be affordable to between 30% and 60% of the area median income. The note accrues interest at a rate of 3% per annum from the date of advance(s) until paid in full. Principal and accrued interest are to be paid annually commencing on May 1 following close of permanent financing of the Project Improvements equal to Lenders' share of residual receipts. Any remaining unpaid principal and interest are due in full 55 years from issuance of a certificate of occupancy. A certificate of occupancy was issued on October 3, 2006.

Acalanes Court Apartments (#2)

At June 30, 2015, the City held a note receivable from Trinity Avenue Apt., L.P. in the amount of \$130,000. The City note entered into on June 5, 2007 is a loan from the City's inclusionary housing in-lieu fund to cover a portion of additional costs that occurred during the construction of Acalanes Court, a 17-unit family rental-housing complex that was completed in November 2006. Simple interest at 3% per annum is to be accrued on the unpaid principal balance beginning from the date of the advance. Principal is due on May 1st following the date of this Note, and on May 1st of each year thereafter for the term of the City Loan. Borrower shall make repayments of the outstanding principal and accrued interest under this Note equal to the Lenders' share of Residual Receipts. To the extent that the Lender's Share of Residual Receipts is insufficient to make any payments under this Note, such payment(s) shall be deferred. Principal sum and all other sums shall be due and payable in full 55 years from issuance of the certificate of occupancy for this Project. The certificate of occupancy was issued on October 3, 2006.



3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Casa Montego II

At June 30, 2015, the Housing Successor Agency and the City each held a note receivable from Casa Montego II, Inc., a California public benefit corporation, with outstanding balances in the amounts of \$500,000 and \$1,105,156, respectively. The promissory notes were entered into on November 15, 2007 for the acquisition of real property located at 180 La Casa Via in Walnut Creek, California and the development of approximately 33 units of multifamily rental housing on that property pursuant to the Agreement. No interest shall accrue on the unpaid principal balance, except in the event of default, in which case interest shall accrue on the default and continuing until such time as the Loan is repaid in full or the default is cured, at the default rate of the lesser of ten percent (10%), compounded annually, or the highest rate permitted by law. Except as provided herein, the principal sums not to exceed \$500,000 and \$1,153,000 and all other sums hereunder shall be due and payable in full 55 years from the completion of construction of the project, as evidenced by a certificate of occupancy or similar document. Commencing on May 1 of 2010 and on May 1 of each year thereafter for the Term of the Loan, Borrower shall make repayments of the outstanding principal on the Loan equal to the Agency's proportionate share of the lenders' share of Residual Receipts, as further described in the Intercreditor Agreement. The project did not generate residual receipts for fiscal year 2014-15.

Ivy Hill Apartments/Regent on the Park Condominiums

At June 30, 2015, the City held a note receivable from Walnut Creek Housing Partners, Alma Investors and New Cities Land Company (the developer) in the amount of \$1,073,608 and the Housing Successor Agency held a similar note in the amount of \$551,392 for a combined amount of \$1,625,000. In August 2000, a long-term loan was granted to finance a portion of the cost of developing the Ivy Hill Apartment Project, including land acquisition costs. The loan is due in 55 years on February 1, 2055, and it accrues interest at the rate of 5%. No principal or interest payments are due until the maturity date. The loan, and all accrued interest, will be forgiven on the maturity date if the Ivy Hill Apartment Project was operated in compliance with the regulatory agreement throughout the term of the loan. The loan is secured by a deed of trust against the apartment site, subordinate to the senior construction and permanent loans entered into by the developer. As a condition of the loans, 47 units were encumbered with 55 year covenants which require the units to be rented to individual with very low incomes, and shall be rented at a rate specified in the agreement.

MP Tice Oaks Associates

At June 30, 2015, the City held two notes receivable from MP Tice Oaks Associates with a total loan balance outstanding of \$285,835. These two Notes (\$85,420 funded by the City's Affordable Housing Fund and \$200,415 funded by the CDBG Grant Program) were entered into on May 16, 2001 for a 91-unit multi-family housing project. The Notes accrue simple interest at a rate of 3% and will be due in full in 55 years.

Villa Vasconcellos Apartments

At June 30, 2015, the City held a note receivable from Resources for Community Development with an outstanding balance of \$1,723,646 (consisting of \$598,672 Community Block Grant Funds and \$1,124,974 in City inclusionary housing in-lieu fees). The Housing Successor Agency held a similar note with an outstanding balance of \$685,101. The promissory notes were originally entered into on October 7, 2004 for \$680,000 and



3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

\$720,000, respectively, to facilitate the building of a 72-unit rental apartment complex to provide housing for very low-income households. The City promissory note was amended and restated for an additional \$1,122,265 on November 10, 2005. Both notes state that no interest is to be accrued on the unpaid principal balance, except in the event of a default, in which case interest shall begin to accrue on the date of the default and continue until such time as the Loan is repaid in full, or the default is cured, at the default rate of the lesser of ten percent (10%), compounded annually or the highest rate permitted by law. Principal is due on May 1 following completion of the construction equal to the City and Housing Successor Agency proportionate share of the lenders' share of residual receipts. Principal sum and all other sums shall be due and payable in full 55 years from completion of the project as evidence by a certificate of occupancy, which was issued April 1, 2008. At June 30, 2015, these loans totaled \$2,408,747.

Third Avenue Apartments

At June 30, 2015, the City held a note receivable from Satellite Housing, Inc. with an outstanding balance of \$2,711,095. The promissory note was entered into on March 17, 2009 for \$2,427,500 to facilitate the acquisition of additional real property located at Third Avenue and the building of a 48-unit rental apartment complex. At June 30, 2014, the Housing Successor Agency held a note receivable with an outstanding balance of \$1,382,404 from Satellite Housing, Inc. The promissory note was entered into on January 6, 2009 for \$793,500 (amended and restated for an additional loan of \$372,500 on March 17, 2009 and amended for a second additional loan of \$216,400 on March 1, 2011) to facilitate the acquisition of real property located at Third Avenue and the building of the same 48-unit rental apartment complex. The notes accrue interest at a rate of 3% per annum from the date of advance(s) until paid in full. Principal and accrued interest are to be paid annually commencing on May 1 following completion of the construction of the Development. Any remaining unpaid principal and interest are due in full 55 years from issuance of a certificate of occupancy. As of June 30, 2015, this certificate had not been issued and the loans outstanding totaled \$4,093,499.

Pleasant Creek Homes

At June 30, 2015, the Housing Successor Agency held a note receivable from Habitat for Humanity East Bay, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation ("Borrower"), with an outstanding balance of \$370,000. The promissory note was entered into March 16, 2011 for \$370,000 to facilitate the acquisition of certain real property located on Barkley Avenue in Walnut Creek and the development of approximately ten affordable homes on that property and other property controlled by the Borrower. The principal sum shall be due and payable on the earliest of (A) five years form the date of the Note, (B) the date the last Affordable Home in the Project is sold or refinanced, or (C) an Event of Default by Borrower that has not been cured as provided in the Loan Agreement. No interest shall accrue on the unpaid principal balance, except in the event of a default, in which case interest on the Loan shall begin to accrue on the date of the default and continuing until such time as the Loan is repaid in full or the default is cured, at the default rate of the lesser of ten percent (10%), compounded annually or the highest rate permitted by law.



3. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE, Continued

Riviera Family Apartments

At June 30, 2015, the City held a note receivable from Riviera Family Apartments, L.P. in partnership with Resources for Community Development, with an outstanding balance of \$4,363,703 (consisting of \$325,000 Community Block Grant Funds and \$4,038,703, in City inclusionary housing in-lieu fees). The original promissory note was entered into on February 25, 2014 for \$1,700,000 (amended and restated on September 29, 2014 to \$5,000,000), to facilitate the acquisition of real property located at 1511-1515 Riviera Avenue in Walnut Creek, California and the predevelopment of approximately 26-units of multifamily rental housing on that property and other properties to be acquired by the Borrower pursuant to the agreement. Interest shall accrue on the unpaid principal balance at a rate of 3% per annum. Principal and accrued interest are to be paid annually, equal to One Hundred Percent of the Lenders' Share of Residual Receipts, commencing on May 1 following completion of the construction, of the Development, as evidenced by a certificate of occupancy or similar document and on May 1st of each year thereafter for the Term of the Loan which expires upon earlier of (a) the fifty-fifth anniversary of the Completion Date or (b) the fifty-ninth anniversary of the date of this Note.

Senior Outreach Services

At June 30, 2015, the City held a note receivable from Senior Outreach Services in the amount of \$8,809 for the installation of a new roof on its program/administrative offices located at 1300 Civic Drive in Walnut Creek. The outstanding principal balance does not bear interest, however, in the event of a default, interest on the loan shall begin to accrue as of the date of default and continue until such time as the loan funds are repaid in full or the default is cured, as the default rate of the lesser of ten percent (10%), compounded annually, or the highest rate permitted by law. There shall be no payments due under this note so long as the borrower is not in default under this note, the Deed of Trust or the Loan Agreement. The principal amount of the note will be amortized over ten (years). For each year the borrower uses the subject building for CDBG eligible purposes, 1/10 of the City's investment will be forgiven.

4. UNEARNED REVENUE

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Unearned revenues in Government-Wide Financial Statements represent amounts for which revenues have not been earned. At June 30, 2015, unearned revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements were as follows:

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	Governmenta				
	Activities				
Permits and inspection fees	\$	4,602,843			
Business licenses		978,241			
Prepaid rental revenue	92,775				
Grants		142,289			
Total	\$	5,816,148			



4. UNEARNED REVENUE, Continued

B. Fund Financial Statements

At June 30, 2015, unearned revenues in the Fund Financial Statements were as follows:

	Capital Investment							
		General		Program				
		Fund		Fund	Total			
Engineering inspection fees	\$	1,527,000	\$	-	\$	1,527,000		
Permits and planning inspection fees	•	3,075,843		-		3,075,843		
Business licenses		978,241		-		978,241		
Prepaid rental revenue		92,775		-		92,775		
Grants		18,929		123,360		142,289		
Total	\$	5,692,788	\$	123,360	\$	5,816,148		

Deferred inflows of resources were recorded in the Fund Financial Statements because the funds were not available to finance expenditures of the current period. At June 30, 2015, deferred inflows of resources in the Fund Financial Statements were as follows:

	ing Successor ency Fund	-	Housing CDBG Fund Fund		0		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total		
Grants Unavailable Notes and loans	\$ - 7,544,060	\$	9,773,296	\$	3,183,375	\$	1,069,987 -	\$	1,052,926	\$	1,069,987 21,553,657
Total	\$ 7,544,060	\$	9,773,296	\$	3,183,375	\$	1,069,987	\$	1,052,926	\$	22,623,644



5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Fund Financial Statements

Due To/Due From

At June 30, 2015, the City had the following short-term receivables and payables:

Due From	Due To	Amour	Amount		
Major Funds					
CDBG	General Fund	\$	33,509	b	
Capital Investment Program	General Fund		3,445,204	a	
Total		\$	3,478,713		

The explanation for these interfund loans are listed below:

- a. To assist in paying expenditures for various replacement and capital improvement projects.
- b. To provide temporary loans, which will be repaid upon receipt of reimbursements from grantor agencies.

Internal loan between the City of Walnut Creek's General Fund and the Golf Course Enterprise Fund

During fiscal year 2013-14, the General Fund entered into an internal loan agreement with the Golf Course Enterprise Fund to finance the redemption of the 1997 Public Facilities Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds for Boundary Oak Golf Course and related transaction costs. The loan amount was \$442,756 with an interest rate of 2% per annum and annual payments of \$48,887 over a ten year period beginning in fiscal year 2014-15. The annual repayment schedule for the loan and related costs outstanding at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Year Ending								
June 30,	Principal		I	Interest		Total		
2016	\$	41,216	\$ 7,671		\$	48,887		
2017		42,048		6,839		48,887		
2018		42,897	5,990			48,887		
2019		43,763	5,124			48,887		
2020	44,646		44,646 4,241		4,241			48,887
2021-2024		187,785		7,768		195,553		
Total	\$	402,355	\$	37,633	\$	439,988		



5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

Long-Term Advances

Long-term advances to be repaid out of future earnings or charges at June 30, 2015, consisted of:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amou	nt
Major Funds			
General Fund	Fiduciary Fund		
	RDA Obligation Retirement Fund	\$	274,544
General Fund	Internal Service Fund		
	PERS Safety Side Fund Liability Fund		5,342,041
			5,616,585
Non Major Governmental Funds	Internal Service Fund		
*	PERS Safety Side Fund Liability Fund		1,500,000
Total		\$	7,116,585

Long-Term Advance to the Successor Agency RDA Obligation Retirement Fund

The City of Walnut Creek had constructed certain improvements in the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek Project Areas. The Redevelopment Agency had agreed to reimburse the City for the cost of these improvements, with interest, solely out of incremental property tax revenues remaining after Agency debt service payments. The Agency paid off the advance loan balance remaining on March 1, 2011. However, with the State's dissolution of redevelopment agencies per AB 1X 26, effective January 31, 2012 as amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, the Department of Finance, subsequent to a Due Diligence Review, denied the loan as an enforceable obligation of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency for the City of Walnut Creek. With the receipt of a Finding of Completion for the Long Range Asset Management Plan on October 3, 2013, AB1484 allowed loans between a public agency and redevelopment agencies and successor agencies to be paid. As a result, the Successor Agency's Oversight board made a finding that the loan was for legitimate purposes and approved the loan as an enforceable obligation in June, 2014. Advance payable represents a liability of the Successor Agency and amounted to \$274,544 as of June 30, 2015. The advance payable will be included on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) and upon a determination by the Department of Finance, it will be repaid accordingly.

Long Term Advance Between the City's Funds

In June 2010, the General Fund (as well as several non major funds) advanced \$12,526,994 to the PERS Safety Side Fund Liability internal service fund. The funds were used to payoff the City's portion of the unfunded liability resulting from the pooling of safety plans with fewer than 100 active plan members. Interest accrues on this advance in the amount of 3.5% annually. Repayments began in fiscal year 2010-11 and will conclude in fiscal year 2018-19. For the current year, principal and interest paid on the advance were \$1,376,644 and \$287,654, respectively. As of June 30, 2015 the total amount owed by the PERS Safety Side Fund Liability internal service fund was \$6,842,041.



5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

Transfers

Transfers for the period ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Fund Receiving Transfers	Fund Making Transfer	Amount Transferred	Notes
Major Funds			
General Fund	Non Major Governmenat Funds	\$ 704,969	С
	Internal Service Funds	238,229	b
	Enterprise Funds	,	
	Golf Course - City Administration	20,727	f
	Downtown Parking and Enhancement	100,000	e
	S	1,063,925	
		1 010 475	
Capital Investment Fund	General Fund	1,012,475	a
	Non Major Governmental Funds Enterprise Funds	4,040,551	a
	Downtown Parking and Enhancement	3,682	a
	Downtown ranking and Enhancement	5,056,708	и
		3,030,700	
Housing	General Fund	288,000	d
Non Major Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,279,674	d
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	2,150,000	b
Enterprise Funds			
Golf Course - City Administration	Boundary Oak - Onsite Contract Operations	805,000	b
Boundary Oak - Onsite Contract Operations	Golf Course - City Administration	50,000	b
Downtown Parking and Enhancement	General Fund	500,000	e
-		1,355,000	
Total		\$ 11,193,307	

- a. To fund various capital improvement projects.
- b. To fund the future replacement of various equipment.
- c. To fund traffic safety and public safety programs, streets, library and urban forestry.
- d. To fund open space, affordable housing programs and various capital improvements.
- e. To fund garage operations, downtown parking and transportation related projects.
- f. To fund support for administrative services.



6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2015, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Non-depreciable assets:			
Land	\$ 48,370,962	\$ 1,337,396	\$ 49,708,358
Construction in process	12,378,545	1,136,064	13,514,609
Total non-depreciable assets	60,749,507	2,473,460	63,222,967
Depreciable assets:			
Buildings	129,495,765	15,604,956	145,100,721
Improvement other than buildings	-	2,490,577	2,490,577
Machinery and equipment	8,183,692	3,749,970	11,933,662
Vehicles	8,733,786	502,594	9,236,380
Infrastructure	202,577,543		202,577,543
	348,990,786	22,348,097	371,338,883
Less accumulated depreciation	(175,412,672)	(12,961,607)	(188,374,279)
Total depreciable assets, net	173,578,114	9,386,490	182,964,604
Total capital assets	\$ 234,327,621	\$ 11,859,950	\$ 246,187,571



6. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements, Continued

The following is a summary of capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2015
Nondepreciable Assets:					
Land	\$ 48,436,942	\$ -	\$ (65,980)	\$ -	\$ 48,370,962
Construction in progress	5,590,440	8,569,056	-	(1,780,951)	12,378,545
Total nondepreciable assets	54,027,382	8,569,056	(65,980)	(1,780,951)	60,749,507
Depreciable Assets:					
Buildings	129,477,468	18,296	-		129,495,764
Machinery and equipment	7,498,176	685,515			8,183,691
Vehicles	7,922,767	1,172,303	(361,282)		8,733,788
Infrastructure	200,468,553	328,039	- 1,780,951		202,577,543
Total depreciable assets	345,366,964	2,204,153	(361,282)	1,780,951	348,990,786
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	(35,633,157)	(2,888,083)	-	-	(38,521,240)
Machinery and equipment	(3,686,126)	(795,024)	-	-	(4,481,150)
Vehicles	(5,318,590)	(651,765)	329,423	-	(5,640,932)
Infrastructure	(121,598,784)	(5,170,566)	-	-	(126,769,350)
Total accumulated depreciation	(157,308,526)	(9,505,438)	329,423		(175,412,672)
Depreciable assets, net	183,707,113	(7,301,285)	(31,859)		173,578,114
Total governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 233,157,689	\$ 1,267,771	\$ (97,839)	\$ -	\$ 234,327,621

Governmental activities depreciation expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Public protection	\$ 462,601
Public works	8,587,474
Community and economic development	9,810
Arts, recreation and cultural services	101,922
Administrative services	307,808
General government	35,823
Total depreciation expense	\$ 9,505,438

During the current period, property located at 1500 Mt. Diablo Blvd. was sold to BH Development per a Disposition and Development Agreement originally entered into September 2012 (amended January 2014). Net proceeds from the sale of land were \$2,467,400 and the gain on sale net of book value was \$2,401,420.



6. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements, Continued

The following is a summary of capital assets for business-type activities:

	Balance July 1, 2014			Balance June 30, 2015	
Nondepreciable Assets:					
Land	\$ 1,337,396	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,337,396	
Construction in progress	-	1,136,064	<u>-</u>	1,136,064	
Total nondepreciable assets	1,337,396	1,136,064		2,473,460	
Depreciable Assets:					
Buildings	15,604,956	-	-	15,604,956	
Improvements	2,455,649	34,927	-	2,490,576	
Equipment	3,546,070	203,900	-	3,749,970	
Vehicles	534,014	46,254	(77,672)	502,596	
Total depreciable assets	20,580,096	285,081	(77,672)	22,348,098	
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	(7,959,323)	(314,070)	-	(8,273,393)	
Improvements	(2,285,506)	(24,011)	-	(2,309,517)	
Equipment	(1,646,918)	(421,223)	-	(2,068,141)	
Vehicles	(343,207)	(45,022)	77,672	(310,557)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,414,409)	(804,326)	77,672	(12,961,608)	
Depreciable assets, net	9,165,687	(519,245)		9,386,490	
Total business-type activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 11,243,131	\$ 616,819	\$ -	\$ 11,859,950	

Depreciation expense for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2015, is as follows:

Golf Course/Clubhouse- City Administration	\$ 66,692
Boundary Oak - On Site Contract Operations	73,791
Downtown Parking and Enhancement	663,843
Total	\$ 804,326



7. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

		Balance ly 1, 2014	Debt Issued	Debt Retired	Balance ne 30, 2015	Due in one year		ie in more n one year
Governmental Activities Debt:								
Upgrade Streetlights to LED (PG&E Energy Efficiency Retroft Prg) Parking Lot and Garage ETAP Lighting	\$	177,947	\$ -	\$ (23,726)	\$ 154,221	\$ 23,726	\$	130,495
(PG&E Energy Efficiency Retroft Prg) Ford Motor Credit Vehicle Capital Lease		120,992	49,404	(14,519) (1,253)	106,473 48,151	14,519 15,548		91,954 32,603
Total governmental activities debt	\$	298,939	\$ 49,404	\$ (39,498)	\$ 308,845	\$ 53,793	\$	255,052
Business-Type Activities Debt:								
Capital Lease Obligation								
Garage Equpment Lease (Master Lease #2) Sun Trust Golf Course Equipment Lease Scott Valley Golf Course Equipment Lease #2 Mechanics Bank Golf Course Equipment Lease #3	\$	210,906 9,710 69,669	\$ - - 168,985	\$ (210,906) (9,710) (21,081) (29,177)	\$ 48,588 139,808	\$ 21,915 32,373	\$	26,673 107,435
Pinnacle Lease Financing Golf Course Clubhouse Improveme	nts		3,230,000	 -	3,230,000	18,753		3,211,247
Total business-type activities debt Total long-term debt	\$	290,285 589,224	3,398,985 3,448,389	\$ (270,874)	\$ 3,418,396 3,727,241	\$ 73,041 126,834	_	3,345,355 3,600,407
-								



7. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

Governmental Activities

A. <u>Loan Payable</u>

PG&E Energy Efficiency Retrofit Program Loan #1

During fiscal year 2011-12, the City entered into an Energy Efficiency Retrofit On -bill financing loan agreement with Pacific Gas & Electric for the cost of energy efficiency demand response equipment and services to upgrade streetlights to new light-emitting diode (LED) light fixtures. This loan was recorded at the acquisition cost of \$233,308 to be paid back monthly based on expected energy savings. The simple payback term, based on fixed monthly payments of \$1,977, is estimated to be approximately 9.75 years. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$154,221.

Year Ending	Fixed		
June 30,	Loan paymen		
2016	\$	23,726	
2017		23,726	
2018	23,726		
2019		23,726	
2020		23,726	
2021		35,591	
Total	\$	154,221	



7. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

Government Activities, continued

A. <u>Loan Payable</u>

PG&E Energy Efficiency Retrofit Program Loan #2

During fiscal year 2012-13, the City entered into an Energy Efficiency Retrofit On -bill financing loan agreement with Pacific Gas & Electric for the cost of installing new light-emitting diode (LED) light fixtures energy efficiency demand response equipment and service to City parking lots, garages and public service yards. This loan was recorded at the acquisition cost of \$145,190 to be paid back monthly based on expected energy savings. The simple payback term, based on fixed monthly payments of \$1,210, is estimated to be approximately 9.92 years. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$106,473.

Year Ending	Fixed		
June 30,	Loan payme		
2016	\$	14,519	
2017		14,519	
2018		14,519	
2019		14,519	
2020		14,519	
2021-2023		33,878	
Total	\$	106,473	



7. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

Government Activities, continued

B. <u>Capital Lease Obligation</u>

Ford Motor Credit Vehicle Lease

During fiscal year 2014-15, the City entered into a lease agreement for the financing of two vehicles for its engineering division. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, as title transfers at the end of the lease, and therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments of the date of inception. The equipment acquired under this lease agreement has been recorded at its acquisition cost of \$49,404.

The financing was obtained from Ford Motor Credit in May 2015 for \$49,404 with an interest rate of 2.15% and monthly payments of \$1,506.33 beginning June 2015 through May 2018 (the end of the lease). The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$48,151.

Year Ending	Master			
June 30,		Lease		
2016	\$	18,076		
2017		18,076		
2018		16,570		
Subtotal		52,722		
Less amount				
representing interest		4,571		
Present value of				
future lease payments	\$	48,151		



7. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

Business-Type Activities

B. <u>Capital Lease Obligation</u>

Garage Equipment Lease (Master Lease #2)

During fiscal year 2009-10, the City entered into a lease agreement for the financing of equipment for its parking garages. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, as title transfers at the end of the lease, and therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments of the date of inception. The equipment acquired under this lease agreement was recorded at its acquisition cost of \$974,673.

The financing was obtained from SunTrust Bank in July 2009 for \$974,673 with an interest rate of 4.0249% and annual payments of \$219,553 beginning July 2010 through July 2014 (the end of the lease). Final payment of \$210,906 was made during the fiscal year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$0.

Golf Course Equipment Lease #1

During fiscal year 2009-10, the City entered into a lease agreement for the financing of equipment for its golf course. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, as title transfers at the end of the lease, and therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments of the date of inception. The equipment acquired under this lease agreement was recorded at its acquisition cost of \$624,360.

The financing was obtained from Suntrust Bank in July 2009 for \$624,360 with an interest rate of 3.9% and monthly payments of \$12,516 through July 2012 and monthly payments of \$9,741 from August 2012 through July 2014 (the end of the lease). Final payment of \$9,710 was made during the current year. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$0.



7. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

Business-Type Activities, Continued

B. <u>Capital Lease Obligation</u>

Golf Course Equipment Lease #2

During fiscal year 2012-13, the City entered into a lease agreement for the financing of equipment for its golf course. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, as title transfers at the end of the lease, and therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments of the date of inception. The equipment acquired under this lease agreement was recorded at its acquisition cost of \$106,250.

The financing was obtained from Scott Valley Bank in June 2012 for \$106,250 with an interest rate of 3.9% and monthly payments of \$1,952.08 monthly payments beginning July 2012 through August 2017 (the end of the lease). The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$48,588.

Year Ending	1	Master
June 30,		Lease
2016	\$	23,425
2017		23,425
2018		3,904
Subtotal		50,754
Less amount		
representing interest		2,166
Present value of	<u>-</u>	
future lease payments	\$	48,588



7. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

Business-Type Activities, Continued

B. <u>Capital Lease Obligation</u>

Golf Course Equipment Lease #3

During fiscal year 2014-15, the City entered into a municipal lease-purchase agreement for the financing of tractor equipment for its golf course. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, as title transfers at the end of the lease, and therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments of the date of inception. The equipment acquired under this lease agreement will be recorded at its acquisition cost of \$168,985.

The financing was obtained from Mechanics Bank in July 2014 for \$168,985 with an interest rate of 3.59% and monthly payments of \$3,071.92 monthly payments beginning August 2014 through August 2019 (the end of the lease). The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$139,808.

Year Ending	Master			
June 30,		Lease		
2016	\$	36,863		
2017	\$	36,863		
2018		36,863		
2019		36,863		
2020		3,063		
Subtotal	150,515			
Less amount				
representing interest		10,707		
Present value of				
future lease payments	\$	139,808		



7. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

Business-Type Activities, Continued

C. Site and Facility Lease Obligation

During fiscal year 2014-15, the City entered into a site and facility tax-exempt lease agreement with Pinnacle Lease Financing to finance improvements at the Boundary Oak Golf Course Clubhouse. The capital lease obligation was recorded at a cost of \$3,230,000 with an interest rate of 2.32% to be paid back bi-annually beginning February 1, 2016 through February 1, 2028 (the end of the lease). The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$3,230,000.

Year Ending	Master			
June 30,	Lease			
2016	\$ 74,955			
2017	199,955			
2018	225,955			
2019	329,955			
2020	329,955			
2021-2025	1,649,774			
2026-2028	989,866			
Subtotal	 3,800,415			
Less amount				
representing interest	 570,415			
Present value of	 			
future lease payments	\$ 3,230,000			

Non-City Obligations

John Muir Medical Center

On January 15, 1994, the City acted as a financial intermediary in order to assist the John Muir Medical Center in issuing \$69,450,000 in variable rate demand bonds. The bonds are payable solely from revenues collected by John Muir Medical Center. The City has not included these bonds in its financial statements, since it is not legally or morally obligated for the repayment of the bonds. The amount of debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015 was \$14,845,000.

On October 29, 2009, the City acted as a financial intermediary in order to assist the John Muir Medical Center in issuing \$103,690,000 in revenue bonds. The bonds are payable solely from revenues collected by John Muir Medical Center. The City has not included these bonds in its financial statements, since it is not legally or morally obligated for the repayment of the bonds. The amount of debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015 was \$93,565,000.



8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	F	Balance						Balance	Dι	ue within	Dι	ue in more
	Jul	y 1, 2014	Α	dditions	D	eletions	Jui	ne 30, 2015	C	ne year	tha	an one year
Governmental Activities:	\$ 3	3,467,787	\$ 2	2,707,633	\$ (2	2,742,059)	\$	3,433,361	\$	192,274	\$	3,241,087
Business type Activities:	\$	78,679	\$	139,295	\$	(92,011)	\$	125,963	\$	125,963	\$	

The City's General Fund has been and continues to be the primary funding source for the liquidation of this obligation.

9. FUND EQUITY

Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2015, the following funds had deficit fund equity:

CDBG	\$ (54,853)
Enterprise Funds	
Boundary Oak - Onsite Contract Operations	\$ (15,198)
Internal Service Funds	
PERS Safety Side Fund Liability	\$ (6,842,041)
Private-purpose Trust Fund	
RDA Successor Agency	\$ (488,258)

The CDBG grant deficit equity balance will be reduced with anticipated program income from future loan repayments. The City plans to reduce the deficit equity balance in the Boundary Oak- onsite contract operations fund with future revenues generated by golf course and clubhouse operations. The PERS Safety Side Fund Liability will be reduced through repayment of the interfund advance from resources transferred from other funds. Private-purpose Trust fund negative equity represents debt service liability which will be funded with Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund ("RPTTF") deposits upon approval of Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS).



9. FUND EQUITY, Continued

In Governmental Funds, the segregate portions of fund balances are presented as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	General Fund	Sı	Housing uccessor Agency	H	Housing		CDBG		CDBG		Capital vestment Program	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Nonspendable														
Advance to other funds	\$ 5,616,585	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	5,616,585		
Inventory	38,497		-		-		-		-	-		38,497		
Interfund loan	402,355		-		-		-		-	-		402,355		
Prepaid expense	 174,899									 		174,899		
Total Nonspendable	6,232,336		-		-		-		-	-		6,232,336		
Restricted														
Capital projects	-		-		-		-		2,242,447	15,163,425		17,405,872		
Community & economic development	-		625,662		5,773,521		-		-	4,578,166		10,977,349		
Other purposes	-		-		-		-		-	6,053,273		6,053,273		
Street projects	-		-		-		-		-	6,548,660		6,548,660		
Total Restricted	-		625,662		5,773,521		-		2,242,447	32,343,524		40,985,154		
Committed														
Catastrophic emergency	7,672,469		-		-		-		-	-		7,672,469		
Compensated absences	192,274		-		-		-		-	-		192,274		
Dental claims	229,469		-		-		-		-	-		229,469		
Fiscal emergency	4,108,515		-		-		-		-	-		4,108,515		
Legal claims	3,000,000		-		-		-		-	-		3,000,000		
PERS liability	168,923		-		-		-		-	-		168,923		
Workers Compensation	1,673,959		-		-		-		-	-		1,673,959		
Total Committed	17,045,609		-		-		-		-	-		17,045,609		
Assigned														
ARCS Scholarships	54,070		-		-		-		-	-		54,070		
Capital Projects - General Fund														
Fund portion	5,144,649		-		-		-		-	-		5,144,649		
Contractual Commitments	 1,777,188									 		1,777,188		
Total Assigned	6,975,907		-		-		-		-	-		6,975,907		
Unassigned														
FY14-16 One-time revenues	1,158,059		-		-		-		-	-		1,158,059		
City Manager Contingency	72,000		-		-		-		-	-		72,000		
Council Contingency	100,000		-		-		-		-	-		100,000		
Unrealized Gain	38,391		-		-		-		-	-		38,391		
Unassigned (Deficit) Fund Balance	 12,714,348		-		-		(54,853)		-	 		12,659,495		
Total Unassigned	14,082,798		-		-		(54,853)		-	-		14,027,945		
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 44,336,650	\$	625,662	\$	5,773,521	\$	(54,853)	\$	2,242,447	\$ 32,343,524	\$	85,266,951		



9. FUND EQUITY, Continued

General Fund Committed Fund Balance

On June 7, 2011, the City Council of the City of Walnut Creek approved a revised reserve policy to establish a reserve for Fiscal Emergency offering a short-term solution to allow time to respond to economic changes and assess and plan for the future. In addition, the revised reserve policy changed the name of the Emergency Reserve to Catastrophic Emergency, and established that the City Council, by taking formal action, may commit General Fund balance for specific purposes and that these committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specific uses through the same formal action taken to establish the commitment. The reserve policies regarding available general fund reserves of committed fund balance as established and approved by the City Council including thresholds are as follows:

Catastrophic Emergency - To be used in the event of actual or threatened existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within this City caused by such conditions as fire, flood, storm, epidemic, riot, earthquake, nuclear disaster, tornado or terrorism. Policy is to set the minimum budgeted reserve equal to 10% of annual General Fund budgeted operating expenditures as recommended by the City Manager.

Compensated Absences – This reserve is to fund payouts of accumulated leave due upon separation from City employment that exceeds the regularly budgeted amounts for this purpose. Policy is to set a reserve equal to the projected one year liability based on the previous year's experience.

Dental Claims – This reserve is to fund dental self-insurance program claims against the City during the budget period that exceed the regularly budgeted amount for this purpose. Policy is to reserve an amount equal to six months of budgeted dental expenses.

Fiscal Emergency – This reserve is to cover declines of more than 5% of the combined revenues (projected or actual) of property tax, sales tax or departmental revenues or an increase of more than 10% in the combined expenditures (projected or actual) of California Public Employee Retirement System (PERS), medical insurance costs, utility costs (electric, gas and water) and fuel costs. Policy is to set aside an amount equal to 5% of annual General Fund revenue budget for property tax, sales tax and departmental revenue, plus 5% of the annual General Fund expenditure budget for PERS and medical costs as recommended by the City Manager.

Legal Claims – To pay claims awarded against the City during the budget period that exceed the regularly budgeted amount for this purpose. Policy is to reserve an amount based on the City's five year claim history, but no less than \$3 million.

PERS Liability – To provide funding set aside for PERS costs either to pay down future liabilities or smooth large increases anticipated for the next budget cycle, whichever is the most fiscally advantageous.

Worker's Compensation – This reserve is to pay workers compensation awards that exceed the regularly budgeted amount for this purpose. Policy is to set aside an amount equal to twice the annual expenses paid out over the previous five years, but no less than \$2 million. Available balance was loaned to fund the PERS Safety Side Fund liability prepayment made in June 2010; reserve is to be replenished based on repayment schedule as identified in loan summary document.



10. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Municipal Pooling Authority

The City is a member of the Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California (MPANC). The Authority provides coverage against the following types of loss risks under the terms of a joint-powers agreement with the City and several other cities and governmental agencies.

The Authority is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. The Board controls the operations of the Authority, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the Board. The Authority provides for its members general liability risk of loss both through pooled coverage and commercial insurance policies and for workers' compensation risk of loss through a commercial insurance policy for amounts above the self insured retention level.

The City's deposits with the Authority are in accordance with formulas established by the Authority. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating. The amount of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverages in each of the past three fiscal years.

Audited financial statements for the Authority are available from MPANC, 1911 San Miguel Drive, Suite 100, Walnut Creek, California 94596.

A summary of the latest available audited financial information as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$49,286,380
Total Liabilities	\$40,255,198
Total Equity	\$ 9,031,182
Total Revenues	\$18,849,755
Total Expenses	\$19,822,648
Net Change in Fund Equity	\$ (972,893)



10. RISK MANAGEMENT, Continued

B. Liability for Uninsured Claims

The City provides for the uninsured portion of claims and judgments in the General Fund. Claims and judgments, including a provision for claims incurred but not reported, are recorded when a loss is deemed probable of assertion and the amount of the loss is reasonably determinable. The City's liability for uninsured claims at June 30, 2015, was estimated by management and based on MPANC's claims experience and was computed as follows:

	General Liability				Workers' Compensation		Dental Claim n Liability		Total
Balance as of July 1, 2013	\$	553,080	\$	3,691,153	\$	-	\$ 4,244,233		
Claims incurred and changes									
in estimate		334,047		1,031,530		344,956	1,710,533		
Claims paid		(16,911)		(999,209)		(320,896)	 (1,337,016)		
Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$	870,216	\$	3,723,474	\$	24,060	\$ 4,617,750		
Balance as of July 1, 2014	\$	870,216	\$	3,723,474	\$	24,060	\$ 4,617,750		
Claims incurred and changes									
in estimate		(47,223)		140,644		380,779	474,200		
Claims paid		(26,018)		(778,798)		(381,279)	 (1,186,095)		
Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$	796,975	\$	3,085,320	\$	23,560	\$ 3,905,855		
Current portion as of June 30, 2015							\$ 1,186,095		
Long term portion as of June 30, 2015							\$ 2,719,760		



11. PENSION PLANS

CalPERS Safety and Miscellaneous Employees' Plans

The City contributes to the California Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. The miscellaneous employees of the City are part of a three-tier agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The safety employees are part of a three-tier cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publically available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, and assumptions at the CalPERS website.

A. Miscellaneous Plan, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The miscellaneous employees of the City are part of a three-tier agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The second tier retirement program provides a lower level of retirement benefits than the first tier. Employees hired after March 2, 2012 who meet eligibility requirements, are enrolled in the second tier program. The third tier program was implemented in January 2013 following the passage of AB340, Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) by the California Legislature. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, who were not previously enrolled in the PERS system elsewhere or who have had a break in service of at least 6 months are required to be enrolled in this retirement program which provides a benefit level that is lower than the first two tiers.

Benefits Provided

PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: The basic death benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and may be amended by city contracts with employee bargaining groups.



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

_		Miscellaneous	
_	Prior to	After	On or after
	March 2, 2012	March 2, 2012	January 1, 2013
Hire Date	Classic Tier 1	Classic Tier 2	PEPRA Tier 3
Formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-55	50-60	52-62
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	1.426% to 2.418%	1.092% to 2.418%	1% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7%	7%	6.75%
Required employer contribution rates	19.025%	19.025%	19.025%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employee's Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the average active employee contribution rate is 6.995 percent of annual pay, and the employer's contribution rate is 17.298 percent of annual payroll. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. It is the responsibility of the employer to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution. Miscellaneous participants (tier 1 and tier 2) are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary. Miscellaneous tier 3 participants are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary. In addition, the City is required to make an employer contribution at an actuarial determined rate of 19.025% of annual covered payroll for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for Miscellaneous Plan:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	320
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	363
Active employees	294
Total	977



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2014, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, rolled forward to June 30, 2014. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2013
Measurement Date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.5%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.0%
Projected Salary Increase	3.3% - 14.2% (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (2)
Mortality	Based on CalPERS Experience Study

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 2013 valuation were based on results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

Discount Rate, Continued

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. This difference was deemed immaterial to the agent multiple-employer plan. However, employers may determine the impact at the rate plan level for their own financial reporting purposes.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building- block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New		
	Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 (a)	Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.0%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for each Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The change in the Net Pension Liability for Miscellaneous Plan, measured as of June 30, 2014 follows:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 173,896,310	\$ 118,029,998	\$ 55,866,312	
Changes in the year:				
Service Cost	3,385,161	-	3,385,161	
Interest on the total pension liability	12,851,013	-	12,851,013	
Contribution - employer	-	3,536,720	(3,536,720)	
Contribution - employee	-	1,974,840	(1,974,840)	
Projected investment income	-	8,716,347	(8,716,347)	
Differences between projected and actual earning on				
plan investments	-	11,708,056	(11,708,056)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions	(8,484,112)	(8,484,112)		
Net changes	7,752,062	17,451,851	(9,699,789)	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 181,648,372	\$ 135,481,849	\$ 46,166,523	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City for Miscellaneous Plan, calculated using the discount rate for this Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage point lower or 1 - percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Discount Rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$69,402,204	\$46,166,523	\$26,859,905

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,203,376. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

	of Resources		of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	3,987,248		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings					
on plan investments			\$	(9,366,445)	
Total	\$	3,987,248	\$	(9,366,445)	

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\$3,987,248 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Deferred lows/(Inflows) f Resources
2016	\$ (2,341,611)
2017	(2,341,611)
2018	(2,341,611)
2019	(2,341,612)
Total	\$ (9,366,445)

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, the City reported a payable of \$4,755 or the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

B. Safety Plan, a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

As of the actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2013, the City's safety plan became part of a CalPERS Risk Pool for employers with less than 100 active plan members. When these risk pools were established, PERS assigned each entity in the pool a share of the unfunded liability. The safety employees are part of a three-tier cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The second tier retirement program provides a lower level of retirement benefits than the first tier. Employees hired on or after November 22, 2012 (sworn safety personnel) who meet eligibility requirements, are enrolled in the second tier program.



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

The third tier program was implemented in January 2013 following the passage of AB340 (PEPRA) by the California Legislature. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, who were not previously enrolled in the PERS system elsewhere or who have had a break in service of at least 6 months are required to be enrolled in this retirement program which provides a benefit level that is lower than the first two tiers.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: The basic death benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The Cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and may be amended by city contracts with employee bargaining groups

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

		Safety Plan	
	Prior to	On or After	On or after
	November 22, 2012	November 22, 2012	January 1, 2013
Hire Date	Classic Tier 1	Classic Tier 2	PEPRA Tier 3
Formula	3% @ 50	3% @ 55	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50-55	50-57
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	3.0%	2.4% to 3%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	9%	12.25%
Required employer contribution rates	29.556%	23.065%	12.250%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the active employee contribution rate is 8.980 percent of annual pay, and the average employer's contribution rate is 22.502 percent of annual payroll. Employer contributions rates may change if plan contracts are amended.



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

Contributions, continued

Safety plan participants (tier 1 and tier 2) are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary. Safety plan tier 3 participants are required to contribute 12.25% of their annual covered salary. In addition, the City is required to make an employer contribution at an actuarial determined rate of 29.556% (tier 1), 23.065% (tier 2), and 12.250% (tier 3) of annual covered payroll for the year ended June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense the Safety Plan as follows:

Contributions - employer Safety Plan

\$ 2,738,761

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2015, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liabili	
Total Net Pension Liability - Safety Plan	\$	27,203,344

The City's net pension liability for each Tier is measured as the proportionate share of net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Tiers is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Tier used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension liability based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Safety Plan as of June 30, 2013 and 2014 was as follows:

	Safety Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2013	0.44%
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.45%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.01%
•	



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,135,183. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Safety Plan			
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	0	f Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	2,738,761	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
plan investments		-		(8,213,588)
Changes in proportion and differences between City's				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		634,650		(417,451)
Total	\$	3,373,411	\$	(8,631,039)

\$2,738,761 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	(Classic Tier 1
Year ended June 30		
2015	\$	(1,826,737)
2016		(1,826,737)
2017		(1,872,066)
2018		(2,470,849)
Total	\$	(7,996,389)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

_	Safety Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2013
Measurement Date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.5%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.0%
Projected Salary Increase	3.3% - 14.2% (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (2)
Mortality	Based on CalPERS Experience Study

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. This difference was deemed immaterial to the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan. However, employers may determine the impact at the plan level for their own financial reporting purposes.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building- block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table on the next page reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New		
	Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 (a)	Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.0%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for each Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for Safety Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage point lower or 1 - percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Safety Plan					
		Current					
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase				
Discount Rate	6.50%	7.5%	8.5%				
Net Pension Liability	\$46,813,433	\$27,203,344	\$11,045,477				



11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

As of June 30, 2015, the City reported total net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for both Miscellaneous and Safety Plans as follows:

	Net Pension	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	Deferred Inflows of			
	Liability	of	of Resources		Resources			
Miscellaneous Plan	\$ 46,166,523	\$	3,987,248	\$	(9,366,445)			
Safety Plan	27,203,344		3,373,411		(8,631,039)			
Total	\$ 73,369,867	\$	7,360,659	\$	(17,997,484)			

Apple Retirement Plan

During 2008, the City implemented a defined contribution pension plan (Apple Plan) for all of its non-regular employees. The Apple Plan is administered by the Keenan & Associates.

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. All non-regular employees (except for those who exercised a one-time opt out during the initial implementation of the plan) are required to participate from the date of employment. Federal legislation requires contributions of at least 7.5% to a retirement plan, with the employees contributing 5% and the City contributing 2.5% of annual salary. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for Apple Plan are established and may be amended by the City Council. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the City's contributions and earnings.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, employee contributions totaled \$58,031, and the City recognized pension expense of \$29,017.

12. CONTINGENCIES

A. Lawsuits in the Normal Course of Business

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. With the exception of one lawsuit the resolution of which may include construction of public improvements that could cost between \$700,000 and \$8,000,000, management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City. Additionally, City management believes that the City's insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential damages should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

B. Grant Obligations

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may



12. CONTINGENCIES, Continued

constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Construction Commitments

The City had several outstanding or planned construction projects as of June 30, 2015. These projects are typically evidenced by contractual commitments with consultants and/or contractors, and include the major projects listed below:

Project Description		Amounts		
Roadway Maintenance	\$	5,665,968		
Larkey Pool Renovation		4,018,279		
Geary-Pleasant Hill Road to Putnam		2,419,402		
Safe Routes to School-San Juan Sidewalk		1,225,810		
Undergrounding of Utilities		986,296		
OBAG North Main Street Preservation Project		814,680		
Creekside Pedestrian and Transit Improvements		799,950		
In-Pavement Lights at Various Locations		651,429		
Building Exterior Maintenance		642,438		
Civic Drive at YVR Southbound Left Turn		600,000		
	\$	17,824,252		

13. RELATED PARTIES LOANS

Equity Loans to City Employees

The City can enter into agreements with City employees under which the City will contribute towards the purchase of residences for the City employees. An employment agreement further provides that the City receive an undivided ownership interest in such residence as tenant-in-common. If the residence is sold, the City will receive from 5% to 21% of the net sales proceeds (specified in each agreement) after deducting the cost of sale, escrow fees and the market value of capital improvements made by the owner. There was one new agreement entered into during the 2015 fiscal year. Total equity loans to City employees as of June 30, 2015 was \$400,000.

14. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2015 operating expenditures exceeded appropriations at the fund level (the legal level of budgetary control) for the following special revenue funds:

CDBG	\$ 13,802
Revolving Loan	\$ 20,000
Gas Tax	\$ 259,851



14. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS, Continued

These expenditures were funded by either greater than anticipated revenues or available reserves in these funds.

15. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES

A. Redevelopment Dissolution

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("The Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 17, 2012, the City Council of the City of Walnut Creek adopted Resolution 12-04 accepting for the City the role of Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek (the 'Successor Agency') and Resolution 12-05 electing to retain the housing assets and functions previously performed by the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek.

In addition, the Bill, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, direct the State Controller to review the activities of all redevelopment agencies and successor agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between an agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 11, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation purports to require the State Controller to order the asset returned to the redevelopment agency.

As required by ABx1 26, an Oversight Board was established to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency. The activities of the Successor Agency are subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which is comprised of seven members representing the County, the City and various education and special districts.

The non-housing activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency.

The activities of the Housing Successor are reported in the Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue Fund as the City has control of those assets, which may be used in accordance with the low and moderate income housing provisions of the California Redevelopment Law.

B. Due Diligence and Other Required Reviews

Non-Housing Funds Due Diligence Review

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 34179.6(c), the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek submitted an Oversight Board approved Non-Housing Funds Due Diligence Review to the California Department of Finance (DOF) on January 10, 2013. In March 2013, the DOF sent



15. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES, Continued

correspondence to the City questioning the request to retain \$2,629,381 to cover future obligations. The DOF indicated that thorough analysis demonstrating an immediate need to retain these balances was not evident. The City contended that future property tax revenues would be insufficient to meet enforceable obligations and requested a meet-and-confer session. On September 19, 2013, the DOF, after reviewing additional information, demanded payment totaling \$3,140,836 (which included an adjustment reducing total DOF determination by \$695,467). The full payment was made from the Private Purpose Trust Fund to the Contra Costa County Auditor Controller on September 25, 2013. The Auditor Controller has indicated the Non-Housing funds have been distributed to the taxing entities.

State Asset Transfer Review

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 34179.5, the State Controller's Office is required to review the records of the former redevelopment agency for asset transfers that took place after January; 1, 2011, between the city that created a redevelopment agency or any other public agency and the redevelopment agency through its termination on January 31, 2012. The State Controller's Office is required to order that such assets, except those that already had been committed to a third party prior to June 28, 2011, the effective date of ABx126, be turned over to the Successor Agency. The State Controller's Office issued a draft redevelopment asset transfer review report on April 17, 2013 requiring that \$12,390,834 in unallowable transfers to the City of Walnut Creek must be turned over the Successor Agency. The City responded to the findings of the initial asset transfer review report on April 25, 2013 with documentation refuting the contention that unallowable property transfers were made by the former Redevelopment Agency to the City of Walnut Creek as the Housing Successor entity.

The State Controller's Office (SCO) issued a (revised) findings draft report on September 10, 2013 asserting that \$3,081,949 in unallowable transfers to the City had occurred. These consisted of a advance repayment in the amount of \$274,644 and the transfer of two capital assets (properties located at 1250 Locust Street and 470, 480 & 490 Lawrence Way) totaling \$2,807,305. The City letter response dated September 30, 2013 reiterated that the repayment of the advance was not an asset transfer and specifically outlined the history and use and why the transfer of the Lawrence Way was appropriate. Nonetheless, the City received the State Controller's Asset Transfer Review report in December 2013 stating the City must turn over the two capital assets to the Successor Agency. In December 2013, the City transferred \$274,644 to the Successor Agency. Subsequently, in June 2014, the Oversight Board and the City approved a reimbursement agreement for the repayment of the balance of the 1988 loan. This amount will be included on future Recognized Obligation Payment Schedules (ROPS) as allowed. For the two properties, the Oversight Board approved the transfer of the properties; one property qualified for governmental use and the other property was subject to a 2008 Disposition and Development agreement. The DOF approved the transfers with regards to the City's intended usage with the approval of the Long-Range Property Management Plan.

Long-Range Property Management Plan

The Successor Agency received a Finding of Completion on October 3, 2013. Consequently, as required by SB341, a Long Range Property Management Plan (LRPMP) covering disposition of two sites was sent to the



15. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES, Continued

Department of Finance on January 16, 2014. An amendment to the LRPMP was sent along with corresponding Resolution No. 14-3, which together specified the proceeds from the sale of property located at 1250 Locust Street would be used to fund an enforceable obligation. On June 30, 2014 the Department of Finance issued their approval of the Agency's use or disposition of all the properties listed on the LRPMP. Cash and investments of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2015 are discussed in Note 2. Information presented in the following footnotes represents other assets and liabilities of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2015.

C LONG-TERM DEBT

As of June 30, 2015, the balances of the Successor Agency long-term debts are presented below:

		Balance	Debt Debt		Balance		Due in		Due in more			
	Jι	ıly 1, 2014	Is	sued	Retired		June 30, 2015		2015 one year		e year than one	
Bonds Payable:												
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2000	\$	1,500,000	\$	-	\$	(150,000)	\$	1,350,000	\$	160,000	\$	1,190,000
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 A		1,045,000		-		(260,000)		785,000		265,000		520,000
Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2003 B		190,000		-		(190,000)		-		-		-
bond issuance premium		16,785		-		(16,785)		-		-		
Total long-term debt	\$	3,872,379	\$	-	\$	(616,785)	\$	2,135,000	\$	425,000	\$	1,710,000

Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2000

Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$2,865,000 were issued by the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek on March 1, 2000. The Bonds were issued to provide funds for redevelopment activities within the Merged Project Area and other capital improvements, including seismic retrofits and other improvements to a City owned parking structure. The Bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$140,000 to \$230,000 through 2022. Interest rates range from 5.7% to 6.2% and is payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15. Bonds maturing on or after August 15, 2009, are subject to optional redemption at a premium of up to 1% plus accrued interest beginning August 15, 2008. Funding sources for the repayment are property tax revenue deposited into the Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust and used to pay obligations listed on the approved Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS). For the current year, total principal and interest paid on the tax allocation bonds series 2000 were \$150,000, and \$95,737 respectively. The total amount outstanding as of June 30, 2015, was \$1,350,000.



15. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES, Continued

C LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

The annual debt service requirements for the 2000 Tax Allocation Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2016	\$	160,000	\$	76,785	\$	236,785	
2017		170,000		67,130		237,130	
2018		180,000		56,805		236,805	
2019		190,000		45,795		235,795	
2020		205,000		34,023		239,023	
2021-2022		445,000		28,055		473,055	
Total	\$	1,350,000	\$	308,592	\$	1,658,592	

Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2003 A

Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$6,475,000 were issued by the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek on November 1, 2003. The Bonds were issued to refund and defease the 1993 Revenue Bonds, Series A and for other capital items, to acquire property in the Merged Project Area and relocate a Veterans Hall located on the property. The Bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$125,000 to \$545,000 through 2019. Interest rates range from 4.0% to 4.7% and is payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15. Bonds maturing on or after August 15, 2010, are subject to optional redemption at cost plus accrued interest beginning August 15, 2009. Funding sources for the repayment are tax revenue deposited into the Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund and used to pay obligations listed on the approved Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS). For the current year, principal and interest paid on the Series 2003 A Tax Allocation bonds were \$260,000 and \$40,695, respectively. The total amount outstanding as of June 30, 2015, was \$785,000.



15. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES, Continued

C LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

The annual debt service requirements for the Series 2003 A Tax Allocation Bonds, outstanding at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal		I1	nterest	Total
2016	\$	265,000	\$	29,473	\$ 294,473
2017		270,000		17,700	287,700
2018		125,000		8,750	133,750
2019		125,000		2,938	127,938
Total	\$	785,000	\$	58,860	\$ 843,860

Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2003 B

Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$2,335,000 were issued by the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek on November 1, 2003. The Bonds were issued to refund and defease the 1993 Revenue Bonds, Series A, and for other capital items, to acquire property in the Merged Project Area and relocate a Veterans Hall located on the property. The Bonds were issued at a premium of \$72,725, which will be amortized over the life of the Bonds on the Successor Agency Trust fund financial statements using the straight line method. The Bonds are due in annual principal installments. The interest rate is 6.0% and is payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15. Bonds maturing on or after August 15, 2010, are subject to optional redemption at cost plus accrued interest beginning August 15, 2010. Funding sources for the repayment are property tax revenue deposited into the Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust and used to pay obligations listed on the approved Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS). For the current year, principal and interest paid on the Series 2003 B Tax Allocation Bonds were \$190,000 and \$5,700, respectively. The bonds were paid in full on August 15, 2014.

The amount and term of the remainder of these commitments are indicated in the debt service to maturity tables presented above. The purposes for which the proceeds of the related debt issuances were utilized are disclosed in the debt descriptions in the accompanying notes. The former Agency's Tax Allocation Bonds are collateralized by the pledging of tax increment revenues. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, the pledge is on the overall property tax distributed by the State. Funds that formerly would have been distributed to the Redevelopment Agency as tax increment are now deposited into a Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust fund and used to pay obligations listed on the approved Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS).



15. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND (SUCCESSOR AGENCY) ACTIVITIES, Continued

C LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

Pursuant to Section 5.02 of the Indenture, the Successor Agency prepared a calculation of a) the total amount of Contra Costa County Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund ("RPTTF") deposits the Successor Agency is permitted to receive while the Bonds are outstanding and b) the aggregate amount of the debt service coming due and payable on the Bonds, any Parity Debt and outstanding Subordinate Debt, to the extent payable from the RPTTF.

As of the end of fiscal year 2014-15, a) the total remaining RPTTF deposits which the Successor Agency is permitted to receive is \$4,805,294 and b) the aggregate amount of debt service coming due and payable on the Bonds from the RPTTF is \$2,502,273.

As of June 30, 2015, the aggregate amount of RPTTF deposits which the Successor Agency is permitted to receive exceeds 105% (minimum requirement) of the aggregate amount of Annual Debt Service remaining to be paid on all Outstanding Bonds.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Police Mobile Data System Upgrade Equipment Lease

During fiscal year 2014-15, the City entered into a lease agreement for the financing of thirty-two mobile data terminals (MDTs) for its police patrol cars.

The financing was obtained from JP Morgan Chase Bank in June 2015 for \$233,648 with an interest rate of 2.258% and bi-annual payments of \$24,840 beginning December 2015 through June 2020 (the end of the lease). The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 is \$233,648.

The lease payable was not recorded in the current fiscal year financial statements as the equipment was not delivered until fiscal year 2016.

17. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATMENT

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB statement No. 27, and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date (an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68). Statement No. 71 amends Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability (December 31, 2013).

The implementation of the GASB Statement No. 68 required the City to record a beginning net pension liability and a deferred outflow of resources for contributions made after the measurement date.



17. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATMENT

The restatement of beginning net position of the governmental activities is summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net position at July 1, 2014, as previously stated	\$320,598,808
Net Pension Liability	(91,888,043)
Deferred Outflow adjustment - Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Differences between City's contributions and	6,911,353
proportionate share of contributions	(566,540)
Total adjustments	(85,543,230)
Net position at July 1, 2014, as restated	\$235,055,578

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Walnut Creek Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2015

1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City adopts a budget biannually to be effective July 1 for the ensuing two year period, including annual budgets for each of the two years. Budgeted expenditures are adopted through the passage of a resolution. This resolution constitutes the maximum authorized expenditures for the two year period and cannot legally be exceeded except by subsequent amendments of the budget by the City Council.

An operating budget is adopted every two years for the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, including annual budgets for each of the two years. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budgets to review all appropriations and sources of financing. Capital projects are budgeted by the City over the term of the individual projects. Since capital projects are not budgeted on an annual basis, they are not included in the budgetary data.

Expenditures are controlled at the fund level for all budgeted departments within the City. This is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. Budgeted amounts for the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) – Budget and Actual include budget amendments approved by the City Council.

The budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Any amendments or transfers of appropriations between object group levels within the same department must be authorized by the City Manager. Any amendments to the total level of appropriations for a fund or transfers between funds must be approved by the City Council. Supplemental appropriations financed by unanticipated revenues during the year must be approved by the City Council.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assignments of fund balances and do not constitute GAAP basis expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. The commitments will be reappropriated and honored in the subsequent year.



City of Walnut Creek Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2015

2. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

City of Walnut Creek Miscellaneous Plan, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last Ten Years*

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	2015		
Measurement date	June 30, 2014		
Total pension liability	<u>'</u>		
Service cost	\$	3,385,161	
Interest		12,851,013	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	
Changes in assumptions		-	
Changes in benefits		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(8,484,112)	
Net change in total pension liability		7,752,062	
Total pension liability beginning		173,896,310	
Total pension liability ending (a)	\$	181,648,372	
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	3,356,720	
Contributions - employee		1,974,840	
Net investment income		20,424,403	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(8,484,112)	
Net change in fiduciary net position		17,271,851	
Plan fiduciary net position beginning		118,029,998	
Plan fiduciary net position ending (b)	\$	135,481,849	
Net pension liability ending (a) - (b)	\$	46,166,523	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability		74.58%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	21,223,570	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee			
payroll		217.52%	



City of Walnut Creek Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2015

City of Walnut Creek Miscellaneous Plan, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last Ten Years* Schedule of Contributions

	2015	
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 3,987,248	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	3,987,248	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,148,123	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.00%	
Notes to Schedule		
Valuation date:	June 30, 2012	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:		
Single and Agent Employers Example	Entry age Normal	
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll	
Asset valuation method	15 Year Smoothed Market	
Inflation	2.75%	
Salary Increase	3.3% to 14.20%	
	depending on Age,	
	Service, and type of	
	employment.	
	7.5%, Net of Pension	
Investment Rate of Return	Plan Investment and	
	Administrative expenses,	
	including inflation.	
Retirement age	55 years	
Mortality	Based on CalPERS Experien	ce Stu

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only one year is shown.



City of Walnut Creek Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2015

City Walnut Creek Safety Plan, a Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last Ten Years*

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.43718%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 27,203,344
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 9,220,099
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	295.04%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	79.82%

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only one year is shown.



City of Walnut Creek Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2015

City of Walnut Creek Safety Plan, a Cost Share Plan Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last Ten Years*
Schedule of Contributions

	2015
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 2,738,761 2,738,761
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,404,426
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	29.12%

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only one year is shown.

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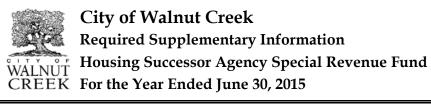
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



City of Walnut Creek Required Supplementary Information - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

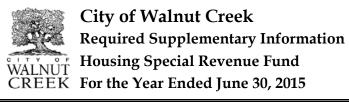
<u>Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund</u>

	Budgeted Amount						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		Vegative)	
REVENUES:									
Taxes									
Sales and use	\$	20,006,000	\$	21,240,000	\$	22,260,634	\$	1,020,634	
Property		17,337,436		18,038,894		18,491,518		452,624	
Business license		2,014,058		2,014,058		2,223,848		209,790	
Franchise		3,164,980		3,164,980		3,425,481		260,501	
Transient occupancy tax		1,690,946		1,690,946		1,941,665		250,719	
Other		402,075		682,075		743,599		61,524	
Intergovernmental		460,545		1,017,045		692,903		(324,142)	
Investment and rental income		809,381		977,881		1,021,718		43,837	
Charges for services		15,677,001		16,251,301		18,677,168		2,425,867	
Licenses, permits and fees		2,461,415		2,901,415		2,251,823		(649,592)	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		11,239,205		11,224,496		10,828,777		(395,719)	
Total revenues		75,263,042		79,203,091		82,559,134		3,356,043	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public protection		23,313,847		23,750,693		23,250,156		500,537	
Public works		17,657,504		18,289,737		17,353,746		935,991	
Community and economic development		6,694,955		7,533,007		6,487,100		1,045,907	
Arts, recreation and community services		15,007,100		15,313,373		14,648,772		664,601	
Administrative services		4,648,685		5,127,406		4,259,920		867,486	
Human resources		1,174,853		1,333,611		1,270,976		62,635	
General government		4,387,880		5,203,627		4,949,928		253,699	
Capital oulay:									
Public ways and facilities and equipment		-		-		49,404		(49,404)	
Debt Service:									
Principal retirement		38,243		38,243		39,498		(1,255)	
Total expenditures		72,923,067		76,589,697		72,309,500		4,280,197	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,339,975		2,613,394		10,249,634		7,636,240	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Capital lease		-		-		49,404		(49,404)	
Proceeds from sale of assets		2,465,000		2,465,000		2,467,400		(2,400)	
Transfers in		1,925,571		2,022,400		1,063,925		(958,475)	
Transfers (out)		(2,716,734)		(6,823,069)		(5,230,149)		1,592,920	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,673,837		(2,335,669)		(1,649,420)		582,641	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING					-				
SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES									
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	4,013,812	\$	277,725	\$	8,600,214	\$	8,322,489	
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year						35,736,436			
End of year					\$	44,336,650			



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted	Amo	unte	Actual	Fina	ance with Budget - ositive
	 Dudgeted Original	Allio	Final	mounts	(Negative)	
	 rigiliai		1111(11	 inounts	(14)	egative)
REVENUES:						
Investment and rental income	\$ 1,000	\$	26,000	\$ 48,894	\$	22,894
Other	65,000		254,000	241,286		(12,714)
Total revenues	 66,000		280,000	 290,180		10,180
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Housing	112,923		47,923	23,395		24,528
Total expenditures	 112,923		47,923	 23,395		24,528
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (46,923)		232,077	 266,785		34,708
Net change in fund balance	\$ (46,923)	\$	232,077	266,785	\$	34,708
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				358,877		
End of year				\$ 625,662		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Housing Special Revenue Fund

		Budgeted	Amo	vunts	Actual	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	(Original Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:				_			
Charge for Services	\$	7,668,728	\$	4,246,595	\$ 4,246,595	\$	-
Investment and rental income		5,900		30,900	42,743		11,843
Other		6,870		31,870	29,255		(2,615)
Total revenues		7,681,498		4,309,365	 4,318,593		9,228
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community and economic development		292,463		317,342	140,891		176,451
Housing		7,931,813		2,992,404	3,062,711		(70,307)
Total expenditures		8,224,276		3,309,746	 3,203,602		106,144
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(542,778)		999,619	 1,114,991		115,372
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfer in		288,000		288,000	 288,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		288,000		288,000	 288,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$	(254,778)	\$	1,287,619	1,402,991	\$	115,372
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 4,370,530		
End of year					\$ 5,773,521		

End of year

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change	es in Fund Balances	- Budget and A	ctual		
CDBG Special Revenue Fund		· ·		Variance with	
				Final Budget -	
		d Amounts	Actual	Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Investment and rental income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,572	\$ 3,572	
Intergovernmental	232,215	135,111	70,111	(65,000)	
Other revenue		85,500	74,130	(11,370)	
Total revenues	232,215	220,611	147,813	(72,798)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Community and economic development	63,000	138,000	137,983	17	
Housing	164,864	50,864	64,683	(13,819)	
Total expenditures	227,864	188,864	202,666	(13,802)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,351	31,747	(54,853)	(86,600)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 4,351	\$ 31,747	(54,853.00)	\$ (86,600)	
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year					

(54,853)

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds:

Library Parcel Tax - accounts for assessments to Walnut Creek residents from taxes levied by the City (related to Measure Q) to fund additional hours of service at both City library locations

General Plan Update- accounts for fees imposed on developers to be used to recover costs associated with preparation of the Environmental Impact Report and Specific Plan certified and adopted by Council, respectively, in July 2010

Open Space - accounts for receipts and expenditures related to designated open space and facilities, including Borges Ranch

Revolving Loans - accounts for various loan obligations to the City, including for sidewalk repair

Traffic Safety / Police Grants - accounts for fines paid to the City from the State Motor Vehicle Code and from Police Related Grants to be used for public safety purposes

Public Education Government (PEG) Access Fees / Grants - to account for funds received from local cable companies to be used for funding local public education and government access stations

Gas Tax- accounts for State Gas Tax Funds to be used for street construction and maintenance

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) - accounts for assessments to Walnut Creek property owners for drainage related expenditures

Measure J - accounts for monies received from voter approved Measure J to be used for street construction, repair and maintenance and bicycle pathways

Shadelands Park Maintenance - accounts for surplus monies transferred from the assessment redemption and improvement district funds for, and to be applied to, the maintenance of improvements or any portion thereof acquired and/or constructed in Shadelands Park

Shadelands Property and Business Improvement District - accounts for a benefit assessment district whose purpose is to provide improvements and activities which constitute and create a special benefit to assessed parcels within the 240 acre Shadelands business park.

Alternative Energy - accounts for monies received from energy saving rebates to be used for future energy efficiency and conservation projects

Traffic Congestion Relief - accounts for monies apportioned under Proposition 42 by the State of California, which must be used for local street and road repairs

Capital Project Funds:

In Lieu Underground - accounts for receipts from fees imposed on developers to provide for underground utilities

Storm Drain - accounts for receipts from fees imposed on developers to provide for storm drain improvements

Traffic Impact Mitigation Fund accounts for receipts and expenditures from fees imposed on developers to pay for transportation improvements.

Other In Lieu / Mitigation - accounts for receipts from fees imposed on developers to provide for improvements for Creek Restoration, Public Art, Tree Mitigation and traffic circulation improvements

In Lieu Park - accounts for receipts from fees imposed on developers to provide for City park or recreational improvements

In Lieu Parking - accounts for receipts from fees imposed on developers to provide for parking facilities improvements

Local Improvement Districts - accounts for the construction of public improvements, designed to benefit the properties for which the special assessments are levied



City of Walnut Creek Combining Balance Sheet

Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

					Spec	cial Revenue				
		Library Parcel	Ger	neral Plan		Open	Revolving		Traffic Safety/	
	Tax		Update			Space		Loans	Police Grants	
ASSETS										
Current:										
Cash and investments	\$	735,732	\$	718,647	\$	58,539	\$	616,994	\$	16,003
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		1,129		10,202		-		129,880
Interest receivable		420		1,093		-		967		123
Prepaid expense		67,420		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans receivable		-		-		-		400,000		652,926
Advances to other funds										
Total assets	\$	803,572	\$	720,869	\$	68,741	\$	1,017,961	\$	798,932
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BA	ALAN	CES								
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	55,333	\$	206	\$	55,892	\$		\$	6,858
Accrued payroll	Ψ	33,333	Ψ	200	Ψ	12,849	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,902
Due to other funds		_		_		12,047		_		2,702
Unearned revenue		_		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities		55,333		206		68,741				9,760
Deferred Inflow of Resources:										
Unavailable resources-notes and loans		_		_		_		400,000		652,926
Total deferred inflows of resources		-				-		400,000		652,926
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		-		-		_		_		_
Restricted		748,239		720,663		-		617,961		136,246
Assigned				-				-		-
Total fund balances		748,239		720,663		-		617,961		136,246
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	803,572	\$	720,869	\$	68,741	\$	1,017,961	\$	798,932

					5	pecial Revenue						
Ac	PEG ccess Fees/ Grants		Gas Tax	NPDES		Shadelands Park Measure J Maintenance		Shadelands Property and Business Improvement District		Alternative Energy		
	Grants	_	Gas Tax	 NI DES		Weasure j	IVI	antienance	improvement District		шегду	
\$	2,416,161	\$	3,032,375	\$ 3,154,489	\$	2,512,626	\$	1,219,871	\$	142,256	\$	29,755
	100,199		-	310		-		-		-		-
	3,811		5,603	5,003		3,096		1,903		129		43
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		994,497		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
	600,000			 -		-		900,000		-		
\$	3,120,171	\$	3,037,978	\$ 3,159,802	\$	3,510,219	\$	2,121,774	\$	142,385	\$	29,798
\$	8,921 5,917	\$	-	\$ 5,582 6,726	\$	-	\$	-	\$	138,454	\$	-
	5,917		-	6,726		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-		
	14,838	-	_	 12,308	-			-		138,454		-
	<u> </u>			· · · · · ·						<u> </u>		
	-		-	-				-		-		-
				 -				-		-		
	-		-	_		_		-		-		
	3,105,333		3,037,978	3,147,494		3,510,219 -		2,121,774 -		3,931		29,798
	3,105,333		3,037,978	3,147,494		3,510,219		2,121,774		3,931		29,798
\$	3,120,171	\$	3,037,978	\$ 3,159,802	\$	3,510,219	\$	2,121,774	\$	142,385	\$	29,798



City of Walnut Creek Combining Balance Sheet, Continued Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

	Special Revenue	-		Capi	ital Project		
	Traffic Congestion Relief	In Lieu Underground	Storm Drain	Traffic Impact Mitigation	Other In Lieu / Mitigation Fees	In Lieu Park	
ASSETS							
Current:							
Cash and investments	\$ 462	\$ 1,839,862	\$ 492,402	\$ 6,931,225	\$ 822,315	\$ 3,720,793	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	-	-		-	-	
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	5,336	-	16,000	
Interest receivable	1	2,883	771	10,893	1,348	5,807	
Prepaid expense		-	-	-	-	-	
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Due from other funds	-	-	-		-	-	
Notes and loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances to other funds		. <u>-</u>	. <u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
Total assets	\$ 463	\$ 1,842,745	\$ 493,173	\$ 6,947,454	\$ 823,663	\$ 3,742,600	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND B	SALANCES						
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Accrued payroll	-	-	-	-	-	=	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	=	
Deferred revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total liabilities		· <u> </u>		-	-		
Deferred Inflow of Resources:							
Unavailable resources-notes and loans		-	-	-	-		
Total deferred inflow of resources			-	-	-		
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Restricted	463	1,842,745	493,173	6,947,454	823,663	3,742,600	
Assigned		-	-	-			
Total fund balances	463	1,842,745	493,173	6,947,454	823,663	3,742,600	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 463	\$ 1,842,745	\$ 493,173	\$ 6,947,454	\$ 823,663	\$ 3,742,600	
						(Continued)	

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		Capita	al Project			_
			Local			
		Imj	provement	То	tals	
In L	ieu Parking	1	Districts	2015		2014
\$	356,756	\$	954,978	\$ 29,772,241	\$	29,549,172
	-		-	-		-
	-		-	263,056		686,010
	559		1,497	45,950		44,693
	-		-	67,420		-
	-		-	994,497		923,467
	-		-	-		-
	-		-	1,052,926		437,926
				 1,500,000		1,900,000
\$	357,315	\$	956,475	\$ 33,696,090	\$	33,541,268
				 	-	
\$	-	\$	_	\$ 271,246	\$	305,783
	-		-	28,394		24,028
	-		_	_		287,894
	-		-	-		14,490
	_	-	_	299,640		632,195
-		-		 	-	
			-	 1,052,926		437,926
	-		-	1,052,926		437,926
		-		,		
	_		_	-		1,900,000
	357,315		956,475	32,343,524		29,390,805
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		1,180,342
	357,315		956,475	32,343,524		32,471,147
\$	357,315	\$	956,475	\$ 33,696,090	\$	33,541,268



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

			Special Revenue		
	Library Parcel Tax	General Plan Update	Open Space	Revolving Loans	Traffic Safety/ Police Grants
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Sales and use	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Property	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	537,550	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	1,180,093
Investment and rental income	3,533	4,669	61,163	4,593	755
Charges for services	-	-	45,656	-	30,502
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenues		244,947			8,625
Total revenues	3,533	249,616	644,369	4,593	1,219,975
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public protection	-	-	-	-	383,727
Public works	-	-	1,146,941	-	30,774
Community and economic development	-	9,026	-	65,000	92,333
Housing	-	-	-	-	550,000
Arts, recreation and community services	864,602	-	-	-	50,105
General government	-				
Total expenditures	864,602	9,026	1,146,941	65,000	1,106,939
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(861,069)	240,590	(502,572)	(60,407)	113,036
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	744,262	-	502,572	-	22,840
Transfers (out)					(18,169)
Total other financing sources (uses)	744,262		502,572		4,671
Net change in fund balances	(116,807)	240,590	-	(60,407)	117,707
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of the year	865,046	480,073		678,368	18,539
End of the year	\$ 748,239	\$ 720,663	\$ -	\$ 617,961	\$ 136,246

PEG Access Fees/ Grants	Gas Tax	Gas Tax NPDES		Shadelands Park Maintenance	Shadelands Property and Business Improvement District	Alternative Energy	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,482,729	\$ -	\$ -	\$	
-	-	1,047,036	-	-	352,051		
-	1,682,076	-	-	-	-		
52,262	26,865	23,314	13,100	8,936	414	19	
387,465	-	-	-	-	-		
- 1,869	-	-	-	31,500	-	7,70	
441,596	1,708,941	1,070,350	1,495,829	40,436	352,465	7,89	
- - -	- - -	1,100,968 - - -	- - -	- - -	348,534 - -		
505,348							
505,348		1,100,968			348,534		
(63,752)	1,708,941	(30,618)	1,495,829	40,436	3,931	7,89	
- -	(3,192,851)	-	(1,035,023)	-	- -		
-	(3,192,851)		(1,035,023)				
(63,752)	(1,483,910)	(30,618)	460,806	40,436	3,931	7,8	
3,169,085	4,521,888	3,178,112	3,049,413	2,081,338	-	21,9	
\$ 3,105,333	\$ 3,037,978	\$ 3,147,494	\$ 3,510,219	\$ 2,121,774	\$ 3,931	\$ 29,79	

(Continued)



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Non-Major Governmental Funds (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

	Special Revenue	Capital Project				
	Traffic Congestion Relief	In Lieu Underground	Storm Drain	Traffic Impact Mitigation		
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Sales and use	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Property	-	-	-	=		
Other	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-		
Investment and rental income	3	13,616	3,644	51,111		
Charges for services	-	-	-	-		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-		
Other revenues		·		372,174		
Total revenues	3	13,616	3,644	423,285		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public protection	-	-	-	-		
Public works	-	-	-	954		
Community and economic development	-	-	-	-		
Housing	-	-	-	-		
Arts, recreation and cultural Services	-	-	-	-		
General government		<u>-</u>				
Total expenditures	-	-	_	954		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3	13,616	3,644	422,331		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-		
Transfers (out)		. <u>-</u>		(185,853)		
	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	·		(185,853)		
Net change in fund balances	3	13,616	3,644	236,478		
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of the year	460	1,829,129	489,529	6,710,976		
End of the year	\$ 463	\$ 1,842,745	\$ 493,173	\$ 6,947,454		

		Capital Project			
			Local		
Other In Lieu /			Improvement		otals
Mitigation Fees	In Lieu Park	In Lieu Parking	Districts	2015	2014
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,482,729	\$ 923,467
-	-	-	-	352,051	-
-	-	-	-	1,584,586	1,633,483
-	-	-	-	2,862,169	2,729,814
6,404	26,823	2,572	7,068	311,038	252,408
217,420	-	30,870	-	711,913	471,676
-	-	-	-	-	150,352
	518,000			1,184,819	3,101,480
223,824	544,823	33,442	7,068	8,489,305	9,262,680
-	-	-	-	383,727	364,937
1,000	1,769	-	-	2,282,406	2,137,540
-	-	-	-	514,893	549,076
-	-	-	-	550,000	-
-	-	-	-	914,707	888,149
				505,348	339,791
1,000	1,769			5,151,081	4,279,493
222,824	543,054	33,442	7,068	3,338,224	4,983,187
10,000				1,279,674	1,922,257
(114,001)	(199,624)	-	-	(4,745,521)	(4,292,620
(104,001)	(199,624)			(3,465,847)	(2,370,363
118,823	343,430	33,442	7,068	(127,623)	2,612,824
704,840	3,399,170	323,873	949,407	32,471,147	29,858,323
\$ 823,663	\$ 3,742,600	\$ 357,315	\$ 956,475	\$ 32,343,524	\$ 32,471,147



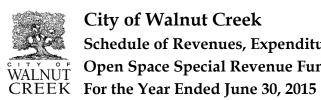
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual Library Parcel Tax Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Investment and rental income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,533	\$ 3,533
Total revenues			3,533	3,533
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Arts, recreation and community services	882,705	892,202	864,602	27,600
Total expenditures	882,705	892,202	864,602	27,600
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(882,705)	(892,202)	(861,069)	31,133
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfer in	234,262	744,262	744,262	
Total other financing sources (uses)	234,262	744,262	744,262	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (648,443)	\$ (147,940)	(116,807)	\$ 31,133
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			865,046	
End of year			\$ 748,239	



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual General Plan Update Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Investment and rental income Other revenue	\$	1,000 125,000	\$	1,000 213,500	\$	4,669 244,947	\$	3,669 31,447
Total revenues		126,000		214,500		249,616		35,116
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Community and economic development		50,000		59,349		9,026		50,323
Total expenditures		50,000		59,349		9,026		50,323
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				155,151		240,590		85,439
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	155,151		240,590	\$	85,439
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						480,073		
End of year					\$	720,663		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actua Open Space Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:						
Other taxes	\$ 420,113	\$ 537,113	\$ 537,550	\$ 437		
Investment and rental income	44,000	59,000	61,163	2,163		
Charges for services	35,454	45,654	45,656	2		
Total revenues	499,567	641,767	644,369	2,602		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works	1,194,039	1,287,534	1,146,941	140,593		
Total expenditures	1,194,039	1,287,534	1,146,941	140,593		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(694,472)	(645,767)	(502,572)	143,195		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfer in	694,472	787,967	502,572	(285,395)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	694,472	787,967	502,572	(285,395)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 142,200	-	\$ (142,200)		
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year						
End of year			\$ -			



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual Revolving Loans Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Investment and rental income	\$	2,600	\$	2,600	\$ 4,593	\$	1,993
Other revenue		145,000		145,000	 		(145,000)
Total revenues		147,600		147,600	4,593		(143,007)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Community and economic development		45,000		45,000	65,000		(20,000)
Total expenditures		45,000		45,000	65,000		(20,000)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		102,600		102,600	(60,407)		(163,007)
Net change in fund balance	\$	102,600	\$	102,600	(60,407)	\$	(163,007)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 678,368		
End of year					\$ 617,961		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual Traffic Safety/Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Charge for Services	\$ -	\$ 40,100	\$ 30,502	\$ (9,598)	
Intergovernmental	650,000	1,116,275	1,180,093	63,818	
Investment and rental income	-	-	755	755	
Other		10,625	8,625	(2,000)	
Total revenues	650,000	1,167,000	1,219,975	52,975	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public protection	100,000	474,913	383,727	91,186	
Public works	-	-	30,774	(30,774)	
Community and economic development	-	91,345	92,333	(988)	
Housing	550,000	550,000	550,000	-	
Arts, recreation and community services	-	63,295	50,105	13,190	
Total expenditures	650,000	1,179,553	1,106,939	72,614	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(12,553)	113,036	125,589	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfer in	-	22,840	22,840	-	
Transfer (out)			(18,169)	(18,169)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		22,840	4,671	(18,169)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 10,287	117,707	\$ 107,420	
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			18,539		
End of year			\$ 136,246		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual PEG Access Fees/Grants Special Revenue Fund

	(Budgeted Driginal	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget - Positive Jegative)
REVENUES:							
Investment and rental income	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$ 52,262	\$	45,262
Charges for services		317,868		317,868	387,465		69,597
Other revenue		35,000		35,000	1,869		(33,131)
Total revenues		359,868		359,868	441,596		81,728
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
General government		600,442		659,042	505,348		153,694
Total expenditures		600,442		659,042	 505,348		153,694
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(240,574)	-	(299,174)	(63,752)		235,422
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfer in		400,000		400,000			(400,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		400,000		400,000	 		(400,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	159,426	\$	100,826	(63,752)	\$	(164,578)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					 3,169,085		
End of year					\$ 3,105,333		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:						_		_
Intergovernmental Investment and rental income	\$	1,670,212 10,200	\$	1,893,863 25,000	\$	1,682,076 26,865	\$	(211,787) 1,865
Total revenues		1,680,412		1,918,863		1,708,941		(209,922)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,680,412		1,918,863		1,708,941		(209,922)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfer (out)		(2,933,000)		(2,933,000)		(3,192,851)		(259,851)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,933,000)		(2,933,000)		(3,192,851)		(259,851)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,252,588)	\$	(1,014,137)		(1,483,910)	\$	(469,773)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						4,521,888		
End of year					\$	3,037,978		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual NPDES Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Other taxes	\$	1,235,400	\$	1,235,400	\$	1,047,036	\$	(188,364)
Investment and rental income		8,200		23,900		23,314		(586)
Other revenue		2,000		2,000				(2,000)
Total revenues		1,245,600		1,261,300		1,070,350		(190,950)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		1,414,622		1,416,293		1,100,968		315,325
Total expenditures		1,414,622		1,416,293		1,100,968		315,325
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(169,022)		(154,993)		(30,618)		124,375
Net change in fund balance	\$	(169,022)	\$	(154,993)		(30,618)	\$	124,375
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						3,178,112		
End of year					\$	3,147,494		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual Measure J Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:					
Sales and use tax Investment and rental income	\$ 920,820 7,100	\$ 1,482,820 7,100	\$ 1,482,729 13,100	\$ (91) 6,000	
Total revenues	927,920	1,489,920	1,495,829	5,909	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	927,920	1,489,920	1,495,829	5,909	
Transfer (out)	(2,292,000)	(2,292,000)	(1,035,023)	1,256,977	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,292,000)	(2,292,000)	(1,035,023)	1,256,977	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,364,080)	\$ (802,080)	460,806	\$ 1,262,886	
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			3,049,413		
End of year			\$ 3,510,219		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual Shadelands Park Maintenance Special Revenue Fund WALNUT Shadelands Park Maintenance Sp CREEK For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Investment and rental income Other	\$	3,700 31,500	\$	3,700 31,500	\$	8,936 31,500	\$	5,236 -
Total revenues		35,200		35,200		40,436		5,236
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		35,200		35,200		40,436		5,236
Net change in fund balance	\$	35,200	\$	35,200		40,436	\$	5,236
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						2,081,338		
End of year					\$	2,121,774		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual Shadelands Property and Business Improvement District Special Revenue Fund WALNUT Snadelands Property and Busines CREEK For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES:	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES.					
Property tax	\$ -	\$ 385,000	\$ 352,051	\$ (32,949)	
Investment and rental income			414	414	
Total revenues	-	385,000	352,465	(32,535)	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development		375,000	348,534	26,466	
Total expenditures		375,000	348,534	26,466	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Net change in fund balance	\$ -	10,000 \$ 10,000	3,931	(6,069)	
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year					
End of year			\$ 3,931		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Alternative Energy Special Revenue Fund

REVENUES:	Budgeted Ar Original		Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Investment and rental income	\$	_	\$	_	\$	193	\$	193
Other revenue	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	7,704	Ψ	(2,296)
Total revenues		10,000		10,000		7,897		(2,103)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		10,000		10,000		7,897		(2,103)
Net change in fund balance	\$	10,000	\$	10,000		7,897	\$	(2,103)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						21,901		
End of year					\$	29,798		



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual Traffic Congestion Relief Special Revenue Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Fina		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Investment and rental income	\$ -	\$	<u>- :</u>	\$ 3	\$	3
Total revenues				3		3
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			<u>-</u> _	3		3
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	3	\$	3
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year			_	460		
End of year			_:	\$ 463		



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis and to accumulate funds for the future replacement of capital items.

Vehicle Rental Fund accumulates funds for the replacement and repair of vehicles

Police Radio Fund accumulates funds for the replacement of police radios

Equipment Replacement Fund - LCA accumulates funds for the replacement of theater equipment

Equipment Replacement Fund - IT accumulates funds for the replacement of computer equipment

Equipment Replacement Fund - ASD accumulates funds for the replacement of administrative services department equipment

Equipment Replacement Fund - GF accumulates funds for the replacement of worn and obsolete equipment other than vehicles

Facilities Replacement Fund - ASD accumulates funds for the costs associated with the maintenance of the City's facilities

Major Roadway Reconstruction Fund accumulates funds for the reconstruction of arterial roads as necessary

PERS Safety Side Fund Liability Fund accounts for the repayment of an internal loan made for the early retirement of a portion of the public safety pension liability.

(With comparative information for the prior year)

	Vehicle Rental	Police Radio	Equipment Replacement LCA	Equipment Replacement IT
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 959,178	\$ 474,948	\$ 42,722	\$ 7,847,205
Prepaid expense	-	9,018	-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	2,001
Interest Receivable	1,898	755	67	10,118
Total current assets	961,076	484,721	42,789	7,859,324
Capital assets:				
Vehicles	8,733,786	-	-	_
Buildings	-	-	-	_
Machinery and equipment	-	1,771,006	59,364	2,155,084
Accumulated depreciation	(5,640,934)	(413,467)	(16,624)	(1,344,360)
Total capital assets	3,092,852	1,357,539	42,740	810,724
Total assets	4,053,928	1,842,260	85,529	8,670,048
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	155,965	1,868	_	23,461
Total current liabilities	155,965	1,868	-	23,461
Non-current liabilities				
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	-			
Total liabilities	155,965	1,868		23,461
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	3,092,852	1,357,539	42,740	810,724
Unrestricted	805,111	482,853	42,789	7,835,863
Total net position	\$ 3,897,963	\$ 1,840,392	\$ 85,529	\$ 8,646,587

Equipment Replacement			quipment	acilities		Major oadway		PERS Side Fund		otals	
	ASD		GF	ASD	Reco	onstruction	L	iability	2015		2014
\$	1,110	\$	1,371,156	\$ 303,933	\$	494,873	\$	-	\$ 11,495,125	\$	9,672,552
	-		-	-		-		-	9,018		18,036
	-		-	-		-		-	2,001		43,238
	2		2,158	476		775			 16,249		13,528
	1,112		1,373,314	304,409		495,648		-	11,522,393		9,747,354
	_		_	_		_		_	8,733,786		7,922,765
	_		_	235,000		-		-	235,000		235,000
	-		384,153	-		-		-	4,369,607		4,030,203
	-		(154,218)	(41,908)		-		-	(7,611,511)		(6,799,371)
	-		229,935	193,092		-		-	5,726,882		5,388,597
	1,112		1,603,249	 497,501		495,648			 17,249,275		15,135,951
	_		-	-		-		-	181,294		291,428
	-		-			-		-	181,294		291,428
	_		-	-		-		6,842,041	6,842,041		8,218,685
	-		-	-		-		6,842,041	6,842,041		8,218,685
								6,842,041	7,023,335		8,510,113
	_		229,935	193,092		-		-	5,726,882		5,388,597
	1,112	-	1,373,314	304,409		495,648		(6,842,041)	4,499,058		1,237,241
\$	1,112	\$	1,603,249	\$ 497,501	\$	495,648	\$	(6,842,041)	\$ 10,225,940	\$	6,625,838



City of Walnut Creek

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position All Internal Service Funds

WALNUT CREEK For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

	Vehicle Rental	Police Radio	Repl	nipment acement LCA	quipment placement IT
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ 760,492	\$ 41,310	\$		\$ 1,299,392
Total operating revenues	 760,492	41,310			 1,299,392
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Supplies and services	-	-		-	338,774
Repairs and maintenance	229,701	27,571		-	181,553
Depreciation	651,765	173,996		5,936	272,150
Total operating expenses	881,466	 201,567		5,936	 792,477
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (120,974)	 (160,257)		(5,936)	 506,915
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest and related expenses	9,416	3,639		316	45,575
Gain (loss) on sale of vehicles	 15,845	 -		-	 -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 25,261	3,639		316	 45,575
Net (loss) before contributions					
and operating transfers	 (95,713)	 (156,618)		(5,620)	 552,490
Capital contributions	54,228	-		-	-
Transfers in	-	-		-	2,150,000
Transfers (out)	 <u>-</u>	 			 (238,229)
Change in net position	(41,485)	(156,618)		(5,620)	2,464,261
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of the year	 3,939,448	 1,997,010		91,149	 6,182,326
End of the year	\$ 3,897,963	\$ 1,840,392	\$	85,529	\$ 8,646,587

Equipment Replacement	Equipment Replacement	Facilities Replacement	Major Roadway	PERS Safety Side Fund		otals
ASD	GF	ASD	Reconstruction	Liability	2015	2014
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,664,298	\$ 3,765,492	\$ 3,675,929
<u>-</u>				1,664,298	3,765,492	3,675,929
					338,774	108,408
-	15,890	-	-	-	454,715	644,725
- -	33,015	4,700	- -	- -	1,141,562	1,032,051
<u>-</u>	48,905	4,700			1,935,051	1,785,184
<u>-</u> _	(48,905)	(4,700)		1,664,298	1,830,441	1,890,745
8	10,606	2,249	3,662	(287,654)	(212,183)	(304,348)
-	-			-	15,845	(20,515)
8	10,606	2,249	3,662	(287,654)	(196,338)	(324,863)
8	(38,299)	(2,451)	3,662	1,376,644	1,634,103	1,565,882
-	-	-	-	-	54,228	240,615
-	-	-	-	-	2,150,000	1,234,995
	-		-	-	(238,229)	(63,546)
8	(38,299)	(2,451)	3,662	1,376,644	3,600,102	2,977,946
1,104	1,641,548	499,952	491,986	(8,218,685)	6,625,838	3,647,892
						-
\$ 1,112	\$ 1,603,249	\$ 497,501	\$ 495,648	\$ (6,842,041)	\$ 10,225,940	\$ 6,625,83



City of Walnut Creek Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds

CREEK For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With comparative information for the prior year)

		Vehicle Rental		Police Radio	Equipmen Replacemen LCA			quipment eplacement IT	Repl	iipment acement ASD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Receipts from customers	\$	801,783	\$	41,310	\$	-	\$	1,299,338	\$	-
Payments to suppliers Net cash provided (used)		(210,010)		(27,418)	(2,3	37)		(638,950)		
by operating activities		591,773		13,892	(2,3	37)		660,388		_
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Transfers in Transfers (out)		- -		- -		- -		2,150,000 (238,229)		- -
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		_						1,911,771		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Capital contributions		54,228		-		-		-		-
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,140,443)		(41,289)		-		(173,138)		-
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		15,845		-		-		-		-
Interest paid on capital lease Principal paid on capital lease		-		-		-		-		-
Net cash provided by						_				
investing activities		(1,070,370)		(41,289)				(173,138)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:										
Investment income received		9,783		3,684	3	67		42,213		8
Net cash (used) by										
investing activities		9,783		3,684	3	67		42,213		8
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(468,814)		(23,713)	(1,9	70)		2,441,234		8
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:										
Beginning of the year		1,427,992		498,661	44,6	92		5,405,971		1,102
End of the year	\$	959,178	\$	474,948	\$ 42,7	22	\$	7,847,205	\$	1,110
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(120,974)	\$	(160,257)	\$ (5,9	36)	\$	506,915	\$	-
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Interest Expense		651,765		173,996	5,9	36		272,150		-
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaid items		41,291		- 9,018		-		(54)		-
Advance from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts payable		19,691		(8,865)	(2,3	37)		(118,623)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	591,773	\$	13,892	\$ (2,3	37)	\$	660,388	\$	_
27 Operating activities	Ψ	0,1,110	Ψ	10,072	Ψ (2,3	<i>.,</i>	Ψ	000,000	Ψ	

	quipment placement		acilities blacement		Major oadway	Safe	PERS ty Side Fund		То	tals	
	GF		ASD	Reco	nstruction		Liability		2015		2014
\$	(15,890)	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	1,664,298 -	\$	3,806,729 (894,605)	\$	3,634,663 (520,782)
	(15,890)		<u>-</u>		_		1,664,298		2,912,124		3,113,881
	- -		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		2,150,000 (238,229)		1,234,995 (63,546)
									1,911,771		1,171,449
	-		-		-		-		54,228		240,615
	(124,977)		-		-				(1,479,847)		(1,334,443)
	-		-		-		-		15,845		(20,515)
	-		-		-		(287,654)		(287,654)		(331,503)
-	<u>-</u>			-			(1,376,644)		(1,376,644)		(1,252,796)
	(124,977)						(1,664,298)		(3,074,072)		(2,698,642)
	10,795		2,245		3,655		<u>-</u>		72,750		13,627
	10,795		2,245		3,655				72,750		13,627
	(130,072)		2,245		3,655		-		1,822,573		1,600,315
	1,501,228		301,688		491,218				9,672,552		8,072,237
\$	1,371,156	\$	303,933	\$	494,873	\$		\$	11,495,125	\$	9,672,552
\$	(48.005)	\$	(4,700)	ø		\$	1 444 209	\$	1 920 441	\$	1 900 745
Þ	(48,905)	Ф	(4,700)	\$	-	Ф	1,664,298	Ф	1,830,441	Ф	1,890,745
	33,015		4,700		-		-		1,141,562		1,032,051
	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		1,376,644 (1,376,644)		41,237 1,385,662 (1,376,644) (110,134)		(41,266) (10,622,654) 10,604,618 250,387
\$	(15,890)	\$		\$		\$	1,664,298	\$	2,912,124	\$	3,113,881

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FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

Private-Purpose Trust Funds account for monies received from the Contra Costa County Auditor Controller for repayment for the enforceable obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Walnut Creek. These funds are restricted for the sole purpose of payment of items on an approved Recognized Payment Obligation Schedule (ROPS).

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as agent for individuals, governmental entities, and non-public organizations. These funds include the following:

Trust and Agency accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for various organizations and activities.

Lesher Endowment accounts for assets held by the City as an agent to be used exclusively for improvements to the City's Lesher Theater.

Assessment Districts Group I accounts for the redemption of special assessment bonds issued for the purposes of acquisition and improvement in various Local Improvement Districts.

CCC Solid Waste Authority accounts for assets held in the capacity of Financial Administrator for the Central Contra Costa Solid Waste Authority. The Authority is a separate legal entity and is not a component unit of the City.

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City of Walnut Creek

Agency Funds

Statements of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

WALNUT CREEK For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Trust and Agency	Jı	Balance uly 1, 2014		Additions	1	Deductions	Balans June 30	
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	3,356,124	\$	20,240,867	\$	(20,654,704)	\$	2,942,287
Accounts receivable		181,334		107,674		(222,430)		66,578
Interest receivable		5,208		9,212		(7,289)		7,131
Total assets	\$	3,542,666	\$	20,357,753	\$	(20,884,423)	\$	3,015,996
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	73,894	\$	3,561,381	\$	(3,378,392)	\$	256,883
Advance deposits		3,468,772		16,796,372		(17,506,031)		2,759,113
Total liabilities	\$	3,542,666	\$	20,357,753	\$	(20,884,423)	\$	3,015,996
Lesher Endowment Assets: Cash and investments Liabilities:	\$	1,471,262	\$	86,063	\$	(65,252)	\$	1,492,073
Advance deposits	\$	1,471,262	\$	86,063	\$	(65,252)	\$	1,492,073
Assessment Districts Group I Assets:	Ψ	1/1/1/202	Ψ	30,000	Ψ	(60)252)	Ψ	1/192/076
Cash and investments	\$	1,701,417	\$	12,659	\$	-	\$	1,714,076
Interest receivable	·	2,660		2,686	•	(2,660)		2,686
Total assets	\$	1,704,077	\$	15,345	\$	(2,660)	\$	1,716,762
Liabilities:								
Due to bondholders	\$	1,704,077	\$	15,345	\$	(2,660)	\$	1,716,762



City of Walnut Creek

Agency Funds

Statements of Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Continued

WALNUT CREEK For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2014	Additions	 Deductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2015
CCCSD Solid Waste Authority						
Assets:						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	6,594,462	\$ 9,676,940 402,802	\$ (7,979,172)	\$	8,292,230 402,802
Interest receivable		9,212	12,247	(9,212)		12,247
Total assets	\$	6,603,674	\$ 10,091,989	\$ (7,988,384)	\$	8,707,279
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	140,448	\$ 4,659,296	\$ (4,659,873)	\$	139,871
Due to other governments		6,463,226	 5,432,693	 (3,328,511)		8,567,408
Total liabilities	\$	6,603,674	\$ 10,091,989	\$ (7,988,384)	\$	8,707,279
<u>Total - All Agency Funds</u>						
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	13,123,265	\$ 30,016,529	\$ (28,699,128)	\$	14,440,666
Accounts receivable		181,334	510,476	(222,430)		469,380
Interest receivable		17,080	 24,145	 (19,161)		22,064
Total assets	\$	13,321,679	\$ 30,551,150	\$ (28,940,719)	\$	14,932,110
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	214,342	\$ 8,220,677	\$ (8,038,265)	\$	396,754
Due to other governments		6,463,226	5,432,693	(3,328,511)		8,567,408
Due to bondholders		1,704,077	15,345	(2,660)		1,716,762
Advance deposits		4,940,034	 16,882,435	(17,571,283)		4,251,186
Total liabilities	\$	13,321,679	\$ 30,551,150	\$ (28,940,719)	\$	14,932,110



City of Walnut Creek Combining Balance Sheet Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2015

				RDA		
		RDA	Succ	essor Agency		Total
	O	oligation		Debt	Priv	vate Purpose
	Re	etirement		Service	Trust Funds	
ASSETS						
Current:						
Cash and investments	\$	376,486	\$	-	\$	376,486
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		1,646,742		1,646,742
Interest receivable		178				178
Total assets	\$	376,664	\$	1,646,742	\$	2,023,406
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Current:						
Accrued payroll	\$	340	\$	-	\$	340
Inerfund loan		274,544		-		274,544
Long-term debt due in one year (Note 15)		-		425,000		425,000
Total current liabilities		274,884		425,000		699,884
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Long-term debt due in more than one year (Note 15)				1,710,000		1,710,000
Total noncurrent liabilities				1,710,000		1,710,000
Total liabilities		274,884		2,135,000		2,409,884
Net Assets:						
Held in trust for other governments		101,780		(488,258)		(386,478)
Total fund balances		101,780		(488,258)		(386,478)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	376,664	\$	1,646,742	\$	2,023,406



City of Walnut Creek

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Private Purpose Trust Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	RDA RDA Successor Agency Obligation Debt Retirement Service		essor Agency Debt	nte Purpose rust Fund	
ADDITIONS:					
Property taxes	\$	651,529	\$	-	\$ 651,529
Investment and rental income		1,173		101	1,274
Total additions		652,702		101	 652,803
DEDUCTIONS:					
Community development		29,976		-	29,976
Interest, fiscal charges and issuance costs		-		115,348	115,348
Total deductions		29,976		115,348	 145,324
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		-		795,555	795,555
Transfers (out)		(795,555)			(795,555)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(795,555)		795,555	-
Net change in fund balances		(172,829)		680,308	507,479
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of the year		274,609		(1,168,566)	 (893,957)
End of the year	\$	101,780	\$	(488,258)	\$ (386,478)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Walnut Creek's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City.

Index **Page Financial Trends** 174-185 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. **Revenue Capacity** 186-192 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, including sales and property taxes. **Debt Capacity** 193-198 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. **Demographic and Economic Information** 199-201 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. **Operating Information** 202-206 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides

and the activities it performs.



City of Walnut Creek Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Year		
	2006	2007		2008	2009
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 231,465,216	\$ 226,863,697	\$	227,987,671	\$ 241,814,198
Restricted	7,815,613	50,105,233		49,175,812	64,129,700
Unrestricted	98,940,786	64,990,977		67,074,890	37,017,927
Total governmental activities net position	338,221,615	341,959,907		344,238,373	342,961,825
Business-type activities:					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	1,277,845	1,219,298		1,075,689	1,317,463
Restricted	167,556	166,699		165,099	-
Unrestricted	(1,812,450)	(1,668,737)		(1,731,343)	(1,869,311)
Total business-type activities net position	(367,049)	(282,740)		(490,555)	(551,848)
Primary government:					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	232,743,061	228,082,995		229,063,360	243,131,661
Restricted	7,983,169	50,271,932		49,340,911	64,129,700
Unrestricted	97,128,336	63,322,240		65,343,547	35,148,616
Total primary government net position	\$ 337,854,566	\$ 341,677,167	\$	343,747,818	\$ 342,409,977

					Fisca	l Year					
	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
\$	255,068,671	\$	251,483,541	\$	250,111,191	\$	238,401,412	\$	232,858,750	\$	234,018,776
	58,685,430		47,852,651		37,533,808		31,545,609		40,678,188		40,930,301
	27,027,521		39,172,708		43,620,819		42,465,457		47,061,870		(19,886,556)
	340,781,622		338,508,900		331,265,818		312,412,478		320,598,808		255,062,521
	1,318,102		1,406,822		1,490,349		9,344,544		10,952,847		8,441,554
	(2,096,240)		(2,414,218)		- 664,377		- 2,856,473		- 2,562,841		- 7,540,001
	(778,138)		(1,007,396)		2,154,726		12,201,017		13,515,688		15,981,555
	256,386,773		252,890,363		251,601,540		247,745,956		243,811,597		242,460,330
	58,685,430		47,852,651		37,533,808		31,545,609		40,678,188		40,930,301
Φ.	24,931,281	Φ.	36,758,490	Φ.	44,285,196	Φ.	45,321,930	Φ.	49,624,711	Φ.	(12,346,555)
\$	340,003,484	\$	337,501,504	\$	333,420,544	\$	324,613,495	\$	334,114,496	\$	271,044,076



City of Walnut Creek Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year					
	2006	2007	2008	2009			
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
Public protection	\$ 18,081,363	\$ 19,606,373	\$ 20,874,588	\$ 22,070,859			
Public works	23,961,639	28,801,629	26,010,531	25,548,474			
Community Development	4,755,814	5,930,672	5,096,366	6,117,841			
Housing	2,140,611	1,422,545	1,871,343	2,744,309			
Arts, recreation, and community services	4,729,378	* 13,558,315	14,150,128	14,364,387			
Administrative services	4,971,667	5,012,121	5,404,926	6,326,034			
Human Resources	-	-	-	-			
General government	6,704,972	4,670,604	2,733,327	2,986,144			
Interest on long-term debt	770,533	435,282	405,413	369,667			
Total governmental activities expenses	66,115,977	79,437,541	76,546,622	80,527,715			
Business-type activities:							
Golf course and Clubhouse	2,015,284	1,895,198	2,143,842	2,474,725			
Arts Partnership	7,355,319	-	-	-			
Downtown Parking and Enhancement	-	_	-	_			
Total business-type activities expenses	9,370,603	1,895,198	2,143,842	2,474,725			
Total primary government expenses	\$ 75,486,580	\$ 81,332,739	\$ 78,690,464	\$ 83,002,440			
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
Public protection	\$ 1,827,810	\$ 2,179,674	\$ 1,960,054	\$ 2,370,596			
Public works	5,144,249	2,281,216	2,351,022	2,366,826			
Community development	2,569,766	3,070,920	3,161,013	2,878,442			
Housing	3,255,398	2,465,567	1,242,802	2,767,216			
Arts, recreation, and community services	2,146,396	8,749,794	8,659,603	9,519,335			
Administrative services	3,798,994	1,785,276	2,264,692	2,264,812			
Human Resources	-	-	-	-			
General government	1,341,751	1,389,328	960,194	831,868			
Operating grants and contributions	3,263,602	1,428,110	1,081,947	1,834,798			
Capital grants and contributions	999,277	1,429,171	2,118,032	2,074,100			
Total governmental activities program revenues	24,347,243	24,779,056	23,799,359	26,907,993			
Business-type activities:							
Charges for services:							
Golf Course and Clubhouse	1,931,082	1,931,869	1,950,889	1,973,869			
Arts Partnership	5,568,571	* -	-	-			
Downtown Parking and Enhancement	-	-	-	-			
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-			
Capital grants and contributions		167,901					
Total business-type activities program revenues	7,499,653	2,099,770	1,950,889	1,973,869			

^{*}Arts Partnership revenues and expenditures were moved to arts, recreation, and community services in 2007.

			Fisca	l Ye	ar			
	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014		2015
\$	21,996,450	\$ 21,923,692	\$ 22,469,017	\$	21,507,637	\$ 22,865,154	\$	21,630,742
	25,108,573	28,858,972	28,070,687		26,978,488	27,415,778		28,340,373
	4,428,720	2,799,414	3,984,921		5,182,748	6,258,882		6,902,178
	3,073,662	1,019,485	950,744		1,911,341	2,182,676		3,700,789
	14,124,552	13,737,264	16,254,587		13,933,801	14,189,508		15,578,912
	5,850,595	4,722,052	5,444,430		5,800,846	5,963,099		4,278,695
	-	-	-		-	-		1,270,976
	2,701,255	3,248,455	3,856,482		4,019,331	4,670,132		4,794,183
	329,798	269,960	63,989		-	-		-
	77,613,605	76,579,294	81,094,857		79,334,192	83,545,229		86,496,848
	3,995,228	3,877,045	4,154,881		4,677,542	5,153,397		4,635,799
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	 -	 -		3,334,000	 3,831,213		5,348,651
	3,995,228	 3,877,045	 4,154,881		8,011,542	 8,984,610		9,984,450
\$	81,608,833	\$ 80,456,339	\$ 85,249,738	\$	87,345,734	\$ 92,529,839	\$	96,481,298
\$	1,870,098 3,423,411 2,532,479 1,396,751 9,984,955 2,045,153	\$ 2,187,329 5,459,706 3,065,566 309,918 9,691,973 1,684,036	\$ 2,090,432 6,734,474 3,568,283 774,839 9,779,208 225,062	\$	1,786,461 7,778,943 4,415,274 2,480,116 9,916,602 1,638,225	\$ 1,687,956 10,232,560 6,231,086 5,888,234 10,186,245 2,014,361	\$	1,762,226 10,645,252 8,458,675 8,696,509 10,227,308 1,957,975 1,219
	830,836	439,531	457,007		639,653	555,935		854,610
	795,436	451,036	753,882		983,443	949,963		1,655,170
_	4,958,301 27,837,420	 3,065,960 26,355,055	 2,494,451 26,877,638		2,784,264 32,422,981	 1,844,060 39,590,400	_	4,655,147 48,914,091
	3,546,486	3,826,347	4,572,557		5,068,945	4,746,005		5,195,484
	-	-	-		1,903,088	2,633,140		4,499,655
	<u>-</u>	- -	- -		1,703,000	4,000,1 4 0 -		±,±,2,000 -
	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 2,581,447		<u>-</u>	 -		-
	3,546,486	 3,826,347	7,154,004		6,972,033	 7,379,145		9,695,139



City of Walnut Creek Changes in Net Position, Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	
Net revenues (expenses)					
Governmental activities:	\$ (41,768,734)	\$ (54,658,485)	\$ (52,747,263)	\$ (53,619,722)	
Business-type activities:	(1,870,950)	204,572	(192,953)	(500,856)	
Total primary government net expense	\$ (43,639,684)	\$ (54,453,913)	\$ (52,940,216)	\$ (54,120,578)	
General revenues and other changes in net assets					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Sales and use	\$ 21,075,748	\$ 21,227,671	\$ 20,060,618	\$ 18,472,616	
Property	16,505,365	18,822,311	19,488,146	20,714,994	
Franchise	2,633,222	2,839,864	3,004,523	3,156,939	
Other taxes	4,374,230	6,234,908	8,079,967	7,155,807	
Intergovernmental	1,416,429	2,468,231	-	-	
Investment income, unrestricted	3,902,372	5,507,134	4,152,579	3,021,062	
Capital Contribution	-	-	-	-	
Other general revenues	73,558	15,915	171,396	52,520	
Transfers of capital assets (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	(1,914,950)	196,844	68,497	7,746	
Total governmental activities	48,065,974	57,312,878	55,025,726	52,581,684	
Extraordinary Loss	-	-	-	-	
Business-type activities:					
Investment income	77,503	76,581	53,585	183,442	
Other Revenue	115	-	50	25,357	
Transfers of capital assets (Note 6)	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	1,914,950	(196,844)	(68,497)	(7,746)	
Total business-type activities	1,992,568	(120,263)	(14,862)	201,053	
Total primary government changes in net position					
Governmental activities:	6,297,240	2,654,393	2,278,463	(1,038,038)	
Business-type activities:	121,618	84,309	(207,815)	(299,803)	
Total primary government	\$ 6,418,858	\$ 2,738,702	\$ 2,070,648	\$ (1,337,841)	

		Fisca	l Yea	ar				
2010	2011	2012		2013		2014		2015
\$ (50,224,239)	\$ (54,217,219)	\$ (54,217,219)	\$	(43,954,829)	\$	(43,954,829)	\$	(37,582,757)
(50,698)	 2,999,123	 2,999,123		(1,605,465)	_	(1,605,465)		(289,311)
\$ (50,274,937)	\$ (51,218,096)	\$ (51,218,096)	\$	(45,560,294)	\$	(45,560,294)	\$	(37,872,068)
\$ 16,582,063	\$ 17,664,314	\$ 19,882,259	\$	21,385,051	\$	22,417,088	\$	23,743,363
20,377,168	18,894,891	16,391,482		15,704,242		17,322,166		18,843,569
3,147,976	3,199,514	3,258,474		3,248,171		3,344,495		3,425,481
7,012,408	7,444,697	7,419,738		7,575,411		8,232,453		8,203,061
-	-	-		-		-		-
1,142,397	547,489	531,511		5,410		590,334		586,567
-	-	-		-		-		-
343,052	666,063	926,610		854,159		939,469		3,163,251
-	-	-		-		(1,235,208)		-
11,250	 356,250	 21,119		(512,218)		530,361		(375,592)
48,616,314	 48,773,218	 48,431,193		48,260,226		52,141,158		57,589,700
-	-	(1,457,056)		-		-		-
222,959	164,636	169,091		199,211		929,627		260,403
10,743	13,054	15,027		709,811		1,233,194		2,119,183
10,743	13,004	15,027		700,011		1,235,208		2,117,103
(11,250)	(356,250)	(21,119)		579,042		(477,893)		375,592
222,452	(178,560)	162,999		1,488,064		2,920,136		2,755,178
(1,607,925)	(5,444,001)	(7,243,082)		4,305,397		8,186,329		20,006,943
171,754	2,820,563	3,162,122		(117,401)		1,314,671		2,465,867
,	 ,,	 , - ,		(, , , , ,)	_		_	,,,,,,

(Concluded)



City of Walnut Creek Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Six Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year	
	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Fund:				
Nonspendable				
Advance to Other Funds	\$ 11,443,206	\$ 11,178,447	\$ 7,016,000	\$ 7,016,000
Inventory	39,118	12,273	40,631	40,833
Interfund Loan	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Expense	8,762	152,420	416,632	150,294
Subtotal Nonspendable	 11,491,086	11,343,140	7,473,263	 7,207,127
Restricted				
Subtotal Restricted	-	-	-	-
Committed				
Catastrophic Emergency	6,180,273	6,145,092	6,408,644	6,683,733
Compensated Absences	356,758	251,684	179,279	143,208
Dental Claims	235,273	247,895	199,567	236,669
Fiscal Emergency	2,788,295	4,299,388	3,477,044	3,677,606
Legal Claims	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
PERS Liability	168,923	168,923	168,923	168,923
Radio communications	-	-	684,000	-
Workers Compensation	102,672	-	-	-
Subtotal Committed	12,832,194	14,112,982	14,117,457	13,910,139
<u>Assigned</u>				
ARCS Scholarships	20,629	39,154	43,814	48,730
Capital Projects - General Fund portion	-	-	-	4,166,531
Contractual Commitments	757,935	1,017,622	1,147,036	1,377,379
Library	-	-	-	-
FY10-12 Budget Shortfall	2,296,819	 3,562,278	 3,562,278	
Subtotal Assigned	3,075,383	4,619,054	4,753,128	5,592,640
<u>Unassigned</u>				
FY10-12 Budget Shortfall	-	=	=	3,562,278
FY14-16 1X Funds	-	=	=	-
City Manager Contingency	75,000	20,000	75,000	71,824
Council Contingency	302,950	188,179	640,864	123,943
Unrealized Gain	145,952	132,364	146,332	(193,124)
Unassigned Fund Balance	-	 -	 721,923	4,563,681
Subtotal Unassigned	523,902	340,543	1,584,119	8,128,602
Total general fund	27,922,565	30,415,719	27,927,967	34,838,508
All Other Governmental Funds:				
Nonspendable	5,055,674	4,467,078	3,134,118	2,684,982
Restricted	33,849,507	35,553,532	30,407,953	28,242,582
Assigned	7,680,315	3,822,150	3,991,737	818,437
Unassigned	-	· -	-	(200,392)
Total all other governmental funds	46,585,496	43,842,760	37,533,808	31,545,609
Total all governmental funds	\$ 74,508,061	\$ 74,258,479	\$ 65,461,775	\$ 66,384,117

The City implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Prior year was restated for comparison purposes.

	Fiscal Year
2014	2015
\$ 6,593,229	\$ 5,616,585
29,016	38,497
442,756	402,355
179,512	174,899
7,244,513	6,232,336
, ,	, ,
-	-
6,935,687	7,672,469
188,245	192,274
212,999	229,469
3,683,371	4,108,515
3,000,000	3,000,000
168,923	168,923
- 697,315	- 1,673,959
14,886,540	17,045,609
11,000,010	17,010,005
46,923	54,070
3,837,124	5,144,649
1,448,689	1,777,188
460,000	-
5,792,736	6,975,907
-	-
-	1,158,059
41,024	72,000
72,428	100,000
21,419	38,391
7,677,776	12,714,348
7,812,647	14,082,798
35,736,436	44,336,650
20,700,100	11,000,000
1,900,000	-
37,597,846	40,985,154
1,180,342	-
	(54,853)
40,678,188	40,930,301
\$ 76,414,624	\$ 85,266,951

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City of Walnut Creek Fund Balances of Governmental Funds FY2006 - FY2009

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	
General Fund:					
Reserved	\$ 5,270,977	\$ 4,905,610	\$ 4,900,219	\$ 4,276,972	
Unreserved					
Designated for:					
Economic Uncertainty	6,171,001	6,337,891	6,343,265	6,818,051	
Recreation Scholarships				21,562	
Claims Liability	6,085,543	9,121,767	9,276,811	8,028,363	
Council Discretion	614,155	632,273	632,273	332,273	
City Manager Discretion	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	
Unrealized Investment Gain	-	370,476	59,197	96,826	
Property Expansion	-	-	-	-	
Future Programs	1,554,690	-	-	-	
Capital improvements	1,405,022	1,405,022	1,405,022	1,405,022	
Labor Agreements	500,000	500,000	500,000	-	
Future Budgets	-	3,062,278	7,490,507	7,195,623	
Compensated Absences	2,767,382	2,952,014	2,984,777	3,318,697	
Undesignated		392,793			
Total general fund	24,443,770	29,755,124	33,667,071	31,568,389	
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Reserved	12,319,946	6,165,017	7,406,732	10,310,736	
Unreserved, reported in:	-				
Special revenue funds	83,613	12,516,496	12,485,586	13,587,363	
Capital projects funds	55,240,959	55,738,087	51,446,853	35,882,129	
Undesignated	-	-	-	-	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 67,644,518	\$ 74,419,600	\$ 71,339,171	\$ 59,780,228	
Total all governmental funds	\$ 92,088,288	\$ 104,174,724	\$ 105,006,242	\$ 91,348,617	

The City implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. See page 153 for information on last three fiscal years. Prior year was restated for comparison purposes in the accompanying financial statements.



City of Walnut Creek Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

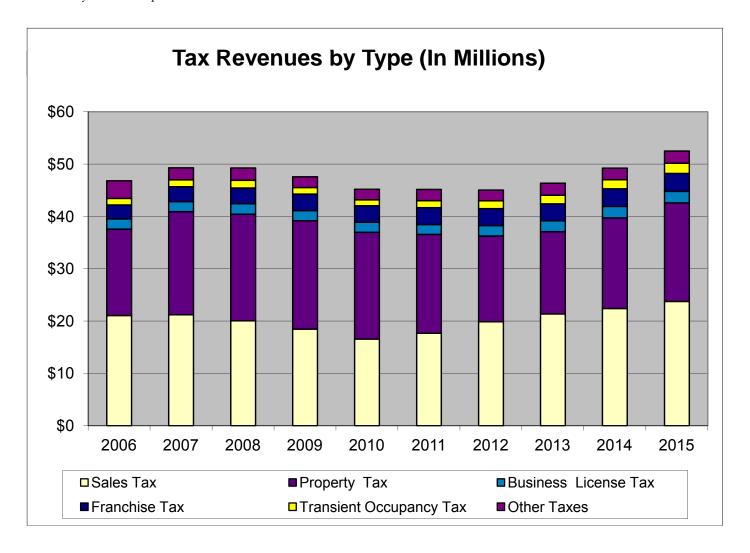
	 	Fisca	l Year			
	2006	2007		2008		2009
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Sales and Use	\$ 21,075,748	\$ 21,227,671	\$	20,060,619	\$	18,472,616
Property	16,505,365	19,691,147		20,362,527		20,714,994
Business License	1,973,765	1,917,646		2,024,041		1,948,060
Franchise	2,633,222	2,839,864		3,004,523		3,156,939
Transient Occupancy Tax	1,218,666	1,337,385		1,453,869		1,244,223
Other	3,419,858	2,287,101		2,355,998		2,034,403
Intergovernmental	3,820,553	3,273,497		2,245,219		4,099,703
Use of money and property	5,434,269	7,206,566		5,933,954		4,720,142
Charges for Services	7,371,377	12,827,678		12,057,554		12,290,405
Licenses, permits and fees	2,218,601	2,758,546		2,214,703		2,230,571
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	3,538,154	3,066,289		4,560,388		4,029,279
Other revenues	 520,356	1,001,883		1,246,141		1,779,127
Total revenues	 69,729,934	 79,435,273		77,519,536		76,720,462
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public protection	17,967,011	19,236,989		20,083,360		21,522,640
Public works	17,108,292	21,259,006		18,287,663		18,477,194
Community development	4,765,527	5,914,667		5,397,259		6,224,593
Housing	2,140,611	1,422,545		1,871,343		2,744,309
Cultural services	4,656,977	13,443,568		14,038,213		14,218,609
Administrative services	4,962,148	4,962,140		5,372,403		6,177,799
Human Resources	-	-		-		-
General government	6,610,070	4,546,728		2,700,494		2,826,309
Capital outlay:						
General public ways and facilities and equipment	6,043,278	2,743,985		7,501,041		17,957,680
Debt service:						
Principal	825,000	850,000		870,000		905,000
Interest and issuance costs	 785,595	 453,008		422,739		388,904
Total expenditures	 65,864,509	74,832,636		76,544,515		91,443,037
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)						
expenditures	 3,865,425	 4,602,637		975,021		(14,722,575)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Capital Lease	-	-		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-		-		-
Transfers in	888,864	27,545,584		10,338,766		22,579,127
Transfers out	(2,835,536)	(24,776,022)		(10,482,269)		(21,275,667)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,946,672)	 2,769,562		(143,503)		1,303,460
Extraordinary item	_	 -		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,918,753	\$ 7,372,199	\$	831,518	\$	(13,419,115)
Debt Service - % noncapital expenditures Source: City Finance Department	2.8%	 1.8%		1.9%		1.8%

2015		2011		Fiscal Year			004 -	2010		
2015		2014		2013		2012	 2011		2010	
23,743,30	\$	22,417,088	\$	21,385,051	\$	19,882,259	\$ 17,664,314	\$	16,582,063	3
18,843,50		17,322,166		15,704,242		16,391,482	18,894,891		20,377,168	
2,223,8		2,194,783		2,073,305		1,972,208	1,911,581		1,943,357	
3,425,48		3,344,495		3,248,171		3,258,474	3,199,514		3,147,976	
1,941,6		1,768,079		1,658,706		1,491,533	1,345,355		1,141,959	
2,328,18		2,187,727		2,303,338		2,062,470	2,152,301		2,007,832	
7,846,8		4,674,747		5,069,160		4,496,141	4,922,550		5,620,185	
1,429,3		1,461,938		842,793		2,392,372	2,496,540		2,639,135	
23,635,6		20,917,433		16,234,458		13,630,654	13,118,478		12,585,459	
2,251,8		1,986,301		1,680,603		2,490,058	2,555,481		2,197,799	
10,828,7		9,002,040		8,389,242		4,866,047	4,981,431		4,383,826	
1,529,4		3,494,579		1,918,938		1,974,534	 1,354,339		2,723,887	
100,028,0		90,771,376		80,508,007		74,908,232	 74,596,775		75,350,646	
23,633,8		23,367,172		21,827,962		22,120,786	21,551,269		21,744,763	
21,582,0		20,433,205		19,543,563		19,928,800	19,974,925		17,274,706	
7,280,80		6,352,470		5,424,347		4,576,808	4,076,311		4,727,785	
3,700,78		2,182,676		1,911,341		950,744	1,019,485		3,324,662	
15,563,47		14,187,383		13,938,446		16,137,501	13,615,812		14,008,006	
4,259,92		5,946,055		5,786,198		5,418,795	4,710,796		5,885,492	
1,270,97		-		-		-	-		-	
5,455,2		4,001,723		3,816,661		3,229,804	3,357,033		2,648,587	
8,618,40		3,590,852		3,947,460		2,995,797	2,313,211		19,998,754	
39,49		38,245		31,428		691,841	2,439,592		940,000	
		-		-		141,513	 325,173		350,530	
91,405,10		80,099,781		76,227,406		76,192,389	 73,383,607		90,903,285	
8,622,88		10,671,595		4,280,601		(1,284,157)	 1,213,168		(15,552,639)	
49,40		-		_		-	-		_	
2,467,40		-		-		-	-		-	
7,688,30		11,593,429		18,252,298		6,895,908	12,506,513		11,090,351	
(9,975,67		(12,234,517)		(19,888,502)		(9,076,689)	(13,147,563)		(11,332,999)	
229,4		(641,088)		(1,636,204)		(2,180,781)	(641,050)		(242,648)	
						(5,331,766)				
8,852,32	\$	10,030,507	\$	2,644,397	\$	(8,796,704)	\$ 572,118	\$	(15,795,287)	3
0.0		0.1%		0.0%		1.2%	4.0%		1.9%	



City of Walnut Creek Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Sales	Property	Business License	Franchise	Transient Occupancy	Other	T . 1
Years	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Taxes	Total
2006	\$ 21,075,748	\$ 16,505,365	\$ 1,973,765	\$ 2,633,222	\$ 1,276,709	\$ 3,361,815	\$ 46,826,624
2007	21,227,671	19,691,147	1,917,646	2,839,864	1,337,385	2,287,101	49,300,814
2008	20,060,619	20,362,527	2,024,041	3,004,523	1,453,869	2,355,998	49,261,577
2009	18,472,616	20,714,994	1,948,060	3,156,939	1,244,223	2,034,403	47,571,235
2010	16,582,063	20,377,168	1,943,357	3,147,976	1,141,959	2,007,832	45,200,355
2011	17,664,314	18,894,891	1,911,581	3,199,514	1,345,355	2,152,301	45,167,956
2012	19,882,259	16,391,482	1,972,208	3,258,474	1,491,533	2,062,470	45,058,426
2013	21,385,051	15,704,242	2,073,305	3,248,171	1,658,706	2,303,338	46,372,813
2014	22,417,088	17,322,166	2,194,783	3,344,495	1,768,079	2,187,727	49,234,338
2015	23,743,363	18,843,569	2,223,848	3,425,481	1,941,665	2,328,185	52,506,111





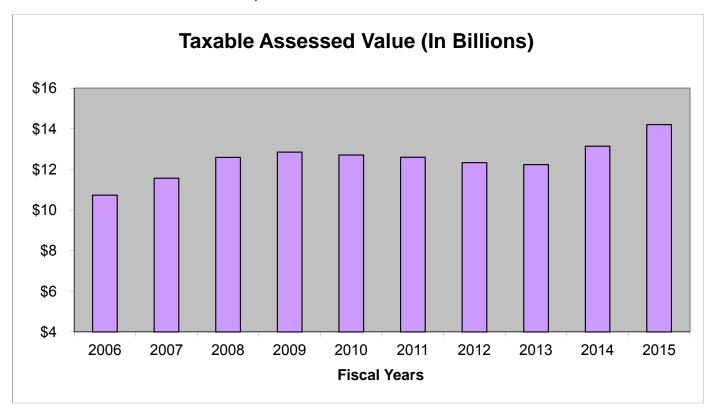
City of Walnut Creek Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Unsecured/ Other Property	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value	City Wide Avg Total Direct Tax Rate
2006	\$ 7,841,750,720	\$ 2,138,407,003	\$ 107,380,337	\$ 877,071,334	\$ (228,751,150)	\$ 10,735,858,244	11.778%
2007	8,551,138,922	2,249,334,244	115,983,129	886,110,542	(235,778,714)	11,566,788,123	11.639%
2008	9,272,700,719	2,347,625,254	115,545,668	1,109,777,694	(248,464,304)	12,597,185,031	11.578%
2009	9,538,266,067	2,474,982,973	100,668,638	987,832,377	(246,260,584)	12,855,489,471	11.681%
2010	9,302,765,275	2,573,281,647	111,603,403	973,329,306	(250,725,941)	12,710,253,690	11.830%
2011	9,245,487,993	2,639,603,044	107,266,982	890,902,216	(279,414,343)	12,603,845,892	11.838%
2012	9,033,688,220	2,562,632,155	108,010,488	922,673,554	(294,265,928)	12,332,738,489	11.819%
2013	9,081,193,615	2,468,292,594	60,100,559	925,047,088	(294,698,806)	12,239,935,050	11.970%
2014	9,761,932,038	2,551,885,934	60,384,541	1,078,073,162	(308,594,992)	13,143,680,683	9.456%
2015	10,789,630,731	2,671,701,662	37,131,374	1,017,310,021	(311,417,291)	14,204,356,497	9.460%

NOTE:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being assessed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property. The City-wide Direct Tax Rate is an average, the actual tax rate for each property varies according to its tax rate area. This average tax rate is net of State Shifts of local property tax revenue to Education and net of admin fees.

Source: HDL Coren & Cone, Contra Costa County Assessor Tax Rolls





City of Walnut Creek Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Fiscal Year				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	
City Direct Rate:	0.09705	0.09705	0.09705	0.09705	
Walnut Creek General Fund	0.09410	0.09410	0.09410	0.09410	
Walnut Creek R-8	0.00295	0.00295	0.00295	0.00295	
Direct and Overlapping Rates:					
Basic Levy	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	
Acalanes Union	0.0279	0.0292	0.0259	0.0289	
Bay Area Rapid Transit Bond	0.0048	0.0050	0.0076	0.0090	
Contra Costa Community College	0.0047	0.0043	0.0108	0.0066	
Contra Costa Water Land Levy	0.0050	0.0043	0.0039	0.0041	
East Bay Regional Park Bond	0.0057	0.0085	0.0080	0.0100	
Lafayette Elementary Bond 1995	0.0393	0.0377	0.0340	0.0330	
Mt. Diablo 2002 Bond	0.0418	0.0446	0.0424	0.0455	
Pleasant Hill Recreation & Park	-	-	-	-	
San Ramon Unified	0.0514	0.0533	0.0517	0.0519	
Walnut Creek Elementary	0.0230	0.0218	0.0222	0.0265	
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	1.2036	1.2087	1.2065	1.2155	

NOTE:

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of voter approved bonds from various agencies.

Source: Contra Costa County Assessor's Office

Fiscal	Year

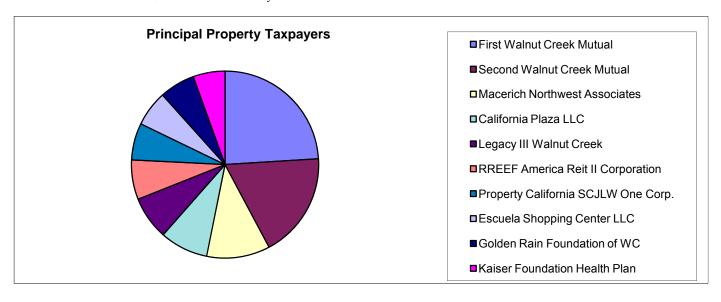
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
0.09705	0.09705	0.09705	0.09705	0.09705	0.09705
0.09410	0.09410	0.09410	0.09410	0.09410	0.09410
0.00295	0.00295	0.00295	0.00295	0.00295	0.00295
1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
0.0298	0.0311	0.0333	0.0333	0.0361	0.0350
0.0057	0.0031	0.0041	0.0043	0.0075	0.0045
0.0126	0.0133	0.0144	0.0087	0.0133	0.0252
0.0048	0.0049	0.0051	0.0045	0.0042	0.0037
0.0108	0.0084	0.0071	0.0051	0.0078	0.0085
0.0326	0.0326	0.0279	0.0284	0.0267	0.0241
0.0493	0.0600	0.0612	0.0871	0.0740	0.0853
-	0.0212	0.0255	0.0269	0.0281	0.0258
0.0587	0.0641	0.0664	0.0705	0.0696	0.0651
0.0166	0.0231	0.0240	0.0241	0.0224	0.0212
1.2209	1.2618	1.2690	1.2929	1.2897	1.2984



City of Walnut Creek Principal Property Tax Payers Current and Nine Years Ago

		20	15	2006			
Taxpayer		able Assessed Value	Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Percent of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
First Walnut Creek Mutual	\$	295,825,416	2.08%	\$	229,993,818	2.14%	
Second Walnut Creek Mutual		224,522,040	1.58%		175,492,119	1.63%	
Macerich Northwest Associates		135,101,501	0.95%		95,840,630	0.89%	
California Plaza LLC		102,800,000	0.72%		78,838,839	0.73%	
Legacy III Walnut Creek		92,114,000	0.65%		-	-	
RREEF America Reit II Corporation		84,217,000	0.59%		75,850,166	0.71%	
Property California SCJLW One Corp.		78,419,541	0.55%		68,979,453	0.64%	
Escuela Shopping Center LLC		76,111,109	0.54%		72,500,000	0.68%	
Golden Rain Foundation of WC		75,743,496	0.53%		-	-	
Kaiser Foundation Health Plan		67,952,718	0.48%		-	-	
Fidelity Non-Profit Mgmt Found.		-	-		85,652,992	0.80%	
Stoneridge Walnut Creek LP		-	-		57,276,888	0.53%	
Northwest Mutual Life Insurance					52,484,490	0.49%	
	\$	1,232,806,821	8.68%	\$	992,909,395	9.25%	

Source: HDL Coren & Cone, Contra Costa County Assessor Combined Tax Rolls



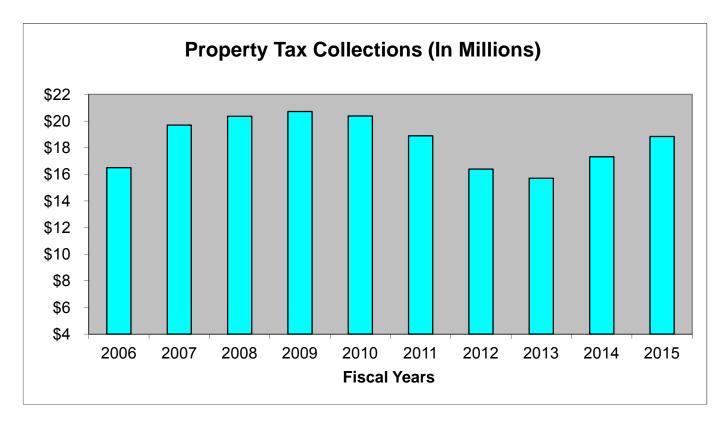


City of Walnut Creek Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Total Tax	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Total Coll To D	
Ended	Levy for			Percentage		Percentage
June 30	I	Fiscal Year	Amount	Amount of Levy		of Levy
2006	\$	16,505,365	16,505,365	100%	16,505,365	100%
2007		19,691,147	19,691,147	100%	19,691,147	100%
2008		20,362,527	20,362,527	100%	20,362,527	100%
2009		20,714,994	20,714,994	100%	20,714,994	100%
2010		20,377,168	20,377,168	100%	20,377,168	100%
2011		18,894,891	18,894,891	100%	18,894,891	100%
2012		16,391,482	16,391,482	100%	16,391,482	100%
2013		15,704,242	15,704,242	100%	15,704,242	100%
2014		17,322,166	17,322,166	100%	17,322,166	100%
2015		18,843,569	18,843,569	100%	18,843,569	100%

Source: Contra Costa County Office of the Auditor-Controller (for levies), City Finance Department

Note: The City is enrolled in the "Teeter" Plan, where the County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining the interest and penalties.





APPLE STORES

City of Walnut Creek **Top 25 Sales Tax Producers** 2014-2015

BUSINESS NAME BUSINESS CATEGORY

AUTOCOM NISSAN OF WALNUT CREEK

BEVERAGES & MORE

CHEVRON SERVICE STATIONS

COLE EUROPEAN CVS/PHARMACY **DIABLO SUBARU**

DIRITO BROTHERS VOLKSWAGON

ENTERPRISE RENT-A-CAR

MACY'S DEPARTMENT STORE

MERCEDES-BENZ OF WALNUT CREEK

MICHAEL STEAD PORSCHE MICHAEL STEAD'S CHRYS JEEP

NEIMAN MARCUS DEPARTMENT STORE

NORDSTROM DEPARTMENT STORE

SAFEWAY STORES

SHANE DIAMOND JEWELERS SHELL SERVICE STATIONS

TARGET STORES **TESLA MOTORS**

TESORO SERVICE STATIONS

TOYOTA OF WALNUT CREEK WALNUT CREEK FORD

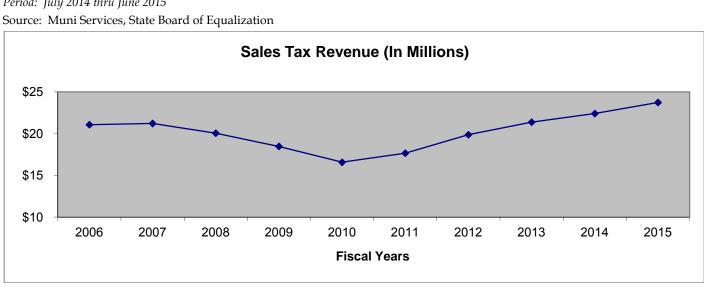
WALNUT CREEK HONDA

WAYNE STEAD CADILLAC

Percent of Total City Sales Tax Paid By Top 25 Accounts = 49.8%

Note: State Law does not allow disclosure of the top ten sales tax providers to the City

Firms Listed Alphabetically Period: July 2014 thru June 2015



AUTO SALES - NEW

AUTO SALES - NEW

AUTO SALES - NEW

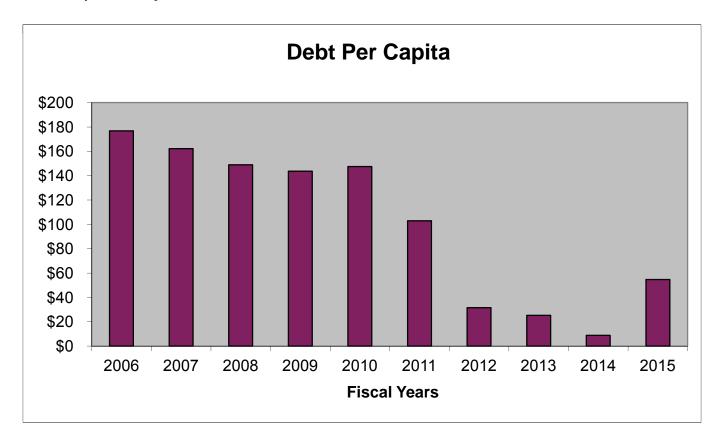


City of Walnut Creek Ratios of Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governn Activi			Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	 Tax Allocation Bonds	Capi Leas Obliga	se	Lease Revenue Bonds		Capital Lease bligation	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2006	\$ 10,225,943	\$	_	\$ 1,415,000	\$	_	\$ 11,640,943	24.90%	176.75
2007	9,370,349		-	1,325,000		-	10,695,349	22.17%	162.26
2008	8,494,755		-	1,230,000		-	9,724,755	19.60%	148.91
2009	7,584,161	\$ 676	,630	1,135,000		-	9,395,791	18.47%	143.70
2010	6,638,567	1,494	,182	1,035,000	\$	507,108	9,674,857	18.97%	147.48
2011	4,372,973	1,149	,704	930,000		374,333	6,827,010	14.13%	103.00
2012	-	1,013	,135	815,000		236,286	2,064,421	4.11%	31.65
2013	-	337	,184	695,000		627,244	1,659,428	3.22%	25.26
2014	-	298	,939	-		290,285	589,224	1.17%	8.90
2015	-	308	,845	-	3	3,323,164	3,632,009	7.21%	54.77

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Economic and Demographics Statistical Schedule for personal income and population data.





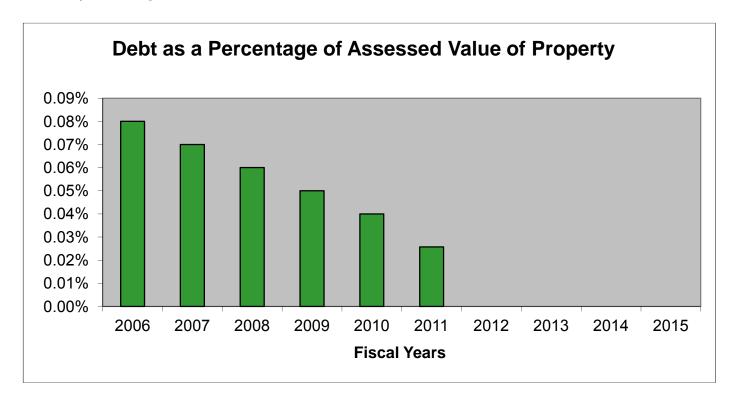
City of Walnut Creek Ratios of Debt Outstanding, Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	1	Tax Allocation Bonds	A	s: Amounts vailable in ebt Service Fund	 Net Amount	Percentage of Assessed Value of Property	Per Capita
2006	\$	10,225,943	\$	1,142,702	\$ 9,083,241	0.08%	\$ 138.46
2007		9,370,349		1,146,270	8,224,079	0.07%	125.78
2008		8,494,755		1,135,505	7,359,250	0.06%	112.69
2009		7,584,161		1,126,095	6,458,066	0.05%	98.06
2010		6,638,567		1,126,114	5,512,453	0.04%	83.63
2011		4,372,973		1,126,333	3,246,640	0.03%	48.76
2012		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2013		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2014		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2015		-		-	-	0.00%	-

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Economic and Demographics Statistical Schedule for population data.

See the Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property values.

The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property.





City of Walnut Creek Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2015

City's 2014-2015 Assessed Valuation Redevelopment Incremental Assessed Valuation			\$. \$	14,204,321,931 393,115,140
Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:	Percentage Applicable to City of Walnut Creek ¹	Outstanding Debt 6/30/15		imated Share Overlapping Debt
Bay Area Rapid Transit District Contra Costa Community College District Walnut Creek Joint Unified School District Mount Diablo Unified School District Mount Diablo Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1 Acalanes Unified School District Contra Costa County and Water District 1915 Act Bonds California Statewide Communities Development Authority Lafayette Unified School District San Ramon Valley Unified School District Pleasant Hill Recreation and Park District East Bay Regional Park District	2.533% 8.886% 71.212% 17.340% 17.340% 29.9360% 39.4180% 100.0000% 2.0390% 0.6640% 0.1580% 3.8890%	\$ 630,795,000 455,860,000 26,163,207 422,100,057 25,890,000 208,097,905 885,000 2,618,810 12,805,000 433,123,284 26,665,000 176,790,000	\$	15,978,037 40,507,720 18,631,343 73,192,150 4,489,326 62,296,189 348,849 2,618,810 261,094 2,875,939 42,131 6,875,363
Total overlapping tax and assessment debt			\$	228,116,951
Direct and Overlapping Lease Obligation Debt: Contra Costa County General Fund Obligations Contra Costa County Pension Obligations Contra Costa Community College District Certificates of Participation San Ramon Valley Unified School District General Fund Obligations Contra Costa County Fire Protection District Pension Obligations Pleasant Hill Recreation and Park District Certificates of Participation	8.852% 8.852% 8.886% 0.664% 19.181% 0.158%	\$ 252,598,977 236,920,000 615,000 19,795,000 92,805,000 2,137,000	\$	22,360,061 20,972,158 54,649 131,439 17,800,927 3,376
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt Less: Contra Costa County revenue supported obligations Total Net Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt			\$	61,322,610 8,746,068 52,576,542
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt (Successor Agency):	100.000%	2,135,000		2,135,000
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ \$ \$	- 291,574,561 282,828,493
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$	291,574,561 2

¹ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determing the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value
² Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Debt to 2014-2015 Assessed Valuation Ratios:	Gross Debt	Net Debt
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.61%	1.61%
Total Direct Debt	0.000%	0.000%
Total Combined Debt	2.05%	1.99%
Debt to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$393,115,140): Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	0.54%	

\$

282,828,493

Source: California Municipal Statistics Inc.

NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT



City of Walnut Creek Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (in Thousands)

		Fisca	1 Yea	r	
	2006	2007		2008	2009
Assessed valuation	\$ 11,566,788	\$ 12,597,185	\$	12,855,489	\$ 12,710,254
Add back exempted real property	 235,779	248,464		246,261	250,726
Total assessed valuation	\$ 11,802,567	\$ 12,845,649	\$	13,101,750	\$ 12,960,980
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%		15%	15%
Debt limit	\$ 1,770,385	\$ 1,926,847	\$	1,965,263	\$ 1,944,147
Total net debt applicable to limit:					
Lease Revenue Bonds	 1,415	 1,325		1,230	 1,135
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,768,970	\$ 1,925,522	\$	1,964,033	\$ 1,943,012
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.1%	0.1%		0.1%	0.1%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

			Fisc	cal Yea	ar			
2010	2011	2012		2013		2014		2015
\$ 12,710,254	\$ 12,603,846	\$	12,332,738	\$	12,239,935	\$	13,143,681	\$ 14,204,356
 250,726	 279,414		294,266		294,699		308,595	 311,417
\$ 12,960,980	\$ 12,883,260	\$	12,627,004	\$	12,534,634	\$	13,452,276	\$ 14,515,774
15%	15%		15%		15%		15%	15%
\$ 1,944,147	\$ 1,932,489	\$	1,894,051	\$	1,880,195	\$	2,017,841	\$ 2,177,366.07
1,035	930		815		695			_
\$ 1,943,112	\$ 1,931,559	\$	1,893,236	\$	1,879,500	\$	2,017,841	\$ 2,177,366
0.1%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%



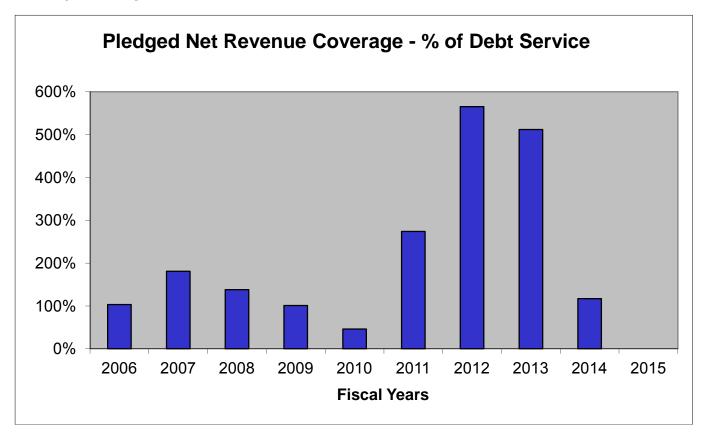
City of Walnut Creek Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Golf Course Charges and Other		Less: Operating		Net vailable	 	Service		Consuma
June 30th		Otner	 Expenses	r	Revenue	 rincipal		nterest	Coverage
2006	\$	1,992,050	\$ 1,741,396	\$	250,654	\$ 165,000	\$	79,401	103%
2007		1,834,846	1,543,513		291,333	90,000		70,687	181%
2008		1,972,378	1,715,608		256,770	95,000		90,400	138%
2009		1,839,292	1,679,187		160,105	95,000		63,161	101%
2010		3,779,380	3,706,766		72,614	100,000		57,499	46%
2011		4,003,683	3,574,174		429,509	105,000		51,847	274%
2012		4,756,675	3,847,896		908,779	115,000		45,829	565%
2013		5,252,002	4,433,917		818,085	120,000		39,894	512%
2014		5,767,311	4,900,650		866,661	695,000		44,959	117%
2015	*	-	-		-	-		-	0%

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Economic and Demographics Statistical Schedule for population data.

See the Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property values.



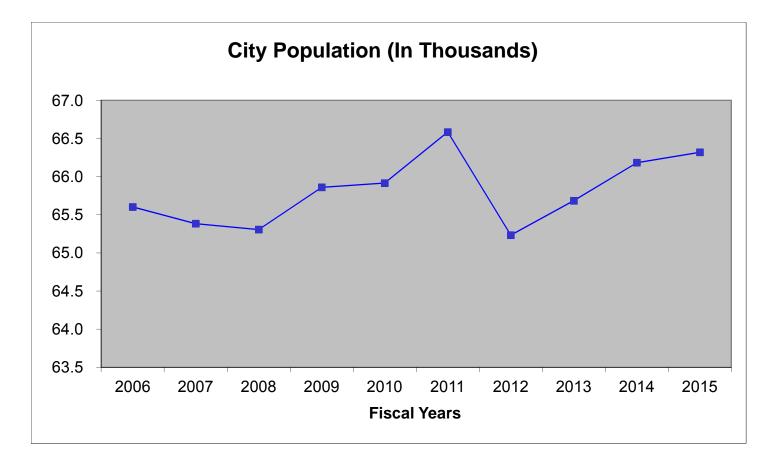
^{*} Debt service payments commence February 1, 2016. The City plans to use funds available from Golf Course operations to cover debt service.



City of Walnut Creek Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	City Population	 onal Income Thousands)	r Capita nal Income	Unemployment Rate	Rank in Size of California Cities
2006	65,603	\$ 3,066,547	\$ 46,744	3.20%	120
2007	65,384	3,154,909	48,252	2.80%	123
2008	65,306	3,240,876	49,626	3.10%	126
2009	65,860	3,349,908	50,864	6.80%	126
2010	65,915	3,362,538	51,013	7.00%	125
2011	66,584	3,216,606	48,309	7.60%	128
2012	65,233	3,273,783	50,186	7.00%	128
2013	65,684	3,383,317	51,509	4.70%	129
2014	66,183	3,338,866	50,449	4.10%	129
2015	66,319	3,341,682	50,388	4.20%	128

Source: HDL Coren & Cone, State of California Department of Finance - Demographic Research Unit (ranking)





City of Walnut Creek Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Ye	ear	
	2006	2007	2008	2009
General government				
City Manager / City Clerk / Mail	9	9	9	9
City Attorney	4	4	4	4
	13	13	13	13
Administrative Services				
Accounting / Business License	11	11	10	10
Human Resources / Administration	7	7	8	7
Information Technology / Communications	6	6	6	7
Reprographics / Warehouse	6	6	6	4
	30	30	30	28
Human Resources				
Human Resources / Administration	-	-	-	_
		-	-	_
Public Safety:				
Patrol / Investigations	66	66	68	66
Traffic / Parking	20	20	21	20
Communications / Administration	30	30	30	30
	116	116	119	116
Public Works				
Engineering / Traffic / Streets / CIP	58	58	53	53
Parks / Open Space	39	39	39	38
Public Works / Maintenance	35 132	36 133	133	38 129
Arts, Recreation and Community Services	132	133	133	129
Recreation and Community Services	25	25	24	23
Arts Education	14	14	14	14
Theaters / Gallery	20	20	21	18
Themeso, Guiles,	59	59	59	55
Community development				
Planning / Administration	18	18	18	15
Building	10	10	10	13
Transportation / Housing	4	4	4	4
	32	32	32	32
Totals	382	383	386	373

Fiscal Year					
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
9	9	10	11	10	10
4	4	4	4	4	2
13	13	14	15	14	12
9	9	9	9	9	9
7	8	8	8	8	2
7	7	8	8	8	10
-	_	-	-	-	-
23	24	25	25	25	21
-	-	-	-	-	6
-	-	-	-	-	6
62	63	67	67	68	69
18	18	16	16	16	16
31	30	29	29	29	29
111	111	112	112	113	114
48	47	49	47	47	48
36	40	35	34	34	33
25	22	21	24	24	23
109	109	105	105	105	104
18	18	19	14	14	17
9	9	8	12	12	14
20	20	21	21	21	22
47	47	48	48	48	52
17	17	10	10	10	02
11	12	14	14	16	18
13	13	13	13	13	14
4	3	3	11	1	1
28	28	30	29	30	33
331	332	333	333	335	342



City of Walnut Creek Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30th			
	2006	2007	2008	2009
Police:				
Police Calls for Service	33,750	34,700	32,300	30,425
Dispatch calls for service	106,800	106,800	105,773	92,924
Online Reports	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Citations Issued	4,164	4,164	5,579	9,915
Cases assigned to investigations	575	575	567	901
School Presentations	727	727	730	610
Child Seat Safety Inspections	150	150	140	150
Number of Records Requests	2,583	2,583	2,800	2,485
Public Services:				
Storm Drains inspected	3,115	3,115	3,115	4,000
Trees Trimmed	500	600	600	550
Park Maintenance (Acres)	233	233	249	249
Parking Meters Maintained	N/A	1,600	1,647	1,647
Street Signs Maintained	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000
Traffic Signals Maintained	96	96	96	96
Streetlights Maintained	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600
Replace Street Asphalt (square feet)	100,000	100,000	90,000	130,000
Replace Sidewalks (square feet)	15,000	15,000	11,800	15,000
Street Sweeping (curb miles)	12,867	12,867	12,867	13,000
Ranger led programs	60	176	66	13,000
• •	00	170	00	131
Arts, Recreation and Community Services:				
Arts Ed/Rec Indoor Facilities (facility rental hrs)	5,454	5,393	5,136	5,242
Arts Ed/Rec Classes (enrollment)	11,663	12,007	12,912	12,993
Ballfield (hours rented)	25,077	24,597	23,058	23,326
Scheduled Gym Hours	14,840	14,294	15,002	15,299
Bedford Gallery (number of visitors)	38,890	28,927	30,690	30,200
Lesher Theater (tickets sold)	186,055	219,580	209,922	230,926
Senior Center participants	66,000	69,000	67,300	68,410
Paid Golf Rounds	60,082	62,080	64,295	58,505
Community Development:				
Planning Applications	127	125	135	101
Number of Code Enforcement cases closed	1,145	1,194	1,300	818
All Building Division Permit Applications	4,065	4,306	3,700	3,228
Building Inspection stops	11,896	11,558	11,082	8,493
General Government / Administrative Services:				
Number of Insurance Claims (Workers Comp)	43	56	55	47
Number of recruitments	30	30	52	24
Number of Information Technology				
work orders completed	3,325	3,425	4,385	1,406
Number of Telecommunications				
work orders completed	289	309	325	245
Amount of Mail processed per month	13,500	13,021	12,800	9,946
Items requested from City Warehouse	30,300	31,800	31,050	31,050

201=	2014	,	Fiscal Year Ende	2011	2010
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
46,9	39,705	42,859	44,046	44,491	32,880
102,8	102,246	102,524	100,807	105,046	84,066
9	527	290	N/A	N/A	N/A
6,0	3,857	4,118	5,751	7,755	9,587
1,0	982	1,100	1,012	925	900
N/	N/A	N/A	N/A	200	170
1	142	121	128	123	85
3,5	3,539	3,089	3,089	3,099	3,152
4,2	4,200	2,500	2,600	2,800	4,000
900-1,1	900-1,100	800-1,000	800	800	600
3	326	326	235	235	249
1,5	1,500	1,500	1,550	1,550	1,550
8,0	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000
1	99	99	97	97	96
1,6	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600
100,0	180,000	90,000	100,000	100,000	125,000
10,5	12,500	14,000	11,000	14,500	16,000
14,5	14,500	14,500	13,450	14,000	14,000
1	122	151	106	92	21
7,1	6,247	6,651	6,136	5,126	3,942
13,5	14,048	14,080	13,324	13,848	13,021
21,6	27,500	28,385	26,711	26,586	24,970
21,0 17,4	17,300	16,752	15,278	13,898	14,336
30,4	30,807	28,163	23,112	29,600	26,000
182,3	203,186	192,181	200,597	217,960	213,466
			200,397 N/A		
N/ 64,5	N/A 65,513	N/A 64,130	65,586	68,000 61,028	68,460 62,722
v -/-	02,020	-,	02,000	·-/·	· = /· = =
1	143	104	94	94	90
6	721	795	808	712	830
4,3	4,747	3,687	3,325	3,118	3,200
11,0	11,977	9,804	7,227	7,617	8,400
	40	54	53	45	45
	35	29	23	17	16
2,9	2,027	2,076	2,787	1,780	1,600
2	190	237	314	311	350
N/	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7,932
N/	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	30,334



City of Walnut Creek Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30th					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Function:						
Public Safety:						
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works:						
Community Facilities	18	18	18	18	18	18
City owned parking lots	22	22	22	22	22	22
Traffic Signals	96	96	96	96	96	96
Miles of storm drains	100	100	100	114	114	114
Miles of Streets	200	200	200	213	213	213
City vehicles	170	170	170	170	170	170
Parking meters	1,650	1,650	1,650	1,650	1,650	1,650
Number of catch basins	3,000	3,000	3,000	4,410	4,410	4,410
Pavement legends	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800
Traffic Signs	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500
Street Name Signs	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Streetlights	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800	2,800
Parks and recreation:						
Number of Tennis Courts	35	35	35	35	35	35
Number of playfields	13	13	13	13	13	13
Number of City Parks	19	19	19	19	19	19
Acres of City Parks	190	190	190	190	190	190
Acres of Open Space	2,704	2,704	2,704	2,704	2,704	2,730

Source: City Finance Department

Data Prior to Fiscal Year 2005 is not available

Fire Service is provided by a separate governmental agency

Fiscal Year Ended June 30th						
2012	2013	2014	2014			
1	1	1	1			
1	1	1	1			
10	10	10	10			
18	18	18	18			
22	22	22	22			
97	98	98	98			
114	114	114	114			
213	213	213	213			
170	170	170	170			
1,650	1,592	1,592	1,592			
4,410	4,410	4,410	4,410			
3,800	3,800	3,800	3,800			
4,500	4,500	4,500	4,500			
5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000			
2,800	4,822	4,822	4,822			
_,	_,	-,	_,			
35	28	28	28			
13	14	14	14			
19	22	22	22			
190	263	263	263			
2,730	2,730	2,730	2,730			



City of Walnut Creek Miscellaneous Statistical Data June 30, 2015

Year of Incorporation Form of Government	1914 Council/Manager	Area (Square Miles) Elevation	19.9 200 feet
% of High School / College Graduates	97.1% / 60.5%	Number of housing units (2015)	33,038
Average Annual Precipitation	25"	Median Age (2014)	48.0
Average Highs/Lows		Number of Registered Voters (2015)	40,734
Winter	56/40		
Spring	65/45		
Summer	83/58		
Fall	73/51		
City Crime Index (US Average 301.1)	183		

COMMUNITY FACILITIES:

Bedford Art Gallery
Boundary Oak Golf Course
Civic Park and Heather Farm Park Community Centers
Clarke and Larkey Aquatic Centers
Foothill and Tice Valley Gymnasiums
Lesher Center for the Arts
Old Borges Ranch / Howe Homestead
Shadelands Art Center and Museum
Skate Park and Tennis Center
Walnut Creek City Hall and Library (2 branches)
Walnut Creek Senior Center